

# “A Review technique for Emotion Recognition using neural network algorithm”

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**Abstract :-** Emotion is currently recognized as a essential part of human being behaviour, associated therefore it ought to be surrounded among the analysis method once an intellectual agent or a golem intends to imitate human being reaction. In this paper, we explore the use of Artificial Neural Network and machine learning. Facial Expression Recognition System is developed to analyze four type of human expressions- happy, sad, angry and surprised., this paper presents a behaviour decision model of intelligent agent, the model consists of emotions, motivations and behaviour call. The mapping relationship between exterior stimulates and feeling is made by D-S evidence theory. and therefore, the model applies the Andre Mark off decision process to work out feeling states to behaviours. The model presents a legitimate methodology to the emotional agent modelling and effective call organization.

**KEY WORDS:** Behaviour Decision representation, emotion recognition; Markov Decision Process, ANN, MATLAB, Support VectorMachines (SVM).

## 1.INTRODUCTION

Emotion Recognition plays a awfully vital role in today’s world. It helps USA to guage what's stepping into other’s mind in order that we will alter consequently. Advertisers will value customer’s reaction and may do the mandatory consequently. Any technique employed in detective work feeling makes use of machine learning and its algorithms. The EQ-Radio obtains the mandatory info regarding the user wirelessly. This info is fed in machine learning rule that classifies the feeling felt by user. so EQ-Radio use each machine learning thought and wireless transmission. Machine learning may be a branch of science that arrangements with programming the frameworks in an exceedingly manner that they consequently learn and enhance with expertise. Here, learning implies perceiving and understanding knowledge} and creating wise selections supported the equipped data. it's terribly tough to cater to any or all the choices supported all attainable inputs [1]. To tackle this draw back, algorithms square measure developed. To handle this issue, calculations square measure created. These calculations assemble data from specific data and past involvement with the standards of measurements, likelihood hypothesis, rationale, combinatorial improvement, seek, support learning, and management hypothesis. There areaunit varied approaches to execute machine learning strategies, however the foremost normally used ones square measure supervised and unattended learning. supervised learning deals with learning a operate from out there coaching job information data. A supervised learning calculation breaks down the preparation data and produces a gathered capability, which can be used for mapping new cases. unattended learning comprehends unlabelled data whereas not having any predefined dataset for its preparation. unattended learning is also a greatly effective device for breaking down accessible data and

appearance for examples and patterns. it's most generally used for bunching comparative contribution to intelligent gatherings [2]. Wireless Signals associate degreed Wireless Sensing-Wireless sensing is AN innovation comprising of spatially sent freelance gadgets utilizing sensors to screen physical or natural conditions. A WSN framework consolidates a portal that has remote network back to the wired world and sent hubs. The wireless convention we have a tendency to tend to settle on depends on upon your application conditions [3].The research aims to evaluate the potential for emotion recognition technology to improve the quality of human-computer interaction. The specific objectives of the research are:

- 1) to establish the extent to which people will naturally express emotions when they know they are interacting with an emotion-detecting computer.
- 2) to identify the conditions under which the application of emotion detection can lead to improvements in subjective and/or objective measures of system usability.
- 3) to provide Human Factors guidelines on the deployment of emotion recognition technology which can help the developers of such technology to meet the needs of real users.

## II.RECENT RELATED WORK IN THE RELEVANT FIELD

**Wang Guojiang, Wang Xiaoxiao(2010)** The research purposes of artificial emotion is to exploresome role emotion playing in the organism, developing technologies and ways to boost the pc or automaton autonomy, ability, and social interaction capabilities. Artificial feeling will contribute to a versatile and convenient human-computer interaction, artificial emotions may give feedback to the user, to point that the machinery or agent's internal state, goals and intentions [1]; furthermore, artificial feeling will play a sway mechanism, drive behavior and mirror on however a machine or an intelligent agent by various factors and adapting them. The institution of the goal of the many systems is to explore these capabilities. At present, variety of researchers during this space are actively explored. Custodio et al projected a system supported feeling may be a reasonably model will be used for intelligent management [2]. J. Gratch has established a model to explore the emotional impact on decision-making within the flight arrange within the military [3].

**Anoushka Pradhan, Apoorva Singh, ShipraSaraswat (2017)** feeling Recognition has increasing significance in helping human-PC collaboration problems. it's a hard task to understand but folks feel but it becomes even worse to grasp these emotions through a portable

computer. With the advancement in technology and increase in application of AI, it's become a necessity to automatically acknowledge the emotions of the user for the human-computer interactions. the necessity for feeling recognition keeps increasing and it's become applicable in varied fields presently days. This paper explores the due to acknowledge whole totally different human emotions from our body through wireless signals [4].

**Liqin Fu Xia Mao Lijiang subgenus Chen (2008)** Artificial Neural Network (ANN) models based mostly on static options vector moreover as normalized temporal features vector, were used to acknowledge feeling state from speech. Moreover, relative choices obtained by computing the changes of acoustic choices of emotional speech relative to those of neutral speech were adopted to weaken the influence from the individual distinction. The ways that to envision static choices and temporal choices were introduced on a personal basis and experiments-based European country information and Mandarin information were implemented. The results show that the performance of relative choices excels that of absolute choices for feeling recognition as a complete. once speaker is freelance, the hybrid of relative static choices vector and relative temporal choices normalized vector achieves the foremost effective results[5].

**Ahmed Fnaiech, Mounir Sayadi(2016)** Facial emotions play a crucial role in decision making, perception and in the human interaction creating the need to develop computer tools and mathematics to recognize and reproduce the emotions. The operation of recognition of the emotions runs up against the matter of the quality and also the diversity of the human expression and also the necessary flow of data that it generates. the answer of this downside would be to spot characteristic points of the face and to extract from them the helpful info within the method of identification of the emotions. Thus, in such context the goal would consist in developing a program permitting the extraction of the native facial characteristics that are the distances between the characteristic points of face and to classify them for a given face [6].

**Sorin Zoican, Marius Vochin (2018)** personal computer design and Visual Analytics Tools (VAT) is described. Such systems is also utilized in net of Things. The emotion detection algorithmic program use associate humanlike model of human face to see optimum looking space for eyes and mouth that ar sculpturesque by ellipses with variable axis rely on the mood of the human subject. The ellipses ar found mistreatment a modified Hough circle rework algorithmic program that minimizes the computational effort. the total feeling detection algorithmic program is implemented mistreatment the VAT library functions and emotion detection is achieved in real time[7].

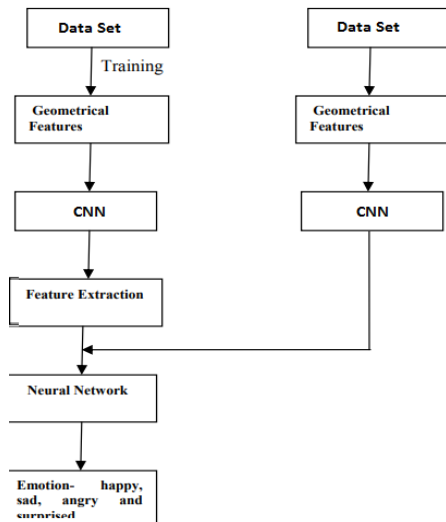
**Kartick Subramanian et** The feeling recognition system used is MetaCognitive Neuro-Fuzzy reasoning System (McFIS). McFIS has two elements, a Neuro-fuzzy reasoning system, that is that the psychological feature part and a self-regulatory learning mechanism, that is that the meta-cognitive part. The meta-cognitive part monitors

the information within the Neuro-fuzzy reasoning system and decides on what-to-learn, when-to-learn and the way to- learn the coaching samples, with efficiency. for every coaching sample, McFIS decides on whether or not to delete the sample while not being learnt, use it for addition/ pruning or parameter update or reserve it to be used later. They used JAFFE and TFEID database to evaluate the performance of the algorithmic program. validation study to live the performance of McFIS on individual databases associated an inter-database sure thing check, wherein, McFIS trained on JAFFE is tested with TFEID information and vice-versa. The performance of the projected algorithmic program compared with customary SVM indicates promising results. the current work fails to guage the performance of options extracted supported alternative techniques, like curvelet, Dennis Gabor based mostly options, etc. A deeper analysis should be conducted on the interchangeableness of feeling from one information to a different

### III.METHODOLOGY

Geometrical features of four emotion images (happy, sad, angry and surprised) are trained to neural network. Different images of emotion are stored to database by inserting the name of recognized facial expression. Convolution neural network ( CNN) is used for feature extraction of image. Neural network tool is used and call in the program to show the processing done behind the program i.e. it shows and displays the time, performance and regression graph of the particular image. we present an approach based on Convolutional Neural Networks (CNN) for facial expression recognition. The input into our system is an image; then, we use CNN to predict the facial expression label which should be one these labels: anger, happiness, fear, sadness, disgust and neutral. The back propagation (BP) neural network algorithm is a multi-layer feed forward network trained according to error back propagation algorithm and is one of the most widely applied neural network models. BP network can be used to learn and store a great deal of mapping relations of input/output model, and no need to disclose in advance the mathematical equation that describes these mapping relations. Its learning rule is to adopt the steepest descent method in which the back propagation is used to regulate the weight value and threshold value of the network to achieve the minimum error sum of square. This paper focuses on the analysis of the characteristics and mathematical theory of BP neural network and also points out the shortcomings of BP algorithm as well as several methods for improvement. An artificial neural network (ANN) is an information processing paradigm that is inspired by the way biological nervous systems process information. It is configured for a specific application through a specific learning process. The most commonly used family of neural networks for pattern classification tasks is the feed-forward network, which includes multilayer perception and Radial-Basis Function (RBF) networks.: Back propagation is a feed forward supervised learning network. The general idea with the back propagation algorithm is to use gradient descent to update the weights

to minimize the squared error between the network output values and the target output values. The update rules are derived by taking the partial derivative of the error function with respect to the weights to determine each weight's contribution to the error. Then, each weight is adjusted. This process occurs iteratively for each layer of the network, starting with the last set of weights, and working back towards the input layer, hence the name "back propagation".



#### MSE (MEAN SQUARE ERROR):

In statistics, the mean square error (MSE) or mean square deviation (MSD) of AN expert (of a procedure for estimating AN unobserved quantity) measures the common of the squares of the errors—that is, the common square distinction between the calculable values and what's calculable. MSE may be a risk perform, resembling the first moment of the square error loss. the very fact that MSE is sort of continuously strictly positive (and not zero) is owing to randomness or as a result of the expert doesn't account for data that would manufacture a a lot of correct estimate. [8]

The MSE is a measure of the quality of an estimator—it is always non-negative, and values closer to zero are better.

The MSE is that the moment of the error, and therefore incorporates each the variance of the calculator and its bias. For associate unbiased calculator, the MSE is that the variance of the calculator. just like the variance, MSE has identical units of activity because the sq. of the number being calculable. In associate analogy to straightforward deviation, taking the root of MSE yields the root-mean-square error or root-mean-square deviation (RMSE or RMSD), that has identical units because the amount being estimated; for associate unbiased calculator, the RMSE is that the root of the variance, called the quality error.

The MSE access the standard of an reckoner ( A mathematical relation mapping a sample of knowledge to an estimate of a parameter of the population from that the info is sampled) or a predictor (i.e., a perform mapping absolute inputs to a sample of values of some random variable). The definition of an MSE differs per whether or not one is describing an reckoner or analyst.

Then,the Formula for mean squared error is given below.

$$MSE = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \hat{X}_i)^2$$

#### PSNR

The term peak magnitude signal-to-noise ratio noise S/N ratio (PSNR) is associate expression for the ratio between the most attainable worth (power) of a proof and also the power of distorting noise that affects the standard of its illustration. as a result of several signals to have a awfully wide range dynamic vary, (ratio into the biggest and the smallest attainable values of a change able quantity). The PSNR is a sometimes express in the terms of the exponent sound unit scale.

Image sweetening or rising the visual quality of a digital image is subjective. speech communication that one technique provides a better-quality image might vary from person to person. For this reason, it's necessary to determine quantitative/empirical measures to match the consequences of image sweetening algorithms on image quality.

Using constant set of tests pictures, totally different image sweetening formulas is compared consistently to spot whether or not a selected algorithm produces higher results. The metric underneath investigation is that the peak-signal-to-noise quantitative relation. If will we will we are able to} show that associate formula or set of algorithms can enhance a degraded best-known image to additional closely jibe the initial, then we are able to additional accurately conclude that it's a more robust formula.

#### IV.CONCLUSION AND FUTURE SCOPE

This paper presents a brief review of the work carried on human emotion recognition using audio and database modalities. It's very useful to consider the context information for emotion recognition since emotion is highly dependent on the context. Existing techniques doesn't model the contextual information. From the exhaustive literature survey, it is found that the accuracy can be improved by considering the spatial and temporal relations of the face and voice modalities. It's very challenging to develop methods for multimodal fusion that take into consideration the mutual relationship between options sets in several in several modalities, and therefore the correlation between audio-visual info. Adjustable weighted segmentation method to determine the final results of emotion recognition by combining the data from facial images and speech signals. To improve the performance of speech emotion recognition system modulation spectral features can be used. Facial expressions can be accurately recognized by combining appearance and geometric features. It's very challenging to handle conflict information conveyed by modalities. Few emotions like intimacy and anxiety are often expressed nonverbally long before they are expressed verbally. It's very difficult to recognize these emotions

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