



The Study on Collection of Development of Ponmana Chemmal Puratchi Thalaivar MGR Arts & Science College Library, sirkali, Puthur.

Dr. Senthilkumar, V

Assistant Professor,

Department of Library and Information Science,

Annamalai University.

Annamalai Nagar-608 002

e-mail: vsenthilsiva@gmail.com

ABSTRACT

The present study the author has analyzed the Collection of Development of Ponmana Chemmal Puratchi Thalaivar MGR Arts & Science College Library sirkali, Puthur. This study both primary and secondary sources of data is collected from through the observation and oral interview from library staff of the selected college. To find out the data list of library collection, year wise collection and total number of document available in the library on PC PT MGR Arts & science college..The secondary data are collected from the library rewards and ledger on issue and return of the library collection. The data and information are including the details such as total number of books available in each library section .The finding of the study, Among the eight subject ,the books in the subject Tamil 1431 (34.93) occupied first position and the subject of physical education 113 (02.78) occupy the eighth position, it could be seen clearly from the above discussion that Library books during the period of 3 years of study shows that the increasing and decreasing trends.

Keywords: Collection development, Process, Academic Library and Digital resources.

INTRODUCTION

Library collection development is the process of meeting the information needs of the people (a service population) in a timely and economical manner using information resources locally held, as well as from other organizations. According to the International Federation of Library Associations and Institutions (IFLA), acquisition and collection development focuses on methodological and topical themes pertaining to acquisition of print and other analogue library materials (by purchase, exchange, gift, legal deposit), and the licensing and purchase of electronic information resources. In the world of libraries, the public library assumes a special significance. Among the different types of libraries, public libraries are unique in their objectives, clientele served, governance, collection development and scope of services. It has the mandate to meet the needs of its users for education, information, leisure and personal development: The primary function of libraries and information centres is to assist in accessing information and gathering knowledge. Collection development is the central professional function of any library since the very concept of a library is primarily associated with the idea of a collection. Developing library collection is one of the most demanding and challenging professional functions of a library which requires a deeper knowledge and understanding of the service community, institutional priorities and information & publishing industry. According to Evans & Margaret

(2004), collection development is “the process of identifying the strengths and weaknesses of a library’s materials collection in terms of patron needs and community resources, and attempting to correct existing weaknesses if any”. It involves the framing of a systematic plan for creating library collections that will meet the needs of library users and incorporates several activities like determination and co-ordination of relevant policies, fiscal management, assessment of user needs, collection use studies, collection analysis, identification of collection needs, selection of materials, planning for resource sharing, collection maintenance, weeding and user liaison, and outreach activities. Collection development is a dynamic process that requires the involvement of both library professionals and the service community. The need and value of client input are not given due importance or often neglected which is a drawback since resources in libraries are intended to meet the needs of the community. It should be an inclusive process taking care of not just the most active users but the total community’s needs and incorporating all types of formats. It should also have a plan to rectify weaknesses and maintain strengths

DEFINITION

Library collection development is the process of meeting the information needs of the people in a timely and economical manner using information resources locally held, as well as from other organizations. Collections are developed by Librarians and library staff by buying or otherwise acquiring materials over a period, based on assessment of the information needs of the library’s users. In addition to ongoing materials acquisition, library collection development includes.

the creation of policies to guide material selection replacement of worn or lost materials removal of materials no longer needed in the collection planning for new collections or collection areas cooperative decision-making with other libraries or within library consortia Collection Evaluation Methods Some Library evaluation methods include: -Checklists Method -Circulation and Interlibrary Loan Statistics -Citation Analysis -Network Usage Analysis -Vendor-Supplied Statistics -Faculty Opinion Checklists Method This method of collection evaluation is the practice of checking a library collection against a list of notable books or materials to see if the collection includes these titles. This is the oldest method of collection evaluation, and its first recorded use occurs in 1849 by Charles Jewett at the Smithsonian Institute.

Development of a library collection, including the determination and coordination of selection policy, assessment of needs of users and potential users, collection use studies, collection evaluation, identification of collection needs, selection of materials, planning for resource sharing, collection maintenance and weeding, and budgeting. The main purpose of collection development in a library can be as follows

- To fulfill the library’s obligation to its community,
- To find out the exact need of the readers,
- To make available the right document to the right reader at the right time through selection and acquisition process,
- To utilize the library budget judiciously,
- To periodically review the collection for weeding out,
- To share the resources through networking.

COLLECTION DEVELOPMENT ON ACADEMIC LIBRARY

Academic libraries are considered to be nerve centre of teaching, learning and research activities which primarily objective is to satisfy the information needs of its target users and this can be possible only through adequate collection. In digital environment, collection development policy is undergoing a metaphoric transformation due to diversity of digital resources which are easily available through internet. The present paper attempt to emphasize on collection development policy, internet based collection and challenge in collection building in digital era. This present paper also throws light on trends as well as needs of collection development in digital environment. Libraries are strive to develop collection, resources and services to meet the cultural, informational, educational and recreational demands of its target users, because libraries primarily objective is to satisfy the multiple needs of its target users. On other side with the advancement of information and communication technology libraries have redefined its resources, operations, and services due to changing demands of users. These days the users prefer to browse through the internet for their information needs rather than visiting the library. The academic library cannot compete with the modern information technology in its traditional collection of print material. To attract the students and to provide better services to its users, the academic library should develop digital resources along with print materials. Though the selection,

acquisition and the dissemination of resources are similar to print materials, but actually they differ from print material. The selection of quality and quantity of collection is an important and challenging activity of a library. It includes process of selecting, ordering and making payment of information material. A library encompasses a number of activities related to development of library collection like determination and coordination of selection policy, identification of users need, user studies, selection of information material, planning of resource sharing, collection maintenance and weeding. In digital environment collection development is undergoing a metaphoric change due to diverse e-resources which are easily available through internet. With the advancement of information and communication technology, information explosion, availability of large number of documents in electronic forms has replaced the traditional concept of library into digital or virtual library. In this context the libraries have no other option rather than building collection of e-resources. On other side the publishers did not remain behind; they took advantage of these applications to a considerable extent and tapped a treasure house of electronic and web resources. In modern digital era, librarians are also acquiring more and more e-resources to provide the right information to right user at right time. All this has created a change in the collection development in the electronic environment

REVIEW OF LITERATURE

Robert Danielson (2012) has presents the way that collection development and acquisitions process of these areas can be studied for smaller academic libraries and suggests ways these results can be interpreted and used to reallocate scarce budgetary resources or provide evidence for more funds for further developing the collection. With a growing interest in evaluating the effectiveness of libraries, it is increasingly important that libraries find efficient ways to evaluate the collection development and acquisitions process". Kotur M. B., Dr. C Krishnamurthy and Ramesh Kuri.(2013) has discussed with highlights the problems of collection development among the degree college libraries, in the present era of information explosion. The data collected from the survey of degree colleges in Dharwad District, reveals that most of the libraries suffer from inadequate and unbalanced collection of resources. This is also reveals absence of collection development policy among majority of the libraries. It is also observed from the study that many degree college libraries lack appropriate IT infrastructure to develop sound collection of digital resources, Kotur and Mulimani (2018) has analyzed his conference paper for the title on Academic Libraries & Collection Development: Difficulties and Solutions. The article explains about the working condition of the academic library in brief. It also highlights some of the major difficulties faced by the library. Further it also gives suggestions to overcome such difficulties and followed by conclusion. Kardo Joseph Mwilongo (2020) Collection Development Guiding Tools in Academic Libraries in Tanzania The authors has discussed his result of the study aimed at assessing the application of guiding tools in collection development practices of academic libraries in Tanzania. Data for this study were collected through structured and standardized questionnaires administered to 44 librarians. Face-to-face interview was also conducted with four Library Directors who were purposely selected. The study revealed that 70.5% of the surveyed academic libraries performed collection development processes without a comprehensive collection development policy. The study recommends on more efforts to develop a comprehensive collection development policy to ensure effective practices. The Statistical Package and Service Solution – Version 23 was used to analyze the obtained information.

RESEARCH DESIGN

STATEMENT OF THE PROBLEM:

The present study plays a vital role in academic and non-academic sides. In the academic Library growth rate of books increase due to financial and personal reasons. this study attempts has been made to study ,and collection development in their college library of PC PT MGR government arts science college sirkali ,has been selected for this purpose. the chief reasons amongst them could be largely categorized under the broad heading, library collection, library physical facilities and its user community.

OBJECTIVES:

- To find out the data list of library collection on PC PT MGR Arts & science college.
- To analyze the year wise collection in various subject of PC PT MGR Arts & Science college.
- To find out the total number of document available in the library.

SCOPE AND METHODOLOGY'S:

This study both primary and secondary sources of data is collected from through the observation and oral interview from library staff. The secondary data are collected from the library rewards and ledger on issue and return of the library collection The data and information are including the details such as total number of books available in each library section The study is highly associated with the collection of development of PC PT MGR Arts& science college libraries sirkali. The study has been analyzed from the data collection only on PC PT MGR Arts & science college, sirkali.

PROFILE

With the blessings of the Hon'ble Former Chief Minister and Leader of the Revolution. J. Jayalalithaa Amma, the Hon'ble Chief Minister of Tamil Nadu Edappadi Palanichamy on 19.06.2017 under Rule 110 of the Tamil Nadu Legislative Assembly in the Sirkazhi Circle, Nagapattinam District Government Arts and Science College under the auspices of Sirkazhi Assembly Constituency and its environs. He issued the order that it will be started in the 2017-2018 academic year. Accordingly, on 02.08.17 at Sirkazhi Vattam Puthur, Siniwasa Subbaraya Government Technical College Campus, Hon'ble Minister of Handloom and Textiles, OS Maniyan, B.A. Tamil B.A. Launched in a temporary building with 5 courses: English, B.Com., B.Sc., Mathematics, and B.Sc., Computer Science. Nagapattinam District Collector Dr. C. Sureshkumar, Thanjavur Zonal College Associate Director of Education Dr. K. Manokaran, Mayiladuthurai Member of Parliament Mr. RK Bharathimohan and Sirkazhi Assembly Member Mr. PVBharathi in a temporary building on the premises of the College of Technology.

Implemented with all basic amenities.

Sirkazhi Kollidam Puthur Ponmana chemmal Revolutionary Leader MGR Government College of Arts and Sciences is scheduled to hold its first year student admission seminar for the academic year 2020-2021 from August 25. Students who have applied online for B.A Tamil, B.A English, B.Sc Mathematics, B.Sc Computer Science, B.Com, B.B.A will be interviewed by mobile based on their marks. Only selected students will be notified of the date, time, fee and certificates to be submitted for admission via SMS. Can be found through the website in - Chief

PROGRAMMES OFFERED

- B.A. TAMIL
- B.A. ENGLISH
- B.COM(ENGLISH MEDIUM)
- B.SC.,, MATHEMATICS(ENGLISH MEDIUM)
- B.SC., COMPUTER SCIENCE(ENGLISH MEDIUM)
- B.B.A
- M.SC., MATHEMATICS

ANALYSIS AND INTERPRETATION

TABLE 1 BASIC DATA

S.NO	FEATURE	DATA
1	Year of establishment	2017
2	Professional staff	01
3	Total No. Of Library Book collection	4096
4	Reader visiting average	40
5	Working hours	10 .00am to 04.00 p.m.
6	Holidays	Saturday Sunday government Holidays and vocations

Table 1 shows that the basic data of Ponmana Chemmal Puratchi Thalaivar Government Arts and Science College Puthur, Sirkali-609108, Tamil Nadu. The college library was established in the year 2017. The total number of document was 4096. There is 1 Professional staff are working in the College library. The library users average 40 per day. The library was opening all the working days happened Sunday and other government holidays are vocation.

TABLE 2 SUBJECT WISE DISTRIBUTION OF COLLECTION

S.NO	SUBJECT	NO.OF BOOKS	PERCENTAGE
1	TAMIL	1431	34.93
2	MATHEMATICS	985	24.04
3	ENGLISH	493	12.03
4	COMMERCE	464	11.42
5	COMPUTER SCIENCE	355	08.66
6	REFERENCE BOOKS	125	03.05
7	MANAGEMENT (B B.A)	118	02.90
8	GENERAL	113	02.78
9	PHYSICAL EDUCATION	11	00.76
	TOTAL	4096	100%

Table 2 shows that the subject wise distribution of collection of the library. Among the various subject ,the books in the subject Tamil 1431 (34.93) occupy first position, followed by subject of Mathematics 493 (12.03) occupy the second position, the subject English 493 (12.05), occupy the third position, the subject Commerce 464 (11.32) occupy the fourth position, the subject of Computer Science 355 (8.66) occupy the fifth position, the subject of Reference books 125 [03.05] occupy the sixth position, the subject of Management 119(02.90) to occupy the seventh position, finally the subject of physical education 113 (02.78) occupy the eighth position. Among the 10 subject the books of zoology 2316 (8.77) were occupies the low position. Among the eight subject ,the books in the subject Tamil 1431 (34.93) occupied first position and the subject of physical education 113 (02.78) occupy the eighth position.

TABLE-3 YEAR WISE DISTRIBUTION OF BOOKS

S.No	Year	Books	Percentage
1.	2017-2018	2666	65.08
2.	2018-2019	759	18.53
3.	2019-2030	671	16.38
Total		4096	99.99

The above table 3 shows that the purchased books from the year 2017-2018. During the period the books were gradually decreased. An interesting note is that the year 2017-2018 the total cost of books were significantly increased. In the year 2018-2019 and 2019-2020 the books have been very low. It could be seen clearly from the above discussion that Library books during the period of 3 years of study shows that the increasing and decreasing trends.

TABLE 4 GROWTH RATE OF BOOK COLLECTION AND COST

S.No	Year	Books	Percentage	Cost of Library Books	Percentage
1	2017-2018	2666	65.08	8,00,000	72.72
2	2018-2019	759	18.53	1,50,000	13.63
3	2019-2020	671	16.38	1,50,000	13.63
4	Total	4096	99.99	11,00,000	89.58

The table 4 shows that the total number of books added and total no Library Cost during the period. It shows the annual average and the increasing and decreasing trends during the period of the study. It could be seen clearly from the above analysis last three years totally 4096 books are subscribed and 11.00.000 rupees has been allocated for the Library. The Subject wise book, Subject Tamil 1431 (34.93) occupy first position and Year 2017-2018 allotted library fund is very high.

TABLE-5 YEARWISE DISTRIBUTION OF COST OF LIBRARY BOOKS

S.NO	YEAR	COST OF BOOKS IN RS	CUMULATIVE COST IN RS	PERCENTAGE
1	2017-2018	8,00,000	8,00,000	72.72
2	2018-2019	1,50,000	1,50,000	13.63
3	2019-2020	1,50,000	1,50,000	13.63
4	TOTAL	11,00,000	11,00,000	99.58

Table- 5 reveals that the year wise distribution of cost of Library Book in during three years from 2017-2018, 2018-2019 and 2019-2020. An interesting note is that Year 2017-2018 the cost of Library Books were significantly increased 8,00,000. In the year 2018-2019 and 2019-2020 the cost of Library Books have been allotted in very low and same cost 1,50,000. It could be seen clearly from the above table that the Cost of Library Books during the last three years of the study shows that the decreasing trends.

FINDINGS AND CONCLUSION

The purposed study in its analysis after investigation leads to certain useful judging. This study covers a period of 3 years (from 2017-2018, 2018-2019 and 2019-2020). The general impression is that the Ponmana Chemmal Puratchi Thalaivar Government Arts and Science College Puthur, Sirkali-609108, Tamilnadu. The college library was established in the year 2017 is able to meet requirements of the staff and students.

- The finding of the study, Among the eight subject, the books in the subject Tamil 1431 (34.93) occupied first position and the subject of physical education 113 (02.78) occupy the eighth position.

- The finding of the study, It could be seen clearly from the above discussion that Library books during the period of 3 years of study shows that the increasing and decreasing trends.
- The finding of the Study,It could be seen clearly from the above analysis last three years totally 4096 books are subscribed and 11.00.000 rupees has been allocated for the Library. The Subject wise book ,Subject Tamil 1431 (34.93) occupy first position and Year 2017-2018 allotted library fund is very high
- The finding of the study,It could be seen clearly from the above table that the Cost of Library Books during the last three years of the study shows that the Decreasing trends.

SUGGESTIONS:

- Building the collection of library in anticipation of the varied and constantly changing demands of students.
- The department may recommend new books for purchase from time to time.
- Relevant and qualitative competitive examination books for each and every arts and science courses should be provided for the wellbeing of students.
- If previous years' question papers with its model answer script are available in the library, it will help the students to prepare for their further examination.
- If reprography service is provided it will help the students to collect their relevant study materials.

REFERENCES

1. Chakaravarti (Bhubaneswar); Mahapatra (Piyushkanti). *Library collection: selection and preservation*. Calcutta, World Press, 1991.
2. Evans (Edward). *Developing library and information centre collections*. Littleton, Libraries Unlimited, 1987.
3. Danielson, R. (2012). A dual approach to assessing collection development and acquisitions for academic libraries. *Library Collections, Acquisitions, and Technical Services*, 56(3-4), 84-96.
4. Drotner, Kirsten (2005). Library innovation for the knowledge society. *Scandinavian PublicLibrary Quarterly*, vol. 38 (2).
5. Gorman (G E); Howes (B R). *Collection development for libraries*. London, Bowker-Saur, 1989.
6. Indian Library Association. *Building library collections and national policy for library and information services*. In: Mangla (P B), ed.-13th All India Library Conference, Jaipur, January 28-31, 1985. Seminar papers, Delhi
7. Jenkins (Clare); Morley (Mary). *Collection development in academic libraries*. Bombay, Jaico Publishing House, 1996.
8. Kardo Joseph Mwilongo (2020) Collection Development Guiding Tools in Academic Libraries in Tanzania *Technical Services Quarterly* Volume 37, 2020 - Issue 4 Pages 391-414 | Received 29 Jun 2020, Accepted 03 Aug 2020, Published online: 10 Nov 2020
9. Kotur M. B., Krishnamurthy, C.& Ramesh Kuri. (2013). Problems of Collection Development Among The Degree College Libraries of Dharwad District. India: 58th International Conference On Next Generation Libraries: New Insights and Universal Access to Knowledge. Organised by Department of LIS, Kamatak University, Dharwad and Indian Library Association, India. pp96-104.
10. Kotur and Mulimani (2018), Academic Libraries & Collection Development: Difficulties and Solutions. *Libraries with no boundaries Conference paper* 8th KSCLA National Conference on Libraries with No Boundaries at: Shivamogga
11. Mahapatra (P K). *Collection management in libraries*. New Delhi, Ess Ess Publications, 1999.
12. Martin (Murray S). *Colleciton development and finance*. Chicago, ALA, 1995.
13. Ranganathan (S R). *Library book selection*. 2nd ed., Bangalore, Sarada Ranganathan Endowment for Library Science, 1989.
14. Suseela Kumar. Reference service in the modern world. In The changing concept of reference service.Sarada Ranganathan Lecture series 7). Bangalore, Sarada Ranganathan Endowment in Library and Information Science, 1972. Delhi, Vikas Pub., 1974