USE OF DIFFERENT TECHNIQUES FOR REDUCING COST OF BUILDING CONSTRUCTION

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Abstract
The construction project can vary from extremely profitable to barely worth it and sometimes end up costing the contractor more than what he or she is getting paid to complete it. In construction industry the goal of the project control is to ensure the projects complete on time, within budget and achieving other project activities. Time and cost are the two main concerns which increase importance of cost reduction techniques. Reduction of cost of construction is a constant goal for any construction industry. One way of reducing construction cost is to develop innovative technologies as well as methodologies to increase productivity. This paper covers types of cost, factors affecting cost of projects as well as discussion on achievement of satisfactory results of time and cost by applying the cost reduction techniques.

KEYWORDS: Cost reduction, Value engineering, construction function, quality, cost, value, projects.

INTRODUCTION
In many construction projects project managers and contractors find difficulties like poor planning of project, poor material, labour shortages, increased cost of material, delays in deliveries, wastage of material, over budgeting, unexpected weather changes, lapse in management and control, loss of material, poor communication etc. This results into cost and time overruns, conflicts in project. So there is need to study costs included in projects and to identify cost reduction or cost control techniques for carrying construction projects effectively. Reduction of cost of construction is a constant goal for construction industry. One way of reducing construction cost is to develop innovative technologies as well as methodologies to increase productivity. Due to cost reduction techniques cost of project is managed so that contractor does not suffer losses while carrying different activities of the projects.

Expense incurred by a contractor for labour material, equipment, financing, service utilities etc. plus overheads and contractors’ profit. Cost of land, architectural design, fee of consultant and engineer are not construction costs.

Types of cost
- Fixed Costs
  Fixed costs are those that do not change throughout the life-cycle of a project. For example, if construction of road is there, the excavators and bulldozers are fixed costs. For software development projects, the physical development space and development computers are fixed costs to the project.
- Direct Costs
  Direct costs are expenses that come out of the project budget directly. For example, if outsourcing some of the development work, the developers are expected to put in a specific amount of time, which is then billed for. The developer salaries are direct costs.
- Sunk Costs
  Sunk costs are those that have been incurred in a project, but have not produced value towards the project’s objectives.

FACTOR AFFECTING CONSTRUCTION COST

There are many factors which affect the construction cost estimate and have significant impact on project cost and they are as following:

1) Similar Construction Projects: For the construction estimate, the best reference will be similar construction projects. The final cost of those similar projects can give the idea for the new construction project cost calculation. The final cost of past project needs to be factored with current construction cost indices.

2) Construction Material Costs: Construction material cost consists of material cost, shipping charges and taxes applicable if any. So, it is important consider all these variations while calculating construction material cost.
3) Labor Wage Rates: Labor wages varies place to place. So, local wage rate should be considered in calculation. If the project has to be started after several months of estimating the project cost, the probable variation in wage rates has to be considered in the calculation.

4) Construction Site Conditions: Project site conditions can increase construction costs. Site conditions such as poor soil conditions, wetlands, contaminated materials, conflicting utilities (buried pipe, cables, overhead lines, etc.), environmentally sensitivity area, ground water, river or stream crossings, heavy traffic, buried storage tanks, archaeological sites, endangered species habitat and similar existing conditions etc. can increase the project cost during construction phase if these variations are not considered during estimation.

5) Inflation Factor: A construction project can continue for years before completion. During the construction period, the cost of materials, tools, labors, equipments etc. may vary from time to time. This variation in the prices should be considered during cost estimation process.

6) Project Schedule: Duration of construction project is affects the cost. Increase in project duration can increase the construction project cost due to increase in indirect costs, while reduction in construction cost also increases the project cost due to increase in direct costs. Therefore, construction project schedules also need to be considered during project cost estimation.

7) Quality of Plans & Specifications: A good quality construction plans and specifications reduces the construction time by proper execution at site without delay. Any vague wording or poorly drawn plan not only causes confusion, but places doubt in the contractor’s mind which generally results in a higher construction cost.

8) Repute of Engineer: Smooth running of construction is vital for project to complete in time. The cost of projects will be higher with sound construction professional reputation. If a contractor is comfortable working with a particular engineer, or engineering firm, the project runs smoother and therefore is more cost-effective.

9) Regulatory Requirements: Approvals from regulatory agencies can sometimes be costly. These costs also need to be considered during cost estimate.

10) Insurance Requirements: Cost estimation for construction projects should also need to consider costs of insurance for various tools, equipments, construction workers etc. General insurance requirements, such as performance bond, payment bond and contractors general liability are normal costs of construction projects. In some special projects, there can be additional requirements which may have additional costs.

11) Size and Type of Construction Project: For a large construction project, there can be high demand for workforce. For such requirements, local workmen may not be sufficient and workmen from different regions need be called. These may incur extra costs such projects and also for the type of construction project where specialized workforce is required.

12) Location of Construction: When a location of construction project is far away from available resources, it increases the project cost. Cost of transportation for workmen, equipments, materials, tools etc. increases with distance and adds to the project cost.

13) Engineering Review: Sometimes it is necessary to carry out technical review of construction project to make sure the project will serve the required purpose with optimum operational and maintenance cost. This review cost shall also be added to the project cost.

14) Contingency: It is always advisable to add at least 10% contingency towards the total project costs for unforeseen costs and inflation.

**Literature Review**

Shanmugapriya S., Dr. Subramanian K. (October 2013) [1] Time overruns and Cost overruns has been a major issue in many Indian construction projects. The objective of this paper to study significant factors causing Time overruns and Cost overruns in Indian construction projects. The result accomplished from the survey revealed that the major cause for time overruns are contract modification, material market rate, and high level of quality requirement and the major cause for cost overruns are , change in material specification, high transportation cost, and escalation of materials price.

Salunkhe. A, Patil R (January2014) [2] Construction delay is considered to be one of the recurring problems in the construction industry and it has an adverse effect on project success in terms of time, cost and quality. The time and cost for performance of a project are usually important to the employer and contractor. The authors highlights the types of construction delays due to which project suffer time and cost overrun. also give external and internal factors that influence the construction process and outlines the effect of delay in large construction projects.
The main objectives of this paper are to identify and analyze the causes of cost overrun in construction. The results carried out from survey showed that, poor contract management, slow decision making, poor schedule management, increase in material/machine prices poor design/ delay in providing design, rework due to wrong work, long period between design and time of bidding/tendering and wrong estimation/estimation method are the major causes of cost overrun.

Memon A.H, Rahman I.A, Mohd Razaki Abdullah3, Ade Asmi Abdu Azis, (December 2010) Project cost is one of the most important criteria of success of project. the authors are focusing on identification of significant causes affecting construction cost in MARA large projects. From the study author found that contractor's poor site management and supervision, cash flow and financial difficulties faced by contractors, shortage of site workers, inadequate contractor experience, incorrect planning and scheduling by contractors are most severe factors which affect cost of project. while changes in scope of project and frequent design changes are least affecting factors on construction cost.

Benviolent Chigara,Tirivavi Moyo, Fangai Mudzengerere (2013) they made the research for the cost management strategies employed by contractor on building projects. Also made investigation that contractor has to manage project cost. For data collection they made the survey and interviews in Zimbabwe. From study they found that contractor efforts to manage the project cost by concentrating on the management on the project resources. Also the cost management process in Zimbabwe compare to other developing countries is still dominated by prematurely developed automated system or traditional paper based systems of managing project cost information. The author provide a base line information on strategies used for managing project cost.

Barbole A.N., Yuvaraj D. Nalwade, Santosh D Parakh ( June. 2013) [6] The survival today for any company is how to manage its service Cost, quality, and performance. Now a days the customers are continuously demanding high quality and better performance of services and at the same time they want the prices to fall. For this author focus on impact of cost control and cost reduction techniques in present scenario. An objective of this paper is to understand the basic concept of Cost, Cost Control, and Cost Reduction and to study various Tool and Techniques available for Cost Control and Cost Reduction. The Cost Control and Cost Reduction techniques used in manufacturing sector like Value Engineering, Quality Control, and Budgetary Control are specified by the author also cost, cost reduction, cost control etc. Various terms are specified by the author.

C.I. Anyanwu (December 2013) [7] author discuss about the various parameters regarding the cost such as budgeting, cost monitoring and control systems. he discuss about the cost control and the cost control parameter in material, labor, equipments etc. As per the author concept of budget can be define as the translation of an organizational plan into concrete form by way of resource allocation in form of cash. He discuss about the various tools used by the management and cost supervisors for planning, controlling, and monitoring of project such as Gantt chart, network analysis, CPM, PERT. Main focus of author is to study the manufacturing philosophy and inputs which contributes in evaluating and maintaining construction cost in order to reduce the project abandonment which is caused due to cost overrun.

Akintola Omibodun (June 2001) [8] as per the author value engineering can be defined as the “Engineering is the conceptualization, design, construction, and administration of projects and products whatever the field or application, the engineer solves problems with imagination, creativity and synthesis of various sources of knowledge.” To obtain the optimal solution for any engineering design 4 methods has discussed are as follows design for manufacturing and assembly, concurrent engineering, total quality management, and value engineering. A summary of other methods of optimal design methods are compared with value engineering. Cost minimization in building construction is discussed with examples on building projects in West Africa and the Middle East. From study author concluded that, due to application of value engineering to building projects management team obtains a solution which emphasis the functions of project which helps to team to make final choice and which results in cost effective design for project. Value engineering is effective because its procedures give opportunities for raising design issues associated with the latter group of factors as well as design.

Georgekutty C.K, Dr. George Mathew (August - 2012) [9]the innovation of new technology in the construction field is not being adopted in project implementation, this results the growth of construction industry is slow. The real problem is construction will not complete within the budgeted cost and time and finally leads to project failure as end result. Material has a dominating role in construction. If the material has controlled properly then the total project cost would be reduced. To achieve this objective, a research methodology has developed by author to control the material procurement and carrying cost. The methodology adopted which adopted has been validated by a computer program and same is found correct and useful for analysis and controlling any type of projects.

J Zhou, Ped Love, X Wang, Kl Teo And Z (Irani 2013) [10] main objective of the paper is to Optimize construction scheduling. for this author adopted various methods like Mathematical Method, Heuristic Method, Metaheuristic Method. As per the author the Methods and algorithms applied for optimizing construction scheduling efficient and effective.

Khyomesh V. Patel, Prof. Chetna M. Vyas ( May 2011) [11] as per the author to manage the productivity and the cost efficiency material management is more essential. the main objective of the material management are buying or purchasing, storing and inventory control, quality assurance. to achieve these objectives there is need of material management. Author carried out as survey in Ahmadabad to check material management. they investigate that material and equipment contribute 70% that of total
cost. hence for the improvement of product and cost efficiency material management is important. Also proper tracking, controlling is required, if there is poor management may lead to delay of project.

Hisham Said, Khaled El-Rayes, (June 2011) [12] the authors suggested new model of construction logistics planning to enable the optimization and integration of critical planning decisions of material procurement and also of the material storage on construction site. To check the capability of CLP model one example was analyzed. After the analysis the results obtained that material procurement decisions are affected by the criticality of construction activities consuming the material, site space available, material procurement and site layout constrains.

Andrew N Baldwin, Simon A Austin, Chi-Sun Poon, Li-Yin Shen, Irene Wong (June 2007) [13] the design of high rise building I different from the different of residential and other forms of buildings because of the repetition of the construction and time for the completion of each floor. The main objective of the authors is to develop the model or tools and techniques for analyzing the information for the high rise building. Also, to investigate the difference in the various models for the private residential buildings. Authors discuss about the optimization techniques such as design structural matrix. From study author conclude that there is need to develop the new tools and techniques which can help to designer to analyze the information and to make the improvement in the design management which helps for optimization.

P. Tiwari, K. Parikh, J. Parikh (September 1999) [14] authors discussed about the theoretical basic of hope model. Propose new model of multi criteria optimization technique for buildings. Also Suggested that multi criteria optimization model can be developed to solve the problem in Road, Bridge, and Tunnel construction.

Kale R, Gore G. N, Salunke J. P, (January 2014) [15] Main objective of this paper is cost optimization of bridge including the material. As per the authors the optimization is made for the different grade of steel and concret. for this they applied direct design method for analyzing the structure. The methodology adopted by them is Nonlinear Programming Problem (NLPP) By Using MATLAB Software with SUMT (Sequential Unconstrained minimization technique). Authors found that there is a significant savings in cost overrun.

C. Sarma, Hoijat Adeli (1998) [16] the objective of this paper is to optimize cost of concrete structures involves beams, slabs, columns, bridges, water tanks, frame structures, tensile members, folded plates, and shear walls, pipes. One method for Cost Optimization Using Reliability Theory is explained. From the study the authors concluded that there is a need to perform research on cost optimization of realistic three-dimensional structures, especially for the large structures with number of members where optimization can result in substantial savings.

Gopal M. Naik , M. Kumar (September 2013) [17] The main objective of the paper is To increase the productivity and necessary to forecast the costs arriving from resources so that the total cost of project can be reduced. The Artificial Neural Networks have become well established as viable, multipurpose, robust computational methodologies with solid theoretic support and with strong potential to be effective in any discipline, especially in construction. From survey results comes out that the Neural Networks approach has optimized the total project cost by 3.91%, and the duration of the project has been reduced around 5% of the total duration of the project.

Shrivastava R, Singh S. , Dubey C. G. (2012) [18] Time and cost are the most important factors to be considered in every construction project. Ant colony optimization technique was introduced in the early 1990’s as a novel technique for solving hard combinational optimization problem, on basis of that author developed new multi-colony ant algorithm for the optimization of three objectives time-cost quality with quantity. The model is also applied to two objectives time – cost trade off problem. The results which are coming out compared to those of the existing approaches. As per the authors Model is capable of compromising between important aspect of construction projects.

Seyed Ali Mousavi Dehmourdi (2014) [19] the Objective of this paper are to apply the principles of engineering economics, basic economic concepts, finance and quantitative techniques to modeling and analysis of civil engineering projects. Also a practical application of linear programming in a real life project problem with two objectives as optimization of transporting cost of equipment and finding the best solution for reducing the functional costs of the equipment. Mainly structured linear programming model is used for optimizing the transporting cost of equipment. Applications of this approach helps in determining the need for the replacement and the maintenance analysis are based on the econometric approach to the realistic problems and the result shows that optimization with advanced techniques really helps in minimization of cost of project.

Daisy X.M. Zheng, S. Thomas Ng , Mohan M. Kumaraswamy (September 2002) [20] Completing a construction project with the least time and cost is critical Factor and usually requires the engagement of additional labor and plant or the adoption of alternative construction techniques which add extra cost liabilities to the contractor. For time-cost optimization several analytical models have been developed. From those the Genetic Algorithms (GA) could be used to establish the fitness of solutions by evaluating the objective function and its constraints. The objective of paper is to compare the analytical power of the GA with other techniques proposed for TCO. The results come out which indicate that the GA techniques could generate the most optimal outcome for construction TimeCost Optimization it is more beneficial when the project is large and/or complex.
S. Thomas Ng And Yanshuai Zhang (September 2008) [21] main objective of the paper is to Optimize Construction Time and Cost of project. For this they adopted the Ant Colony Method of optimization. Main aspect is Time, Cost And Quality Optimization. They made the Comparison with the other optimization methods. Ant colony method is the multi objective optimization technique.

Daisy X.M. Zheng, S. Thomas Ng, Mohan M. Kamaraswamy (2002) [22] They applied a Genetic Algorithm to the project for Multi objective optimization. As per the author Genetic Algorithm is multi objective i.e. Time, Cost and Quality optimization. Also GA techniques could generate the most optimal outcome For construction Time cost Optimization.

A.S. Ali, S.N. Kamaruzzaman (2010) [23] as per the author for management of construction 4 parameters important are as follows: scope, cost, time, and quality. the main aim of the author is to find out the problem or parameters which contribute for the cost overrun. for this they carried out the quaternary survey on the live projects. for the data analysis the method used is quantitative based i.e. descriptive statistics and ranking analysis is used. from the investigation they found that factors which contribute to cost overrun was inaccurate or poor estimation of original cost and factor which don't affect is mistake in design for this to control the construction cost method suggested by the author is proper costing and financing. also they concluded that cost overrun is most serious problem which may affect the construction project effectively.

Ming Li, Guangdong Wurobust, (2014) [24] the objective of this paper is to optimization of a time-cost tradeoff problem. Based on multi objective robust optimization method, a optimization model for time-cost tradeoff problem is developed. The results come out that, by means of adjusting the time and cost robust coefficients, the robust Pareto sets for time-cost tradeoff can be obtained according to different acceptable risk level, from which the decision maker could choose the preferred construction alternative.

Pathak.U.J, Chavan.C.S, Rathode.L.V, Nachare.V.L, Suryawanshi.A.B, (Apr 2014) [25] Low cost housing technologies aim to cut down construction cost by using alternatives to conventional methods and Input. Authors examined the cost effectiveness of using low cost housing technologies in comparison with the traditional construction methods. From Two case studies in India found that about 22 to 26 % of the construction cost including material and labor cost can be saved by using the low cost housing technologies in comparison with traditional construction methods for walling and roofing respectively.

Tam W. Y, (2011) [26] It is necessary to adopt cost effective, innovative and Eco-friendly housing technologies for the construction of houses and buildings for enabling the common people to construct houses at affordable cost. Methodology used by author is to compares construction cost for the traditional and low cost housing technologies. For which Case studies in India are used for the investigation. Construction methods, Strength and durability of the structure, stability, safety of various members are compared during cost reduction. The result found that about 26.11% and 22.68% of the construction cost can be saved by using low cost housing technologies in comparison with the traditional construction methods. This proves that using low cost housing technologies is a cost effective construction approach for the industry.

Nilanjan Sengupta (January 2008) [27] as per the author the cost effective construction technologies are useful and beneficial from both in terms of cost and environment. Author discuss about the some effective technologies in India with their features and advantages. Technologies used in India are

1) Rat trap bond wall: due to this bond cost and material is saved and strength is more.
2) Brick arch: it is given with its construction. It is beneficial from appearance point of view.
3) Filler slab: its slab construction is also discussed. Its advantageous from economy, appearance, strength, material usage and reduction, less weight, material saving point of view.
4) Compressed earth block: it is beneficial because it absorb less water in rainfall.

From the study author concluded that, if we pay attention towards the terms like sanitation of people, manpower development, material devolvement, technical guidance’s then the cost effective techniques will be extensively used in the light of sustainable development and protection of environment.

R Taur, V. Devi (Oct 2009) [28] the main objective of this paper is to point out the various aspect of prefabricated building methodology for low housing. For this different prefabrication techniques with their advantage and importance are given by authors. In a building the foundation, walls, doors and windows, floors, roofs are the most important components which can be analyzed individually based on the needs. There is need for improving the speed of construction and reducing the construction cost. The methods of construction systems suggested by authors are as follows prefabricated roofing components like precast RC planks, structural block walls, precast hollow concrete panels, precast concrete/Ferro cement panels, mortar less block walls.

**Conclusion**

In this paper we have revised different techniques for optimization of cost. To reduce the construction cost and duration, each phase is important. It is a need to meet the present day requirements and to complete the project within the estimated time, cost, and available resources. Mainly affecting the factor on cost of project is delay in project and material. Several methods have been developed and applied to analyze the time-cost problems, but they can optimize only one parameter. Various low cost material
also suggested for optimizing the cost of project along with maintaining the quality and strength of the project. Also various mathematical method and software based models studied for cost optimization.

References