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Arishta Laxanas – A Retrospective Pilot Study

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Abstract: **Introduction** -Ayurveda is a Shastra, which speaks about the preventive and curative measures of an individual and also deals regarding the prognosis of the disease. Ayurveda Acharyas were having the Divya Drishti and Divya Chakshu through which the Acharyas used to make a keen observation of everything .Acharyas concentrated on the Arishta laxanas .Arishta Lakshana are those signs and symptoms which gives the knowledge regarding the upcoming death of a patient just as a flower indicates the next upcoming fruit, the smoke indicates fire and the clouds indicates rain in the same way there is no death without Arishta laxanas and there is definite death after the Arishta Laxanas. Material-Charaka Samhita, some of the net sources. Method-survey study. Aims and Objectives-Prashna Pareeksha one among the Trividha Pareeksha is used here in this study to evaluate the absence or presence of Arishta Laxanas in the 10 subjects **Results**-Some of the changes in the parameters have been observed in the subjects. **Conclusion**-Without Arishta Laxanas no death occurs. So here an effort has been made to document the Arishta Laxanas based upon the diagnostic criteria Varna, Gandha, Sparsha.

IndexTerms - Arishta Laxanas, death, pilot study.

I. INTRODUCTION

The science of disease diagnosis and assessment are best described in Ayurveda. Acharyas had no tools or instruments, they had a keen sense i.e Dhyana Chakshu and Jnana Chakshu to observe, on assess and to arrive at a proper prognosis. Amongst all, the signs and symptoms of death is very unique and sometimes beyond normal perception. Arishta, Marana, ominous signs Arishta Lakshana are those signs and symptoms which herald the oncoming death just as flowers indicate the next upcoming fruit, the smoke indicates fire and clouds indicate rain in the same way, no death occurs without Arishta and there will be no life after their appearance. Ayurveda explains about prognosis with aspects viz Sadhyasadhyata of Vyadhi, Arishta Lakshana, Ojokshaya etc. Factors to be examined for assessment of Arishta are Varna, Swara, Gandha, Sparsha, Chakshu, Shrotra, Ghraana, Rasana, Sparshana, Mana, Bhakti, Shaucha, Sheela, Achara, Smruti, Aakruti, Prakruti, Bala, Medha, Harsha, Ruksha, Sneha, Tandra, Gourava, Laghava, Ahara, Vihaara, Aaharparinama, Upaya, Apaya, Purvaroopa, Rupa, Vedana, Upadrava, Chaya, Pratichaya, Swapna, Bheshyaja, are the criterias in which Arishta has been explained in our Samhitas¹. Duration specific Arishta, Disease specific Arishta, Arishta related to Purva Rupa are explained in *Indriya Sthana* of *Charaka Samhita*.

II.Aims and objectives-

1.To rule out the evidences of presence or absence of Arishta Laxanas in the present era through survey study.

III.Materials-

- 1. Survey related questionnaire.
- 2. Ayurveda treatises.
- 3. Some of the dictionaries to translate some words.

IV.Method-

1.Survey Method.

A proforma was prepared for the survey study in the form of close ended questionnaire to document the presence or absence of Arishta Laxanas.

- 2.Area of selection-N.K.Jabshetty.AMC,BIDAR
- 3.Study Design-Explorative study.
- 4. Sample size-10.
- 5.Study method- Cross sectional study
- 6.Sampling Technique-Purposive sampling.
- 7. Laboratory Investigation-Not required.
- 8. Follow up-Not required.
- 9. Method of collection of Data-Face to face interview was done with the patients relative and documented the response of relatives in their own words.
- 10.Inclusion criteria-Natural deaths, Subjects fulfilling the above criteria.
- 11.Exclusion criteria-Unnatural death, Subjects not fulfilling the above criteria.
- 12. Ouestionnaire-
- 1. What is the relation of the subject with the patient?
- 2.Did you observe any abnormality like change in skin colour, any sainted/odd odour of the body before or after bath, any abnormality in the touch like dryness or softness of the skin sudden change in the texture of the skin prior to the few days of the death of the patient?²

Table no-1-showing presence or absence of the Arishta Laxanas.

| Sl.no | Relation with | Varna | Gandha | Sparsha |
|-------|-----------------|-----------------------|--------------|---------------|
| | the patient | | | |
| 1. | Daughter | Observed Varna | Did not | Observed |
| | | Vikriti | observed | Khara Sparsha |
| 2 | Wife | Observed Varna | Did not | Did not |
| | | Vikriti | observed | observed. |
| 3 | Wife | Did not | Did not | Did not |
| | | observed | observed | observed |
| 4 | Wife | Observed <i>Varna</i> | Did not | Did not |
| | | Vikriti | observed | observed |
| 5 | Son | Did not | Did not | Did not |
| | | observed | observed | observed |
| 6 | Daughter in law | Did not | Did not | Did not |
| | | observed | observed | observed |
| 7 | Wife | Did not | Did not | Did not |
| | | observed | observed | observed |
| 8 | Son | Did not | Did not | Did not |
| | | observed | observed | observed |
| 9 | Son | Did not | Observed the | Did not |
| | | observed | Mutra like | observed |
| | | | Gandha some | |
| | | | times. | |
| 10 | Son | Observed | Did not | Did not |
| | | changes in the | observed | observed |
| | | skin colour | | |

V.Observation and Results-

- 1.It is observed that among 10 subjects, 4 subjects observed Varna Vikriti.
- 2.It is observed that among 10 subjects,1 subject observed Gandha Vikriti.
- 3.It is observed that among 10 subjects,1 subject observed Sparsha Vikriti.

VI.Discussion -

- 1.Discussion on materials-Ayurveda treatise compramises of Charaka Samhita, Sushruta Samhita, Ashtanga Hrudaya. Based upon these treatises only the questionnaire were framed. These treatises are considered as Aptopadesha for this study.
- 2.Discussion on method-survey method with close ended questionnaire were framed just to know the presence or absence of the *ArishtaLlaxanas* .
- 3.Discussion on the parameters such as *Varna*, *Gandha Sparsha* were considered here because these can be easily assessed or observed by common people. Agni is the directly proportional to the *Rasa Dhatu Utpatti* which nourishes all the tissues of the body,in the patient of *Vikrta Varna as Agni is Manda* the first *Rasa Dhatu* is not nourished & completely formed,as per *Kedarakulya Nyaya*,the *Uttara Uttara Dhatu Kshaya* takes place due to which the gradual death of the tissues takes place.
- 4.Discussion on the observations and results-Among 10 subjects 4 subjects observed *Varna Vikriti*,1 subject observed *Gandha* and *Sparsha Vikriti*,here the other subjects did not observed the *Arishta Laxanas* this does not mean that there was no *Arishta Laxanas* but this shows that they did not observed it keenly because of lack of knowledge of the *Arishta Laxanas*,may be because of their busy schedule,may be because of the hospital staying of the patient. As without *Arishta Laxanas* there is no manifestation of death.

VII.Conclusion-

- 1.It is mandatory that Arishta Laxanas are must to be occur before death.
- 2. Without Arishta Laxanas there is no death.
- 3. Arishta Laxanas are evident and practical.

VIII.References -

- 1. Vaidya JT ACHARYA, adhyaya 1-12 indriyasthana ,Editor, Charaka Samhita by Agnivesha with Ayurveda Deepika commentary.varanasi, chowkhambha surabharathi prakashana, 2009.
- 2. Vaidya JT ACHARYA,adhyaya 1-12 indriyasthana ,Editor,Charaka Samhita by Agnivesha with Ayurveda Deepika commentary.varanasi,chowkhambha surabharathi prakashana,2009.
- 3..Some of the articles related to this study.

IX. Questionnaire -

- 1.Relation with the patient?
- 2. Arishta laxanas present /absent?
- 3. Abnormality observed in the gandha, varna, sparsha?

X.CONSENT FORM

- **1.TITLE OF THE STUDY:**_"Documentation of presence of Arishta Laxanas in the present era –A survey study."
 - 1. Participant enrollment ID for this study:
 - 2. Name of the investigating physician (Research Scholar): Dr.MANJULA
 - 3. Name of the lecturer:Dr.Manjula
 - 4. I confirm that I have read / the study has been explain to me adequately and I have understood the information sheet for the above study and had the opportunity to ask question .
 - 5. I understand what is involved in this trial and agree to take part in this survey study for a period of one day.

Name of the subject:

Gender(M/F):

Age:

Religion:

Occupation:

Address:

Mobile Number:

Investigating physcian(Research scholar):

Signature with date: Dr.Manjula

