

Importance Of Education For Women

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Abstract:--

Women education is an umbrella term that refers to the state of Health and education until the territory level for all girls and women. About 65 million girls across the world remain out of school.. And most of them belong to the under developed and developing countries..Women play a vital role in the development of a Nation. It is necessary step for all the countries including underdeveloped and developing countries to improve their condition of female education.

Introduction:--

Women play a significant role in the society, a mother, a sister, a wife, a caretaker and a nurse etc..An educated mother will weigh the importance of female education , the same as boys. They have a better understanding of the social structure and are more compassionate towards the need of others.

Education is a fundamental right and along with education facilities one must refrain from discrimination based on success or gender. Unfortunately discrimination based on gender is still prevails in many parts of our country. It is necessary to make people understand that female education is a fundamental right just like men.

The growth of women in various fields as expanded the literacy rate of India the involvement of women in all sectors has improved and increased the growth rate of our country. Education is a tool that builds confident and ambitious women. Women became aware of their rights and raise their voice against exploitation discrimination or any form of injustice.

Importance Of Education For Women / Girls:--

A famous anonymous African proverb , States the importance of education for women in society.:" if you educate a man you educate and individual, if you educate a woman educate a nation." is a reminder of the prevailing Customs in society education is a weapon that carves a progressive path for women and their families. Importance of education can be discussed in details as below:--

1. Elimination of crime against women:--

Education plays a vital weapon in eliminating manage social crimes and evils against women prevailing in society.. Social customs such as Sati, female infanticide, dowry , class trade and other harmful customary practice can be eradicated through female education. An educated women stands up for the injustice patted against women in the family or society against other girls or women .She is a pivotal in a civilized society and influences the beliefs and thoughts of its members.

2. self Reliance:--

Education is vital for women as it makes women become self-reliant and eliminates the need to depend on a third person for her and her family survival. She becomes aware of a rights and Employment on an equal plank with men and finds the needs of a family.. Financially independent woman raise her voice against the prevailing old social customs and injustice.

3. Improvised standard of living:--

Female education improvisers and elevates the standard of living. A family relying on double wages leads to a more satisfied and happy family in comparison to a family that relies on a single parent income. Two incomes under the same roof improve the quality of living and ensure the facilitate the importance of female education in the family and Society..An educated women on equal pay as the male members and add and elevates the family's financial needs and the standard of family.

4.Promotion of women education:--

In a developing country like India awareness begins at home and the rural sections of the society. Awareness of the importance of women education in different villages leads to a positive reaction to women's education..The construction of a school's Health Care Centres and other facilities at short distance diminishes the fear among people. Also strict action, proper security and punishment against those who commit crimes against women aid the Welfare of the women community.

5.Prevent social exclusion:--

An uneducated women is likely to work as domestic help or in extreme cases become a victim of flesh trade over the opposite gender. Women often get secluded from society who spend their life as domestic help or any other manual jobs. The seclusion or exclusion of women by society leads to Physical as well as psychological taumas ailments .An educated women brews balance the society.

Women's education contributes to the overall development and progression of our country. Women play a vital roles in everyone's life. A society lacks behind if it's women weep silently. An educated women builds a better environment for her family members.

A country loses its goals of integral and sustainable development , when women remain uneducated and unempowered. The lacking focus of development in many underdeveloped and developing countries is the failure to implement the growth of women.

Women must be exposed to platforms with equal opportunities and need encouragement to pursue Aspiring professionals such as- doctors, lawyers ,technokrafts, journalist, scientist, adventurist, etc. Through the importance of education for women India will achieve its goal of sustainable development by 2030.

India comprises of eminent women personalities like Anandibai Gopal Rao Joshi, Kiran Bedi, Kiran Mazumdar Shaw etc..Who have contributed to the overall development of our country there are several activists women in our India but about five have to be discussed here is important.

Five Indian women whose activism has led to change:--

1. Vandana Shiva.:--A tireless environmental activist, was recently named in the BBC 100 women list. She is a trained physicist and formed of Research Foundation for Science Technology and Ecology , an independent Research Organisation that researches ecological controversial issues.

Vandana is an eco-rights activist, whose campaign against genetically modified seeds and protection of native seeds led to the formation of NAVDANYA, a national movement to protect the diversity and integrity of living resources, specially native seeds.. The organisation has helped set up 122 community seeds banks and trained farmers in seed sovereignty, food sovereignty and sustainable agriculture..

She is also a fierce opposer of globalisation and is a hero for the anti GMO movement across the world. She was also recognised by time as an environmental Hero in 2003. She received the Right Livelihood Award in 1993 and , the 2010 Sydney peace prize.

2. Indira Jaising:--

Indira Jaising, a lawyer and Human Rights activist, who has been called "for midable" by many especially when recounting her efforts in framing of the domestic violence act (2005). Founder of the lawyers collective she started her legal practice in 1960 and has been working tirelessly for the past 60 years.

Indira was the first female senior advocate in the high court of Bombay and served as the first female Additional Solicitor General of India. Apart from women's issues and Human Rights, she has also taken up environmental issues like protection of coastalives and more.

She has faught some of the most high-profile cases in the country. She led commissions in Punjab to investigate the extra judicial killings, police brutality and disappearance in North India in the 70s and 80s, faught for compensation of victims of the 1984 Bhopal gas tragedy , and of the victims 2002 riots in Gujarat.

3. Vrinda Grover:--

Vrinda is a lawyer and Human Rights activist. she recognised by Time Magazine as one of the hundred most influential women in 2013. She has handled several prominent cases such as Soni sorry rape- torture case , 1984 anti-sikh riots , 1987 hashimpura police killings, 2004 Ishrat Jahan case and the 2008 anti-christian riots in kandhamal. She has also taken up cases of domestic violence and cases involving minorities.

Vrindavan has been influential in the drafting of the criminal law amendment act of (2013) the prevention of children from sexual offences act (2012) and the prevention of torture bill (2010). She is against the practices like the two finger test and speaks critically of the Armed Forces (Special Powers) Act the death penalty and more.

4. Kamla Bhasin:--

Kamla Bhasin is a social scientist author, poet development, feminist and activist .She has worked on several subjects like gender equality education poverty alleviation human rights and peace in South Asia since 1970. She is also part of SANGAT, a South Asian Feminist network and an active member of JAGORI, a women's resource and training centre.

In 1979, she begin with the food and agricultural organisation for their freedom from hunger campaign in New Delhi and worked for empowerment of rural and urban poor.

She has written extensively on patriarchy and gender. Her published works include Exploring Masculinity, Laughing Matters, Borders and Boundaries : Women in India's Partition, what is Patriarchy ?, and Feminism and its Relevance in South Asia. In her literary work and activism she and reasons of feminist movement of the transcendent class borders and other social and political divisions.

5. Kiran Bedi:--

Kiran Bedi was born in the holy city of Amritsar, Punjab. She is a social activist and the first woman IPS officer in India, She has not only served her department with full conviction but has also made whole hearted contribution to many social causes. She introduced several reforms at the Tihar Jail, which gained world wide acclaim and won her the Roman Magsaysay Award in 1994. In 2003, Kiran Bedi became the first Indian woman to be appointed as a police advisor to the secretary general of the United Nations in the department of peace keeping operations. She resigned in 2007 to focus on social activism and writing. She has written several books and runs the India Vision Foundation.

Therefore it is said that if women is educated then she builds a nation better .The Indian government should take the steps for save and educate the female. As over the past year the Government of India passed a significant bill that is stated abortion of a female child to be a criminal offence. This Bill decrease female infanticide and has increased the birth rate of female children.

To promote and create awareness of women's education and empowerment in India various campaign like Beti Bachao and beti padhao were initiated.

Conclusion:--

It is crucial to understand the importance of education for women for better health and hygiene the nation's economy etc. Women's education in the rural section of the country has played a crucial role in making them employable. As per the census data the female literacy rate area in India is over 65.4 6%. The contributing factors offending women's education and gender inequality, lack of security, a crime against women etc. Women are increasingly becoming a vital component of the economy and development through education. Education of women gives them a chance to emerge as socially and financially independent individuals.

An educated women contributes to the country's overall development through her role in the army, social service, politics, education, corporate sector etc. Education Liberation empowerment of women have to lead to economic gains in India. Education plays a vital role in securing the fundamental rights of women in India thereby maintaining their social status in society through education, social inJustice exploitation, violence and other social customs against women are eradicated. The government should lay primary emphasis on girl child education and health in the rural section of India due to the high population rate in villages compared to metropolitans.