CUSTOMER SATISFACTION REGARDING **HOUSING LOANS:** A STUDY WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO LIC HOUSING FINANCE LTD

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Abstract: The objective of the study is to assess the satisfaction level of LIC Housing loan customers on the basis of several factors such as bank's legal formalities and procedures, bank's internal environment, likelihood to recommend others, bank's festival schemes and offer This study is descriptive in nature and the sampling method which has been used in the study is Convenience sampling. The sample size includes 90 respondents which have taken housing loan from LIC Housing Finance Ltd. Discriminant Analysis has been used to analyses the data collected through questionnaire with the help of statistical software SPSS. In this study it has been found that the customers availing overdraft facility are more satisfied than the customers who have not availed this facility. Legal formalities and Procedure affect the customer satisfaction in more extent. Great efforts must be taken to make people aware about the schemes and offers launched by the bank.

Keywords: Housing Loan, Customer Satisfaction, Overdraft Facility.

Introduction

'House' is one of the basic human necessities next to food and clothing. It is not only a shelter but also an asset and wealth of human being. Housing finance/loan means 'finance for meeting various needs relating to housing such as purchase of a flat/house, acquisition of a plot and construction of a house, extension of a house, repairs, renovation and up gradation of a house /flat with Housing ranks third amongst 14 major industries in terms of total linkage effect in the Economy. It is the second largest employment generator in the country after Agriculture. As per the report of technical group on urban housing shortage in India (2012-17), the housing shortage in the urban areas is 18.78 million units while in the rural area it is 43.67 million units. In 2012, Housing loans as a percentage of GDP have remained at around 7 per cent. From the above data it can be said that there still required the need of houses in India.

According to 2015-16 report of National Housing Board, of the total loan granted by public sector banks, 67% (48178 crore) was for housing sector. Thus banks are facing a tough competition. The Government of India is also supporting development in housing sector by taking initiative like "House for All by 2022", "Make in India", "Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana."

The Banking Companies Act of India defines Bank as, "A bank is a financial institution which accepts the money from the public for the purpose of lending or investment repayable on demand or otherwise withdrawal by cheques, drafts or otherwise."

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

According to **Philip K. Kotler**, "Satisfaction is a person's feeling of pleasure or disappointment resulting from comparing a products perceived performance in relation to his or her expectations."

> Customer Satisfaction = Result - Expectation Customer satisfaction = Performance - Expectations

J.D. Power (2008) in his study made an attempt to measure the customer satisfaction with home equity lenders. The study finds that there are few key performance indicators for lenders that are critical to satisfying customers, these are repayment spread over 15-20 years'.

Housing finance system in India: It has two components viz. formal and informal Housing and related infrastructure is one of the principal sectors • that can revitalize and sustain economic growth and development. Besides Housing has the maximum propensity to generate income. Approving applications and providing customers with an access to their fund quickly.

Setting and meeting expectations during the application approval process. Avoiding surprising the customer during the origination process Being versatile and flexible in the location of the closing and demand for materials, equipment and services; it is a chronic problem for countries like India. The rapid growth of population, increasing urbanization, break-up of joint families; low income level and inadequate maintenance of housing stock have created shortage of dwelling units not only in urban areas but also in rural areas in India. The matters relating to housing and urban development has been assigned to the State Government and urban local bodies by the constitution of India. The Ministry of Urban Development and Poverty alleviation is the apex authority of Government of India at national level to formulate policies, sponsor and support program. Reserve Bank of India also supports the housing sector through its subsidiary National Housing Bank.

Paul Jackson (2008): In his study he made an attempt to analyze the overall customer satisfaction. The study pointed out that for consumers shopping for a home equity loan, closing cost and price including interest rates and fees are particularly important considerations.

Bandyopadhyay and Shah (2009) stated the further fact after inspecting the 13,487 housing loan accounts (been sanctioned between 1993-2007) in India housing loan demand is mainly driven by the accessibility and credit availability, changing income level, increasing GDP growth rate, changing family patterns and age demographic effect. An increase in house price by 10%, ceteris paribus, results in 4.59% decrease in housing demand. A 10% monthly income leads to increase in housing demand area by almost 6%.

Boyd W. et al. (2011) have conducted a study to understand the major factors affecting the housing finance decisions of customers and have found out that reputation, interest charged on loans, interest charged on savings accounts are of more importance rather than other criteria like friendliness of employees, modern facilities and driven- in- services.

Machauer A. and Morgner S. (2012) have stated that segmentation to be preferred by expected benefits and attitudes that could enhance a bank's ability to address the conflict between individual's services and cost saving standardization. Using cluster analysis, segments were formed based on combinations of customer rating for different attitudinal dimensions and benefits of bank services.

Devlin (2013) investigation states that the importance of choice criteria according to the consumers and also analyses the difference in the importance of choice criteria with respect to number of demographic difference and relative factors. The study reflects that choosing a home loan institution on the basis of professional advice is the most frequently cited choice criteria, closely followed by interest rates. Difference in the importance of choice criteria with respect to demographic variables like gender, class household income, educational attainment, ethnicity and financial maturity are apparent.

Jasmindeep Kaur Brar and J.S. Pasricha (2014) opined that from the immemorial shelter was considered as a basic need of a man. To a modern no other problem is as intriguing and mind boggling as the housing problem.

METHODOLOGY

Objectives of the study

The following are the objectives of the study:

- To understand the procedure for sanctioning of credit more specifically for housing sector.
- To find the satisfaction level of their customers towards housing loans provided by LIC Housing Finance Ltd.

Research Type and Research Design

We are interested in assessing the satisfaction level of LIC Housing loan customers on the basis of several factors such as bank's legal formalities and procedures, bank's internal environment, likelihood to recommend others, bank's festival schemes and offers. This study is descriptive in nature and the research design used in this study is cross sectional research design.

Data Sources

The study was based on Primary and Secondary data

The Primary Data was collected through direct interview method using structured questionnaires. Questionnaire has been designed with the help of previously validated study and personally administered. Five point Likert's scale is used for measurement. The Secondary data was collected from their Financial Year report and also from report of National Housing Board.

Hypothesis

Null Hypothesis

There is no significant discrimination among the group who are availing the overdraft facility of LIC Housing Finance and who are not.

Statistical Test & Software

Discriminant Analysis has been used to analyses the data collected through questionnaire with the help of statistical software SPSS.

Limitations of the Study

The study was conducted in Prakasam districts of the state with limited number of sample units due to time and resource constraints. Therefore the findings may be interpreted cautiously with respect to time and space.

Home Loans & LIC Housing Finance

Retail Loans

The Core Retail Advances comprising Housing, Vehicle, Education, Personal & Pensioner, Gold Mortgage & Reverse Mortgage Loan Schemes. The growth of Retail Loan portfolio continued to be the thrust area of the Bank in Financial Year 2016. In the figure given below: Aggregate Retail portfolio of Rs 38,864 crore as on 31.03.2015 increased to Rs 48,415 crore as on 31.03.2016 showing growth of 24.60%.

Home Loans

LIC Finance of India Ltd.is a commercial bank to provide housing loan facility. Due to increase in demand of the housing loan they have also opened a separate Subsidiary, named "LIC Housing Finance Ltd." The Housing Loan segment registered growth of 26% with an outstanding amount of 21,544 crore as on 31st March 2016.

Sampling Technique & Sample Size

This study has been conducted to analyze customer satisfaction • level towards housing loan at LIC Housing Finance, Prakasam district A.P. The Convenience sampling has been used for data collection. The sample includes 90 respondents which have taken housing loan • from LIC Housing Finance Ltd. In 2016 LIC Housing Finance has launched overdraft facility so our main focus revolves around the customer who • availed this facility. have

Table 1: Category Wise Sample Collection for the Study

Overdraft facility	No. of Samples
Overdraft facility availed	71
Overdraft facility not availed	29

Home Purchase Loan: This is the basic loan for purchase of new house.

Home Improvement Loans: These loans are given for implementing repairs and renovations in a home that has already been purchased

Home Construction Loans: The loan is available for construction of a new house.

Home Extension Loans: This is given for expanding or existing an existing home.

Overdraft facility: For housing loan customers LIC Housing Finance has launched an Overdraft facility in which the person can take personal loan on less rate of interest. The maximum extent of loan is Rs.25lac.

Festival Bonanza offer: This is a beneficial offer for customers as in this bank removes the charges of processing and documentation fee.

Eligibility Criteria for Home Loans

If the borrower is able to repay the amount any amount of loan can be granted to him/her, for this purpose pre-sanction appraisal is done which is explained further in this report.

Parameters Involved in Housing Loan

Tenure

The tenure of the home loans refer to the time limit for a customer to repay the loan, generally, the maximum limit for the repayment is 25 years. The longer the tenure, more a customer pays in total interest, but monthly payment will be less.

Amount Paid by the Financer/Margin Requirement: The financer does not pay the entire amount of the loan, customers are requested to keep some margin. Most banks go in for 75% of the funding .Example: An apartment costing Rs.10lac may get 75% of the funding by the bank.

Interest Rate

The most important parameter to factor in housing loan is the interest rate, it is the amount charged as a percentage of principle by the lender to a borrower. There are two kinds of interest rates:

- Fixed rate of interest
- Floating rate of interest

Table 3: Processing Fee and Document Charges Applied by the Bank

	8	<u> </u>
Processing fee	Up to Rs.300 lac.	0.50% of loan amount, Maximum Rs. 200000/-
	Above 300 lac.	Rs. 500000/-
Documentation	IIEJR Irrespective of amount	
Charges		RJW Rs. 1350/-

Prepayment Fee

Charges are levied on floating rate of interest on Housing Loans while in case of fixed rate of interest no prepayment charges are to be levied in when the loans are prepaid by the borrowers from their own sources.

The Loan Procedure followed by LIC Housing Finance

The process involves the disbursement of home loan, It involves following steps:

- Home loan application form is first submitted by the customer covering all the details
- Checklist of requirement is requested for from the customers and all documents are requested to be submitted ,they are then verified whether details are details are failed in correctly and whether all the documents are submitted.
- Pre sanction appraisal is done by the bank in which type fixed interest rate remains fixed over 3 vears and then changes according to the market conditions. Whereas Floating interest rate are affected by the rates in the market .The current interest rate on housing loan by LIC Housing Finance is Current Fixed rate of interest is 10.50%, Floating rate of interest is 10.25% and that on overdraft is 10.50% (overdraft).

Maximum Permissible Deduction

The bank cannot deduct amount more than prescribed limit, so if a borrower ask for certain amount for loan and after deduction of maximum permissible amount the person is not able to repay within 35 years of time span then he is denied for this loan.

Table 2: Maximum Permissible Deduction as Per Net Monthly Salary

Net Monthly salary	Max. Permissible	
Up to Rs. 30000	40%	
>Rs.30000 to Rs. 60000	50%	
>Rs. 60000 to Rs. 100000	60%	
>Rs.100000	70%	

Miscellaneous Charges

All banks charge certain amount of processing fee and document charges which cannot be ignored.

Processing Fee: Bank charge certain amount of fee for processing of the loan.

Documentation charges: Amount charged by the banks to borrower for checking and preparation of documents required for sanctioning the loan is termed as documentation charges. The Processing fee and Documentation charges imposed by LIC Housing Finance are given in below table: of land (whether agriculture or residential), legal aspect in case of builder and NEC (non encumbrance certificate) etc. is checked.

Housing Finance Schemes of LIC Housing Finance

The Housing Loan segment registered growth of 26% with an outstanding amount of `21,544 crore as on 31st March 2016. In 2015-16 the total housing loan issued was Rs. 8650 lakh which amount 17.866% of the total loans. The Bank also implemented various Government of India schemes such as Credit Guarantee Fund Scheme for Low Income Housing (CRGFSLIH), Housing Interest Subsidy Scheme under the name of "Rajiv RinYojana" launched by Ministry of Housing & Poverty Alleviation and Education Loans interest Subsidy under Central Scheme for Interest Subsidy (CSIS), New CSIS and 'Padho Pradesh for Minority Communities'.

Following are the Housing finance schemes of LIC Housing Finance:

- A. Direct finance
- **B.** Indirect finance
- B. Analysis & Interpretation

Discriminant analysis has been performed on the items to which respondents have responded. Respondents were asked to respond on the items measuring bank's legal formalities and procedures, bank's internal environment, likelihood to recommend others, bank's festival schemes and offers.

We have selected the 69 cases for analysis and 21 cases for validation. On the basis of these 21 cases we want to interpret that the customers who are availing the overdraft facility are generally satisfied with the bank services. The following table depicts the data very clearly:

The group statistics table given below reveals that for all four predictors, larger group means are associated with larger group standard deviations. (The means and standard deviations for the group who are availing the overdraft facility are considerably higher).

V. Problem Statement and Analysis of the Questionnaire

Issues in Housing Loan in LIC Housing Finance, Prakasam dist. A.P. Α.

Issues	No. of Respondents	Percent
Missing or out-of-range group		
codes	69	76.7
At least one missing		
discriminating variable	0	0
Both missing or out- of-range group codes and at least one missing discriminating variable	0	0
Unselected	21	23.3
Total	21	23.3
Total	90	100

Though the total housing sector loan of LIC Housing Finance has shown a growth of 26.04%, but in LIC Housing Finance Prakasam district AP, there is a decrease in this sector. In spite of launch of the overdraft facility they could not get as many new customers as the previous year (2014-15). In 2014-15 the total Housing Loan issued was Rs. 9232.43 lac with total account no.53, whereas in 2015-16 the loan issued was Rs.7912 lac. With total new accounts of 350 and Overdraft issued was Rs. 738 lac with total accounts 140. In this study we are trying to find out the satisfaction level of customers, on the various factors affecting the same, So that the level of satisfaction can be improved which in turn will increase the clientele.

Group Statistics

Overdraft		Mean	Std. Deviation
	Legal formalities procedures	3.738	0.38787
Overdraft facility availed	Internal environment	3.4889	0.34157
avancu	Likelihood to recommend	3.9556	0.70568
	Schemes offers	3.8444	0.56228
Overdraft facility not availed	Legal formalities procedures	3.2708	0.41649
	Internal environment	3.2847	0.35604
	Likelihood to recommend	3.4167	0.97431
	Schemes offers	3.375	0.49454
	Legal formalities procedures	3.5761	0.45436
Total	Internal environment	3.4179	0.35772
	Likelihood to recommend	3.7681	0.8427
	Schemes offers	3.6812	0.5814

Table given below show the Wilk's lambda value which measure the variables potential in discriminating the group (smaller value indicates the variable is better at discriminating between groups). The table reveals that legal formalities and procedure is best followed by festive schemes/offers, likelihood to recommend others, internal environment.

Tests of Equality of Group Means			
	Wilks' Lambda		
Legal formalities procedures	0.756		
Internal environment	0.925		
Likelihood to recommend	0.906		
Schemes offers	0.85		

Table below shows the correlation among all the four parameters. This shows that likelihood to recommend bank is more dependent on internal environment and then on legal formalities.

Pooled With-in-Groups Matrices

		Legal formalities procedures	Internal environment	Likelihood to recommend	Schemes offers
Correlation	Legal formalities				
	procedures	1	0.097	0.3	0
	Internal environment	0	1	0.4	0
	Likelihood to recommend	0	0.424	1	0
	Schemes offers	0	0.162	0	1

The table given below show that we have correctly classified 72.5% of selected group and 90.5% of unselected group:

		Y all	Predicted Group Membership		
		Overdraft	Overdraft facility availed	Overdraft facility not availed	Total
	- M .	Overdraft facility availed	33	12	45
	Count	Overdraft facility not availed	7	17	24
Original		Overdraft facility availed	73.3	26.7	100
	%	Overdraft facility not availed	29.2	70.8	100
Cases		Overdraft facility availed	33	12	45
Selected		Overdraft facility not availed	8	16	24
Cross- validate		Overdraft facility availed	73.3	26.7	100
Cases Not	%	Overdraft facility not availed	33.3	66.7	100
Count		Overdraft facility availed	14	1	15
		Overdraft facility not availed	1	5	6
Original		Overdraft facility availed	93.3	6.7	100
Selected	%	Overdraft facility not availed	16.7	83.3	100

The result shows that the customers who are availing the overdraft facility are generally satisfied from LIC Housing Finance services. It is also found that the banks legal formalities and procedures, banks internal environment, several offers and schemes offered by LIC Housing Finance and likelihood to recommend others to avail the LIC Housing Finance services are significant explaining the satisfaction level of customers of LIC Housing loan. In order to maximize the customer's satisfaction LIC Housing Finance

should give more emphasize on these factors which in turn develop the customer's loyalty and also minimizing the risk of recovering housing loans.

CONCLUSION

In this study, we have included the step by step procedure involved in granting the housing loans. Initially presanction appraisal requires preparation of credit reports which helps the bank in studying the borrower's character, capacity and capital (3c's). Internal and external credit ratings are taken with respect to the account under study. Previous repayment behaviour is checked for character through reports and credit ratings from while future cash flow projections are checked for the repayment capacity of the borrower. Borrower's habits on following up the rules and regulations are checked and if some irregularities are found it are reported accordingly. Pre-release audit is done to deal with the above mentioned requirement.

To understand the nature of the securities entrusted with the bank Legal audit reports are studied. The next thing done after the follow-up is the documentation of necessary formats and document that is essential to be issued to the borrower on sanction of enhanced/renewed credit facility. Drawing limits of various accounts are calculated. As part of post sanction monitoring book of debts and stocks are audited to check the adequate security, nature and quantity. Some activities are part of monitoring which are done periodically such as unit inspection with the bank officials to verify the stock statements. Finally a study is done to check the NPA's and understand the nature of the non-remunerative borrowers and suggest possible measures to overcome the slippage of an account into an NPA.

This study at LIC Finance of India Ltd.was an extremely informative one. It gave us an excellent opportunity to learn, as well as contribute to the organization. Their housing loan section holds second position in retail loan category after credit given to SME. From the customer feedback we have taken, this can be generalized that the people who have taken overdraft facility are more satisfied. Legal formalities and Procedure affect the customer satisfaction in more extent. Great efforts must be taken to make people aware about the schemes and offers launched by the bank.

LIC Housing Finance Ltd's practices have been very efficient and each and every detail has been taken care off by them. They have their own credit rating system. They have been innovative with their products and for a banking system to grow and not just survive needs continuous evolution and it cannot be in a day or a year, it only happens gradually. "Slow and Steady wins the race".

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