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"ROLE OF SHODHANA, SHAMANA & RASAYANA IN THE MANAGEMENT OF VYANDHATVA CHIKITSA W.S.R. TO MANASA

BHAVA"

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Abstract:

Ayurveda is an ancient Indian medical science. Ayurveda divided into eight branches¹. In which Streeroga and Prasrutitantra comes under the branch of Kaumarbhritya. Streeroga deals with identification, diagnosis, pathology & treatment of various diseases related to women. Garbha is important aspect in women's life. Infertility has been one of the unsolved major complaints of womanhood. Infertility affects around 1 in 7 couples of reproductive age, often causing psychological distress. Infertility is defined as inability to conceive even after one year under normal marital relation without conception². In Ayurveda, this condition is considered as Vandhyatva. According to Ayurveda important factors for conception are considered as Ritu, Kshetra, ambu and bija³. Abnormality of properly functioning Vayu and Shatabhavas any of these responsible for developing Vandhyatva. It is treated with Shodhana, Shamana, Rasayana Chikitsa and with proper implementation of Dinacharya. Shodhana is very important in Vyandhatva. Shodhana helps to remove Avarodha of vitiated Vayu and provides area for Garbha Utpatti. Rasayana helps to reduce Manasa Bhava which are important causative factor for the development of Vyandhatva now a day's.

Keywords: Shodhana, Shamana, Rasayana, Vyandhavta, Manasa bhava.

Introduction:

Fertility is highly valued in the most cultures and the wish for a child is one of the most basic of all human motivation. Knowing the root cause of an infertility diagnosis can reduce the burden for patients. According to *Ayurveda* important factors for conception are considered as *Ritu*, *Kshetra*, *ambu* and *bija*³. Also *Hridaya* (Psychological entities, Proper functioning of *Vata & Shatabhavas*⁴ (*Matru*, *Pitru*, *Aatma*, *Satva*, *Satmya & Rasa*).

Acharya Charaka stated that one who conceive Garbha is Stree and other all remaining Stree's are Vandhya⁵. While Sushruta said; Stree having no artavapravrutti is known as 'Vandhya⁶'. The hetus of Vandhyatva are Janmottarvikruti, dushti in ambu-bija-Kshetra-Vayu, also due to sankocha in Garbhashaya, Artavavahi Dhamani avarodha, Stress, Yonivyapada, Rajodushti, Various Yonirogas etc. Sushruta explained Artavavah strotas Viddhya lakshana is Vandhyatva⁷. In Ayurveda Harita Samhita explained six types of Vandhyatva⁸. Now a day's it becomes very common disease among woman's and also in men's due to improper Lifestyle.

Therefore first treatment for that is *Shuddhi* of *Deha* and it is done by *Shodhana Chikitsa*. *Vamana*, *Basti*, *Uttara basti*, *Shirodhara* are very useful in the management of *Vyandhatva*. Also now a day's there is important causative factor responsible for *Vyandhatva* is *Manasa Hetu*. In *Ayurveda* best cognitive therapy is *Rasayana* (*Medhya Rasayana*) which are helps to reduce *Manasa Hetu*.

Aim:

Role of Shodhana, Shamana, Rasayana in the management of Vyandhatva Chikitsa w.s.r. to Manasa Bhava.

Objectives:

- A. To study the effect of Shodhana in the management of Vyandhatva Chikitsa w.s.r. to Manasa Bhava.
- B. To study the effect of Shamana in the management of Vyandhatva Chikitsa w.s.r. to Manasa Bhava.
- C. To study the effect of Rasayana in the management of Vyandhatva Chikitsa w.s.r. to Manasa Bhava.

Material and Method:

Case report :

A 23 year old female patient came hospital complaining of; Irregular menses since 4-5 years, Dysmenorrhoea, Backache, Enable to conceive *Garbha*. Patients *Nidana* was done initially along *with Nidana* panchaka, Ashtavidha and Dashavidha parikshas.

On examination:

Hetu (Causative factors):

- A) Aaharaj hetu: Milk, pickel, ice-creams, chips, kurkure, oily foods, dadhi, papad, soft drinks, etc.
- B) Viharaj hetu: Divaswap, Avyayama, Vega dharana, Ratri jagarana.
- C) Manas hetu: Stress, Job work stress, Early marriage causing depression, Ati-chinta, Shoka, Bhaya, Krodha.

General examination:

Nadi - 84/min

Shabda - Spashta

Mala – Mala baddhataSparsha - Anushna

Mutra – Samyaka

Druka - Prakrut

Jivha – Alpa saam

Aakruti – Krusha

PR = 84/min

BP = 110 / 70 mm hg

RS = clear, AE = BE

CVS = S1, S2 N

CNS = Conscious, Oriented.

P/A = Soft, no tenderness

Pallor = Present

Marital history: 5 years

Personal history:

Dinacharya: Wake up at round 6-7 'O' clock am but no regular exercise, Ruksha, Ushna, Tikshna Aahara sevan, spicy green vegetables, fast food Ati sevan, Divaswap, Ati chinta, Krodha etc.

Patient was all right before 4 years, patient taken allopathic treatment for the symptoms, but patient had no relief and she is diagnosed as PCOD.

Past history:

H/O – PCOD since 4 years.

No any H/O trauma, any major illness.

Role of Manasa Bhava in Vyandhatva:

Acharya Charaka emphasized that; Garbhadharana agreya Soumanasyam⁹. As Mana and Nadi sansthana both are considered as Sthana of Manasa. Satva as one among Shada bhavas are quoted under factors for Garbhadharana⁴. Where Satva is considered as erotic factor for sex stimulants. Harsha, Tarshat etc all mental factors are also considered as factors for a healthy sexual relation¹⁰.

According to *Acharya Charaka*; significantly explained that any disturbance of *Mana*, *Matru pitru satva*, *Vata dosha* as important *nidana* for *Vyandhatva*^{11,12}. *Manasa bhava / nidanas* like *Shoka*, *bhaya*, *ati-chinta*, *krodha* leads to impairement in *Hridaya* & normal functioning of *Nadisansthana*. Which further develops *dosha* vitiation, causes effects on *Prana*, *Apana vayu*, *Sadhaka Pitta* & *Tarpaka Kapha*. Which results in problem in *Shukra* & *Artava pravrutti*.

According to modern science; Emotional stress that interfered with disturbances in catecholamine & endorphin-affects gonadotropin release and subsequently results in an-ovulation. It reduces egg quality, delay the release of eggs & inhibit implantation of a fertilized egg, all of which make the chances of less conception.

Management:

A. Pachana Chikitsa:

Kalpa	Matra	Kala	Anupana
Aampachaka vati ¹³	250 mg	Poorvabhakta (2 times before meal)	Koshna jala

B. Shodhana Chikitsa:

	Dravya	Duration	Period of therapy
Snehapana	Phala ghrita ¹⁴	30ml, 60ml, 90ml, 120ml, 150ml	3 days or up to Sneha siddhi lakshana ¹⁵
Sarvang snehana	Abhyanga taila	20 minutes	3 days
Sarvang Swedana	Dashmoola + Nirgundi	15 minutes	3 days
Vamana ¹⁶	Madanphala, vacha, pippali	Up to samyaka siddhi lakshanas	1 day
Uttara basti ¹⁷	Tila taila	4 34	7 days
Shirodhara ¹⁸	Jatamansi siddha taila	48 minutes	7 days

C. Shamana Chikitsa:

	Matra	Kala	Anupana
Chandraprabha vati ¹⁹	250 mg	Poorva bhakta (2 times a day before meal)	Koshna jala
Vasant kusumakar rasa ²⁰	250 mg	Adhobhakta (2 times a day after meal)	Koshna jala

D. Rasayana Chikitsa:

	Matra	Kala	Anupana
Brahmi + Yashtimadhu Churna ²¹	2 – 4 gm	Adhobhakta (2 times a day after meal)	Godugdha

After *Snehapana*, *Vamana*, *Uttarbasti* and *Shirodhara* patient having regular menses, mild dysmenorrhoea and backache. Along with treatment proper *Dinacharya* and *Pathya-apathya* had been followed by patient. In Aahara *ghrita*, *taila pana*, *godhum*, *shashtika shali*, *mudga*, *mulaka*, *draksha*, carrot, *takra* pan, green vegetables are given. In *vihara vyayama*, no *divaswap* is advised. Also some *apathyas* was advised that avoid pickles, ice cream, chips, kurkure, papad, *dadhi* etc.

Observations:

Effect of the treatment on Vandhyatva.

	Symptoms	Before treatment	After treatment
VAS Scale	Dysmenorrhoea	10	5
	Backache	8	5
Irregular menses		Irregular	Regular

Gradation of Symptoms:

$$1 - 3 = Mild$$
; $4 - 6 = Moderate$; $7 - 10 = Severe$

Result:

Patient having complaints of Irregular menses since from 4-5 years, Dysmenorrhoea, Backache, Unable to conceive *Garbha* before the treatment. Patient having stress, there is involvement of some manasika hetus. After the treatment of *Snehapana* with *Phalaghrita*, *Vamana karma*, *Uttarbasti*, and for *Manasika Nidana Shirodhara and Rasayana* (*Brahmi+ Yashtimadhu Churna*) was given, which reduced Dysmenorrhoea, Backache, with regular menses.

Discussion:

In this study, observations were done before and after treatment based on symptoms and after *Shodhana*, *Shamana*, *Rasayana Chikitsa*. *Vandhyatva* is mainly causes due to *Avarodha* of *vata* and *kapha dosha*. *Snehapana* of *Phala ghrita* was given for 3 days up to *Sneha siddhi lakshanas* seen. *Snehana* and *Swedana* was also given for 3 days before the *Vamana karma*. It helps to clear the *avarodha* of *Kapha & Vata dosha*. *Shirodhara* and *Rasayana* was helpful for decreasing the Stress and *Manasika Nidanas*. It improves mental performance and functions of central nervous system. In today's era, *Manasika Nidanas / Bhavas* are very important for developing the diseases.

Conclusion:

In this case all symptoms like irregular menses, backache, dysmenorrhoea are markedly diminished in 3 months study and patient was successfully conceived. In conclusion *Snehapana*, *Vamana*, *Uttarabasti*, *Shirodhara* and *Shamana* & *Rasayana chikitsa* are significantly effective in *Vandhyatva*, followed by proper *Dinacharya*, *pathya-apathya*.

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