BIODIVERSITY OF PENTATOMOIDEA BUGS (HEMIPTERA –HETEROPTERA) OF SURGANATEHSIL, NASHIK DISTRICT, MAHARASHTRA INDIA.

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ABSTRACT:

Present investigation deals with diversity of pentatomoidea bugs (Hemiptera-Heteroptera) from Surgana tehsil, Nashik District of Maharashtra, India during the year 2018-2019. Research study revealed a total of 10 species belonging to 9 genera representing 3 families.

KEYWORDS:

Pentatomoidea, Pentatomidae, Dinidoridae, Diversity, bugs, Nashik.

INTRODUCTION:

Hemiptera is one of the diverse order among the class insecta. About 19300 species belonging to 133 families reported throughout the world (Hodkinson ID 1991). Hemiptera order of India has been studied by many workers but the important contribution given by Distant. Presently around 7000 species under 1300 genera of pentatomoidea are reported all over the world (Henry 2009). About 590 species are known and occur in India (Distant 1902,1907,1918; Ahmad &Afzal, 1989). Information of Pentatomoidea of central India was included in 'Fauna of British India' by Distant (1902,1907,1918). The superfamily Pentatomoidea are commonly known as a stink bugs or shield bugs, they are mostly phytophagus but some members are predaceous. Large scutellum is a typical character of these bugs.

MATERIALS AND METHODS STUDY AREA:

Surgana belongs to Khandesh and Northern Maharashtra region. It belong to Nashik division. It is located 77 km. towards north from Nashikdistrict. These area is having good rainfall and therefore sufficient vegetation is present, which is indicator of biodiversity.



COLLECTION:

The bugs were collected from various localities viz. Pratapgad, Palsan, Chikhali, Khokadvihir, Ambode, Nagshevadi, Hatrundi, Bhegu, Dolhare, Chikadi.

Bugs were collected by hand and forcep picking method. They were collected from grass, bushes and ground. Collected bugs were carried in laboratory and killed using chloroform in killing jar. Killed insect specimen are pinned to the right of the midline. Insects are drying with the help of electric oven at the temperature of 35-45°C for 48 to 94 hours. Temperature and exposure period varies with size of specimen.

IDENTIFICATION:

The bugs identified with the help of various literature such as fauna of Andhra Pradesh, Faunal diversity of Jabalpur district, Fauna of Uttarakhand(Part-2) as well as fauna of British India, including Ceylon and Burma by Distant W.L. (1902 & 1904), and a taxonomic Survey of Pentatomidae of India by NayyarAzim (2011).

RESULT AND DISCUSSION:

In the present study total 10 species belong to the 9 genera representing 3 families were recorded.

R.C. Bhagat (2015) recorded *Halyomorphapicus, Nezaraviridula* and *Halysdentatus* from Jammu, Kashmir and Ladakh.

Kailash Chandra et al. (2015) recorded *Nezaraviridula, coridiusjanus and Halysdentatus* from Ratapani wildlife sanctuary Madhya Pradesh.

B.Biswas et al. (2014) recorded *Nezaraviridula*, *Tesseratomasp*.from Chhattisgarh.

Kailash Chandra et al.(2014) recorded Aspongopusbrunneus, Halyomorphapicus, Nezaraviridula, Halysdentatus and coridiusjanusfrom Madhya Pradesh.

M.NayyarAzim(2011) recorded Halyomorphasp., Halysdentatus and Dalpadaoculata from India.

Dolly Kumar et al. (2010) reported Halyomorphapicus from Vadodara, Gujarat.

Debdas et al. (2014) reported Nezaraviridula from West Bengal.

Aland et al.(2010) recorded *Tesseratoma sp.*, *Halyomorphasp., and Halysdentatus* from Amba reserved forest, Western ghat, Maharashtra.

Table No.1.	List of Plant	bugs observed	d during pres	ent study
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SR.NO	FAMILY	SPECIES	DATE AND PLACE	
1.	Pentatomidae	1. Halysdentatus	02/07/2018-Khokadvihir	
			23/07/2018-Ambode	
			01/08/2018- Dolhare	
		2.Nezaraviridula	11/07/2018- Hatrundi	
			22/07/2018- Chikadi	
			01/08/2018- Dolhare	
			06/08/2018- Bhegu	
		3. Degonatusserratus	20/06/2018- Palsan	
			21/06/2018- Pratapgad	
			21/08/2018- Pratapgad	
		4. Halyomorphapicus	27/06/2018- Chikhali	
			21/08/2018- Pratapgad	
		5. Halyomorphahalys	23/07/2018- Ambode	
			01/07/2018- Palsan	
		6. Dalpadaoculata 📐	22/06/2018- Dolhare	
		7.	01/08/2018- Dolhare	
		Megyamenump <mark>arallelum</mark>		
2.	Dinidoridae	1.Coridius janus	21/06/2018-Pratapgad	
			01/08/2018- Dolhare	
			21/08/2018- Pratapgad	
		2. Aspongopusbrunneus	01/07/2018- Palsan	
			15/07/2018- Dolhare	
3.	Tessaratomidae	1.Tessaratoma javanica	25/08/2018- Bhegu	
			21/08/2018- Pratapgad	

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Haly sdentatus

Nezara viridula





Dalpada oculata

Megyamenum parallelum







Aspongopus brunneus



Tessaratoma javanica

