CONSUMER AWARENESS ABOUT INDIA POST PAYMENT BANK AT THANJAVUR THIS IS SPECIAL REFERENCE TO SELLAMPATTI.

MANIKANDAN.S

First year, Department of Management Studies, Periyar Maniammai Institute Of science and Technology, Thanjavur- Vallam.

DR.K.V.R RAJANDRAN

Associate professor, Department Of Management Studies, Periyar Maniammai Institute of science and Technology Thanjavur- Vallam.

ABSTRACT:

The Indian Government had taken over the 155000 Post Offices. The Post Offices have been introducing in different deposit schemes. Peoples be like a all postal deposit schemes, and they also invest to this saving schemes. I did my research for consumer awareness about post office deposit schemes. In this research study convenient sampling method is used with 50 respondents and the analysis is done by ANOVA single factor. on the basis of my P-value from ANOVA table ,that there is significant relationship between consumer awareness and post deposit schemes.

Keywords: consumer awareness, saving schemes, anova, p-value.

1. INTRODUCTION:

The India post payment bank started in 1st September 2018, owned by the government. India post payment bank started by Prime Minister Narendra Modi. India post payment bank undertaken by the Indian post offices.the payments bank money will be provide by the Reserve Bank of India. The India post payment bank will be linked to the 155000 Indian post offices.the payments bank offered by the current and savings account, money transfer, direct benefit transfer. This type of payment bank will be provide the counter services, online banking, atm cards, mobile banking apps.

2. <u>LITERATURE REVIEWS:</u>

and Hamsalakshmi (2018) Baby Saranya explained the performance of Indian post office saving schemes in recent trendsl when comes to the postal investment peoples are expecting more safety and security choosing their investment in postal payment bank.

Gulammohamed and Shajahan (2016)analysed on investment behaviour in post office saving schemes. The good relationship between rural areas peoples to post offices. So post offices have to create number of saving schemes and to provide more interest benefits.

Senthilkumar and Desti Kannaiah (2014) explained the problems of investors attitude savings in post office. The author finally concluded that the majority of the investors investing their money in the postal payment banking with the equal rights.

Dhiraj Jain and Ruhika Kothari (2012) stated that investors' attitude towards post office deposits schemes.It reveals that the high level income getting people not willing to invest their money into post payment banking.

Sivasakthi and Gandhimathi (2016) explained on investors' attitude towards post office saving schemes. Government should create more awareness about the post office savings schemes people the and also providing among advertisement about postal services. Government need to increase the interest rates offered by the postal banking schemes.

3. RESEARCH METHODOLOGY:

Sample Size: 50

Technique: Anova single factor

Primary Data: the data was collected from

Sellampatti village.

Secondary Data: from articles, research papers related to consumer awareness about post payment bank.

HYPOTHESIS:

HO: There is no relationsahip between consumer awareness and post deposit schemes.

H1: There is significant relationship between consumer awareness and post deposit schemes

4. DATA ANALYSIS:

4.1. **TABLE:**

VARIABLES	SD	D	N	SA	Α
low awareness post office saving schemes	11	18	16	4	1
assure returns post office saving schemes done	5	9	16	12	8
get interest benefits post schemes remaining	3	7	14	13	13
encourage childrens schmes in post office	10	13	13	7	7
I have intension increase my saving future	5	12	12	11	10
I feel post office schemes easy to investt	11	10	19	7	3
compare other schemes postal schemes low risk	12	8	10	11	9
aware the new schemes intro post office	12	12	8	11	7
I refer other invest in post office schemes	13	10	8	9	10
I save to reduce tax benefits	14	7	11	10	8
MEAN	9.6	11	13	10	8

4.2. **TABLE:**

Source of					Р-	
Variation	SS	df	MS	F	value	F crit
Between	49.97		5.5531	3.2633	0.0007	1.8989
Groups	8	9	11	2	2	8
	833.8		1.7016			
Within Groups	2	490	73			
Tatal	883.8	499				
Total	883.8	499				

From the above table-4.1 it is evident that the mean score 13 is higher on "NEUTRAL" followed by mean score 11 on "DISAGREE" it is clear that there is significant relationship between consumer awareness and post deposit schemes. From table-4.2, the P-value is 0.00072 (i.e) less than 0.05, therefore accept the alternative hypothesis (H1).

5. **CONCLUSION:**

The rural areas peoples are highly interested to invest the postal saving schemes. Because peoples are think post office saving schemes are very low risk, and very easy to invest in the saving schemes. The post office plays important role of rural areas peoples. And these schemes are very helpfull to invest low income peoples, so they feel comfortable. Some part of peoples are lack of awareness in the post deposit schemes, but the higher number of peoples want to invest in the post deposit schemes as they keep their assurance. The peoples agree with the postal saving schemes. So finally the government have to create more awareness and have to provide more interest benefits post saving schemes.

6. REFERENCES:

- Baby Saranya k and Hamsalakshmi R (2018), performance of Indian post office saving schemes in recent trends, international journal of advanced research (ijar), ISSN 2320-5407.
- Gulam Mohahamed S Shajahan S (2016) a study on investment behaviour saving schemes with reference to tiruchirappalli district, international journal of finance research review. **ISSN** 2321-0354. Volume 4, issue 11.
- 3. Senthilkumar K and Desti Kannaiah (2014) investors attitude towards savings in post office, research journal of finance

- and accounting ISSN 2222-2014, ISSN 2222-2847. Volume 15.
- **4.** Dhirai Jain and Ruhika Kothari (2014) investor's attitude in post office deposit schemes, international iouranal marketing and technology ISSN 2249-1058 volume 2, issue.
- 5. Sivasakthi D and Gandhimathi (2016) a sudy on investors attitude towards post office saving schemes, international journal of applied research, ISSN print: 2394-7500, ISSN online 2394-5869.
- **6.** Karthikeyan B (2001), small investors perception on post office small saving schemes; unpublished thesis, Madras University, tamilnadu, India.
- Malhothra NK (2007) "marketing research on applied orientation; 5th edition person publication, new delhi.
- Jayaraman R (1987) a study bof small 8. saving schemes in north arcot district, 1976-86 unpublished thesis, university of madras, tamilnadu india.
- S.Giri (2014) an analysis of financial sourcing technology modernisation of indian post, ISSN: 2321-7782, volume 2, issue 10.
- 10. Dr. K. Rajeswari and Sushmstha KJ (2011), perception of customers on service quality of post offices- a comparative study, volume 1, issue 7, online ISSN 2249-8672, print ISSN 2249-8672.
- 11. Dipankar Malakar (2013), role of indian post in financial inclusion, IOSR journal of humanities and social science, ISSN; 2279-0837, ISBN; 2279-0845. Volume 6, issue 4 (jan - feb. 2013), pp 04-07.

- 12. Vinayagamoorthy, Senthilkumar k (2012)an analysis of postal investment and small savings, banking finance, febraury, 2012; 25 (02); 18-22.
- **13.** Sriram (2016) expanding the scope of india post payment bank, indian institute of management Bangalore.
- 14. Safee Y and Prabakaran J (2014) the international journal of engeeneering and science, ISSN online; 2319- 1813, ISSN print; 2319-1805, volume 3, issue 4.
- **15.** Mala M and vasanthi G (2016) problems and challenges on indian post in financial inclusion, ISSN; 2456-3145, volume 1, issue 1.
- 16. Charusheela Birajdar and Akshata Joshi (2016) a review of customer satisfaction for indian postal services, ISSN: 0976-6421 and ISSN online; 0976- 643x, volume 7, issue 3.
- 17. Report of the export committe on harnessing the indian post network for financial inclusion, 2010, new delhi.
- 18. Tamil kodi ,app ,, (1983) small saving schemes in tamilnadu; a trend study (1970-80), unpublished thesis, university of madras, tamilnadu.
- 19. Sing Preethi, investment management, security analysis and portfolio management, Himalaya publishing house, ninth revised edition delhi, (2002).
- **20.** No ease access to post office for disabled. the times of india Delhi, 29 oct 2012.