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A REVIEW ON AHARA –VIDHI VIDHAN (DIETETIC RECOMMENDATIONS) BY ACHARYA CHARAKA

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Abstract

In this Era no one can follow the proper dietary guidelines and adequate nourishment is the simple requirement for healthy life. but without recognize appropriate dietary Guidelines, nobody cannot improve ideal advantage from the diet consumed. There are various advices associated to diet and its contents in modern aspect on the other hand the Ayurvedic tactic has its extraordinary significance. Acharya Charak has quoted Ahara Vidhi Vidhan (dietetic recommendations) which can avoid several diseases rising simply due to defective dietetic behaviour's. Scientific clarification for each element is explicated.

Key words: Ahara Vidhi Vidhan, food, dietetic recommendations, dietary instructions

INTRODUCTION

In Current era there is raised occurrence of life style illnesses in which defective dietary behaviors play a significant role. Acharya Charaka quoted food as prana or life of alive beings if it consumes appropriately but if consume in a defective or faulty mode may cause death.1

"प्राणाः प्राणभृतामन्नं तद्युक्त्या निहन्त्यसून् । विषं प्राणहरं तच्च युक्तियुक्तं रसायनम् ।। 24/60 ।।"

In this hurry and worry era, due to modification in lifestyle, human is giving tiniest importance to his diet and dietary guidelines. If as per Acharaya Charaka mentioned Ayurvedic dietary guidelines are followed, many more diseases can be prohibited rising only due to defective dietary behaviors.

SCIENTIFIC ENLIGHTENMENT OF AHARA VIDHI VIDHAN

Acharya Charak has given proper dietary guiding principle called as Ahara Vidhi Vidhan.²

उष्णं, स्निग्धं, मात्रावत्; जीर्णे, वीर्याविरुद्धम्, इष्टे देशे, इष्ट सर्वोपकरणं; नातिद्रतं नातिबिलम्बितम् -, अजल्पन्, अहसन्, तन्मना भुञ्जीत्, आत्मानमभिसमीक्ष्य सम्यक ॥ चरक विमानस्थान १/२४ ॥

scientific justifications are explained in subsequent points.

1) Ushnamashniyat (consuming warm food)

तस्य साद्गुण्यमुपदेक्ष्यामः—उष्णमश्रीयात् उष्णं हि भुज्यमानं स्वदते, भुक्तं चाग्निमौदर्य मूवी- रयति, क्षिप्रं जरां गच्छति, बातमनुलोमयति, श्लेष्माणं च परिहासयति: तस्मादष्णमश्रीयात ॥ च.विमानस्थान १/२५-१

Warm food has good sense of taste and doesn't affect on Jatharagni. Food is effortlessly digested as food has to come to body temperature for digestion.³ Vata and kapha are pacified on consumed warm food. Due to Heating also kills microorganisms likes germs, bacteria etc. On other side consuming cold food much more energy will be used for digestion which may lead to laziness or lethargy. So, warm food i.e. *Ushnamashniyat* must be consumed.

2)Snigdhamashniyat (Diet should include fat)

स्निध्धमश्रीयातः, स्निग्धं हि भुज्यमानं स्वदते, भुक्तं चानुदीर्णमग्निमुदीरयति, क्षिप्रं जरा गच्छति, बातमनुलोमयतिः, शरीरमुपचिनोतिः, वृढीकरोतीन्द्रियाणिः, बलाभिवृद्धिमुपजनयति वर्णप्रसाद चाभिनिर्वर्तयतिः, तस्मात् स्निग्धमश्रीयात् (२) ॥

Fat or lipids upgrades the taste of food, rises agni so food straight forwardly digested, calm down vata due to snigdha guna, improves developmental body growing, supplies strength to our senses, improves strength and also develops complexion and glow of the skin all over the body. Fat supplies a concentrate foundation of energy and necessary fatty acids are required for growth and development, construction of nerve cells in the brain. Fat is physiologically necessary for the absorption of Vit. A, D, E and K. These vitamins are well recognized to intensification of immunity, good for skin and eyes, Vit. E is an antioxidant, Vit. D is significant for Calcium absorption which supplies intense power to bones. High density lipoproteins (HDL) is essential as it decreases risk of heart disease. Eating fatty acids can enrichment metabolism. Dietary fat benefits in breakdown of existing fat by triggering of PRAR-alfa and fat burning pathways through liver. Akuksha ahara may perfect reason for obstruction in srotas. Ghrita is greatest vata-pitta shamak and tail is greatest vata-kapha sahamak⁵ so if diet ingredients together then it calms down tridosh. Achayra Charak comments ksheergritabhyaso rasaynanam. 5 Monounsaturated fatty acids benefit in stabilizer in blood sugar level. Omega -3 fatty acid generate a greater sense of fullness for lengthier times so that stomach does not want food another time, inhibiting obesity, it also boosts serotonin level in brain helping upgrading in mood as well as motivation. It is also stimulating muscle protein synthesis in elder adults.

3) Matravatashniyat (Balanced Diet) -

मात्राबदश्रीयातः मात्रावद्धि भुक्तं वातपित्तकफानपीड्यदायुरेव विवर्धयति केवलंः सुखं गुदमल्- पर्येति, न चोष्माणमुपहन्ति, अव्यथं च परिपाकमेति: तस्मान्मात्रावदश्रीयात (३) ॥

Approving to Ayurveda matra (amount) is of two type –

one is sarvagraha (whole amount) & other parigrah (amount of individual ingredient) so the diet must contain of variation of food stuffs in appropriate quantity from different type of groups so that it contains all micro and macro nutrients. Stable diet does not disturb Dosha position of human body, improves longevity, becomes digested then passes out without any difficulty, Quantity of the diet should be according to agni and bala of the human body.6

4) Jeerneashniyat (Meal taken after digestion of previous meal)

जीर्णेऽश्रीयातुः अजीर्णे हि भुञ्जानस्याभ्यवहृतमाहारजातं पूर्वस्याहारस्य रसमपरिणतमुत्तरेणा- हाररसेनोपसृजत् सर्वान् दोषान् प्रकोपयत्याश्, जीर्णे तु भुञ्जानस्य स्वस्थानस्थेषु दोषेण्यग्नौ चोदी जातायां च बुभुक्षायां विवृतेषु च स्रोतसां मुखेषु विशुद्धे चोद्गारे हृदये विशुद्धे वातानुलोम्ये विसृष्टेषु च वातमूत्रपुरीषवेगेष्वभ्यवहृतमाहारजातं सर्वशरीरधातून प्रदूषयदायुरेवाभिवर्धयति केवलं; तस्माज्जीर्णेऽ- श्रीयात् (8) II

Next meal should be taken after digestion of previous meal. This inhibits Adhyashan which leads to Ama creation, which is the main causeactive factor of mainstream of diseases. On consuming meal in Ajeernavastha, Grahanidosh and vitiation of all dosha happens. Thus the food should be eat after digestion of previous diet as Acharya Charaka states as kaalbhojnam arogyakaranam. 5

5) Veeryaviruddham ashniyat

वीर्याविरुद्ध मश्रीयातः अविरुद्धवीर्यमश्रन हि विरुद्धवीर्याहारजविकारैर्नोपसुज्यतेः तस्माद् वीर्याविरुद्ध मश्रीयात (५) ॥

It is crucial to take veerya-aviruddha aahar to prohibit problems stand up due to viruddhaveerya aahara such as

षण्ढयान्ध्य वीसर्पदकोदराणां विस्फोटकोन्मादभगन्दराणाम ।

मुर्च्छामदाम्मान गेल ग्रहाणां पाण्डवामयस्यामविषस्य चैव ॥ १०२ ॥

किलासकृष्ठ ग्रहणीगदानां शोथाम्लपित्तज्वरपीनसानाम् । सन्तान दोषस्य तथैव मृत्योविरुद्ध मन्त्रं तथैव मृत्यो विरुद्धमन्त्रं प्रवदन्ति हेतुम् ॥ १०३ ॥

Impotency, blindness, raktavikar i.e. herpes zoster, grahani, amavisha, hypersensitivity, kustha (skin disorders), shotha, fever, etc and may even reason to death.⁷

6) Ishtadeshe ishtasarvopkarnam chashniyat (Meal take at correct place and with appropriate utensils)

इष्टे देशे इष्ट्रसर्वोपकरणं चाश्रीयातः इष्टे हि देशे भुञ्जानो नानिष्टदेशजे मनोविघातक रे भवेिर्मनो- विघातं प्राप्नोतिः, तथैवेष्टेः सर्वोपकरणेः, तस्मादिष्टे देशे तथेष्ट्रसर्वोपकरणं चाश्रीयात (६) ॥

Meal should be taken in proper place and with appropriate instruments therefore proper sanitation is maintained and no hassle rises for the duration of mealtime. In stressful illness, cortisol levels are upsurges. In a study showed on 59 healthy women, they were exposed to both a stress session and a control session on different days, stress rises cortisol level in body, so they consumed much additional calories on stress day than on control day. More sweet foodstuff was eating done by them. Increase in negative temperament in reacted as stress, lead to maximum food eating.8

7)Naatidrut amashniyat (Not eating too fast)

नातिद्रुतमश्रीयात्; अतिद्रुतं हि भुञ्जानस्योत्स्रेहनमवसादनं भोजनस्याप्रतिष्ठानं च, भोज्यदोष- साद्गुण्योपलब्धिश्च न नियता; तस्मान्नातिद्रतमश्रीयात् (७)॥

Too fast eating of food can produce numerous problematic illnesses. If food particle goes in respiratory tract it can causing choking or further respiratory tract infections or difficulties like GERD. If food is eating in appropriate speed, enzymatic juices mixture accurately therefore food becomes simply digested. Human Brain takings around 20 minutes to identify that stomach is full, hence eating with optimal speed avoids over consuming of food. In a study on 30 young women of normal weight & eating same lunch on two dissimilar times. Ist time they eating as speedily as possible and 2nd time eating slowly. Once they consume food quickly, gain 646 calories in nine minutes and remained less satisfied and recognized hungry as compared to when they eating slowly gain only 579 calories in 29 minutes with more satisfaction and completeness. Eating slowly can reduction food ingestion inhibiting over eating, healthier absorption of nutrients, improved appetite parameter and better satisfaction. ¹⁰

8) Naati vilambitamashniyat (Not eating too slowly)

नातिविलम्बितमश्रीयातः अतिविलम्बितं हि भुआनो न तृप्तिमधिगच्छति, बहु भुते, शनीभवत्याहारजातं -, विषमं च पच्यतेः तस्मान्नातिविलम्बितमश्रीयात् ।। (८)

If foodstuff is consumed too slowly, it is not accurately digested as enzymatic secretions does not mixture appropriately with the foodstuff leading to inadequate digestion, it doesn't gets satisfied, eats more and food becomes getting cool.

9) **Ajalpanahasan tanmanabhunjeet** (Eating without speaking or laughing, Mindful eating)

अजल्पन्नहसन् तन्मना भुञ्जीतः, जल्पतो हसतोऽन्यमनसो वा भुञ्जानस्य त एव हि दोषा भवन्ति य एवातिद्रुतमश्रतः; तस्मादजत्पन्नहसंस्तन्मना भुञ्जीत ॥ (९)

No gossip or laughing throughout the time of meal but it should be eating with full concentration. Achayra charak mentioned that the even pathyaahar taken in appropriate quantity does not become digested, due to chinta (worry), shok(sorrow), bhaya (fear), krodh (anger), dukh (sadness) and in incorrect bed time and sleep. 11 There are probabilities to ingest discriminating food substances by error. Indriyas also intake food through senses, hence food also essential to be of good rupa, rasa, gandha and sparsh. We can simply sense these once we concentrate on food at the time of eating. Children and adults also these days eat while running to, tuition, school or office resulting that there is no relaxation, deprived digestion or nutrition, reduced performance and as a final point depression occurs. Watching TV while eating, interpret that more foodstuff eating as no attention is compensed on food.

10) Aatmanamabhisamikshya bhunjeet samyak (Eating after analyzing self obersving needs)

आत्मानमभिसमीक्ष्य भुञ्जीत सम्यक्, इदं ममोपशेते इदं नोपशेत इत्येवं विदितं ह्यस्यात्मन आत्मसात्म्यं भवति; तस्मादात्मानमभिसमीक्ष्य भुञ्जीत सम्यगिति ।। २५ ।

Food should be consumed permitting to satmya, prakruti, agni and bala. It should be taken allowing to self-energy and nutritional necessity for example in case of pregnancy, child, laborer, intellectual, old people or sick people. Old individual has lesser appetite but required nutritive diet. Energy necessity enlarged for the duration of puberty, adolescence, pregnancy and lactation. Diet of sick persons should be giving to disease phase or conditional.

CONCLUSION

Present day to day life highest lawbreaker is diet/Ahara so that Observing the all above facts, it can be concluding that diet or ahara should be consume as per to Ahara Vidhi Vidhan (dietary recommendations) which are accurately scientific as stated by our Acharya Charaka. Several diseases can be prohibited rising only due to defective nutritive behaviors. In good health

eating behaviors may benefit lower risk for type-2 diabetes, heart disease, stroke, cancer, infertility and various other health related difficulties.

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