Effect of Homeopathic Medicine on Memory Impairment and Dementia remedy.

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Abstract

Memory impairment and dementia is a common incidence in an elderly patient but inadequate option of treatment make a pitiful impression in our society. Ongoing study is evaluated an alternative homeopathic medicine therapy, a group of elderly population attended OPD & IPD at GD Memorial Homeopathic Medical College & Hospital, Patna. Screened out 30 patients sample treated with different dose according to their existing situation and observed remarkably 70% recovery in every direction of their life as per the recommended 30X,200X and 1M dose, effectively recovered the patients from the adverse state.

Objectives: To evaluate the effectiveness and safety parameters of homeopathy-prepared n medications used in the management and remedy of memory impairment and dementia, as established by the Placebo-Controlled study.

Methodology: Studies conducted with the ethical clearance by a committee of GD Memorial Homeopathic Medical College, Patna, total 30 elderly patients selected with memory impairment and dementia relate to the diagnosed on the basis of symptom, consultation and recommendation including a selected composition of medicine and to follow each patients up and validate their condition.

Results: Effect of a group of homeopathic medicine based on the nature of the patients, Bryonia, spongia, arsenic, dulcamara, Nat-S, Aconite n, Arnica m, Anti Tart, Digitalis, Opium (30X, 200X, 1M) induce the memory and dementia improvement.

Conclusions: This studies evidence is acknowledged the specific potencies used on the different composition of homeopathic medicine, usually 30X and 200X genuinely helped to revive around 70% from the memory loss and dementia in most of the patients.

Introduction

Dementia is characterised as an elderly population by progressive loss of memory, estimated prevalence is 8.8 million in India more than 60 years old. There is the memorious changes take place in body such as language, judgement, planning and impairment of the daily activities and deficiency of the social interaction. Dementia mostly impacts on the personal, family and social life as well as make an undesirable situation for their survival. It declines the family strain and family farmwork, family history and national income of the country is also progressing rapidly. In order to the risk factor such as hypertension, stoke, longevity, lifestyle change is being an integrity.[1-4] The clinical presentation of the dementia is fluctuating among the individual. The memory impairments is the common course of the disease including growing to dementia and neuropsychiatric symptom such as agitation, aggregation, depression and apathy. [8]

In the diagnosis of the disease forms of clinical history, mini mental state examination outcome and imaging technology. [9] T1 weighted MRI is the preferable source to access th focal loss of grey matter volume, usually indicated atrophy refecting a common feature of the neurogenesis and dementia [10] Mini Mental State Examination (MMSE) that is the commonly applying for the diagnosis of the dementia [11] A usual examination of the score of 0-17 is the severe degree of disease 18-23 is the mild and 24-30 is indicated no cognitive impairments [12].

In the present study we evaluated the effect of a group of the medicine and in potencies (30X,200X and 1M) on learning, memory function and dementia along with the cerebral blood flow and other physiological factor lead a desirable impression of life. In animal model the progressive deficit in learning and memory reduced blood flow in rat. [13] there is a dearth of the literature available in homeopathic medicine positive impact on the

neurodegenerative disorder, such as dementia but in the individualised treatment case history contributed remarkably with the bunch of homeopathic medicine. [14,15].

Methodology

- 1. Sample size: 30 patients, Placebo-Controlled study
- 2. Study design: Single blind random control study carried out in the population comprises Acute respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS), acute asthma, dementia and confusion. Registered at the G.D. Memorial Homeopathic Medical College, Patna ,during the period of 2011-14. They underwent laboratory examination of the Chest X-ray, blood count, random glucose count, MRI and CT scan.
- 3. Study Setting : participant was diagnosis of any forms of dementia and of different scale of severity were included in study. The diagnostic criteria based on the ICD-10 (WHO 1993) [16]

Inclusion Criteria: A. Patients identified as suffering from acute asthma with delirium dementia and confusion having clinical history of recruiter episodes of wheezing, chest tightness, breathlessness and eosinophilia count, total serum IgE level elevated.

B. Patient between age group 60 to 65 years both sexes.

Exclusion Criteria : patients associated with others complication along with asthma, delirium, dementia excluded from study.

Remedy	Potencies	No. of Cases	%
Bryonia	30X,200X, 1M	6	20
Spongia	30X,200X,1M	8	27
Arsenic	30X,200X	6	20
Dulcamara	200X, 1M		3.3
Nat-S	1M	1	3.3
Digitalis	30X, 20 <mark>0</mark> X	1	3.3
Opium	200X, 1M	1	3.3
Aconite n	200X, 1M	1	3.3
Arnica m	30X, 200X	4	13.3
Anti Tart	200X	1	3.3

4. Medicine selected

5. The studies consisted of objective and careful examination of the patients with the proper assessment of the risk factor to homeopathic treatment and assessing the efficacy by comparing the respiratory distress of ARDS before and after the period of studies.

Results

Systemic examination

S.No.	Systemic examination	Findings
1.	Respiratory symptoms	Abnormal
2.	Cardiovascular system	Normal
3.	Nervous system	Normal
4.	Gastrointestinal system	Normal
5.	Locomotory system	Normal

Miasmatic analysis

sinare analysis						
S.No.	Incidence	Psora	Pycosis	Syphilis	Psudopsora/tubercular	
1,	Family					
	history					
2.	Inheritance	+				
3.	Mind	+++				
4.	Body	++				

fusion of the meticine.					
Symptoms	Onset	Duration	Progress		
Breathlessness	Gradual	1 Years	Slowly		
Weakness	Sudden	6 Month	Laziness		
Perspiration	Sudden	6 Month	Slowly		
Thirst	Gradual	6 Month	Not progress		
Dementia	Gradual	6 Month	Progress.		
Memory loss	Gradual	6 Month	Progress		

Post infusion of the medicine.

Discussions

In order to the impact of the homeopathic medicine fully based on the memory impairment and dementia is remarkably reduced the progression on the disease till 6 months of the follow-up. However the observational studies of the that seem to recommend the efficacy of the dose and stated for treatment. [17] some of the studies related to set out a discrepancy over the evidence refer to the improvement of the patients suffering from disease is the crucial to record. In fact the control clinical trial and placebo control trial is unusual way claimed to the clinical trial is most efficient way of the treatment, however the observational data in the homeopathic treatment accepted efficacy of the drugs potency more prominent to justify. [18,19,20] However the more rotational effect of the homeopathic medicine applying for the non-specific treatment of the patients. In fact evidence indicated the clinical trial is comparative less relevance data shows rather than the homeopathic remedies of the Placebo control trial. [21] Memory impairment is due to enhancement of the oxidative stress and reduction of the acetyl cholinesterase activity of the brain. [21] in the homeopathy is having the same medicine showed of the different potency is being a risk factor to rising blood sugar level and effect on the memory deficit framework.

In the screening of the patient after the therapeutic dose, shown, effective outcome. Since primary outcome measure in the review of the recent literature don't provide the compelling evidence that the criteria symptoms of the dementia with loss of memory.

Conclusion

In the present study corroborated findings that memory impairment and dementia is being a deficit cerebral circulation as a causative factor while dementia is the life ling disease however with infusion of the homeopathic medicine in the different concentration remarkably 70% accelerated the improvement from the adverse state. Now further studies are required to the substitute therapeutic evidence rendering in the homeopathic treatment is how much competent in the patient with memory impairment and dementia.

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