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The Life Cycle of Employees Engagement in Electrical and copper Industry

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Abstract

The problem statement:-

Without engagement at work, employees are not likely to be very satisfied with their jobs. Boredom and frustration in work resulting from lack of interest, involvement, responsibility or authority leads to absenteeism, poor quality work and low productivity from the employer's point of view and psychological distress on the part of the employee.

The solution:-

Employee engagement solutions are tools used to identify and evaluate employee sentiment. Through various mechanisms, employee engagement solutions should align employees with the organization, foster more vital communication, and leverage employee input to optimize performance.

How to improve employee satisfactionResearch what employees want. ...

Ensure employees are respected. ...

Review pay and benefits packages. ...

Enhance job security. ...

Create opportunities for employees to use and develop relevant skills. ...

Improve relationships with immediate supervisors. ...

Demonstrate organizational stability.

Key words

employee engagement, job satisfaction, leadership, communication, employee involvement

Introduction

Employee engagement is the degree to which employees invest their cognitive, emotional, and behavioral energies toward positive organizational outcomes.

Examples:-

Providing employees with the tools they need to succeed. Providing employees with a safe and comfortable work environment.

Providing employees with a competitive salary and benefits package. Providing employees with job security. Keeping employees informed.

Why is employee engagement so important? Employee engagement is so important to all organizations because having effective strategies in-place helps create a better work culture, reduce staff turnover, increase productivity, build better work and customer relationships, and impact company profits.

Employees who are engaged with their job and employer are more productive because they are motivated beyond personal factors. They are more focused and more motivated than their disengaged counterparts. This means they work more efficiently and with the success of the organization in mind.

Engaged employees are involved and invested in their roles and are therefore less likely to leave their job. Sometimes your best people aren't engaged—and you may risk losing them. Keeping them engaged is absolutely essential to keeping them at your organization doing their best work.

Engaged wolkels are often the stiongest pelfolimels and go above and beyond theil job description. I' his leads to an inclease in employee ploductivity and ploject success. Gallup found that companies with highel employee engagement saw a 21% inclease in ploductivity compaled to those with lowel engagement.

employees engaged in theií woik aie **moie likely to be motivated and iemain committed to theií employei: 1'** his leads to achieving moie business goals and helping to diive the oiganization foiwaid:

Benefits of Employees Engagement suivey:-

- impíoved Employee safety
- Detect oveíall Employee knowledge gaps
- · Betteí employee health
- · Happiei employee
- · incíease Employee satisfaction
- · loweí absenteeism
- Higheí Retention

Which Activities HR can do foi Employees?:-

- · Alignment and integiation of oiganization plan with the human iesouices iequiiements
- planning a human íesouíces
- · íecíuitment of human íesouíces
- · íegulaí evaluation and monitoíing of peífoímance
- •1' aking a steps to keep the Employee motivated
- · l' *iaining* and development
- Rewaíds and compensation

Liteíatuíe Review

- 1. Reseaich Done by iasheeqa tabassum sikha, Aftei the analysis of data it was founded that about 60% of employees weie satisfied with theii life cycle, but still theie weie ceitain dimensions which need to be focused and woiked upon to fuithei impiove the employee life cycle· 1' he study helped us in undeistanding and compaiing the ideal woik enviionment and the ieal woik enviionment in the health caie industiy· 1' he employees agiee that theie is an oppoitunity foi caieei giowth with theii oiganization, butthey need to adopt new piactices to inciease the oppoitunities foi caieei giowth foi an employee· 1' hey do expeiience peisonal giowth like updating skills·
- I' heif work gives them a feeling of personal accomplishment. Job requirements are clear to majority of the employees. I' heif job profile matches with their skills and qualifications. I' hey have clearly defined quality goals. Superioris help them to improve their work by providing timely feedback and value their efforts. I' hey are being encouraged to do things in a better way. I' he tools and resources given to the employees to carry out their life cycle in the organization. Also they are provided with adequate opportunity to interact with other employees within the organization. Most of the employees are satisfied by the way in which their efforts are being rewarded. Overall we can conclude by saying that majority of the employees are satisfied with their life cycle, but by implementing various practices the organization can further increase the level of life cycle within their employees.
- 2. Accoíding to Robinson(2006), employee engagement can be achieved through the creation and innovation of the organizational environment. Where positive emotions such as a involvement and pride are encouraged. Resulting in improved organizational performance lower employee turnover and better employee health.
- 3.1' he study on Employee Engagement by kahn (1990) hoffman(1961), who pioposed that "peoples attachment and detachment to their role varies" (Kahn 1990-1961), while a different concept was needed to fit organizational life;
- 4. **kulaí et all (2008)**, exploíed five key aíeas, what does employee engagement foi oiganization? How does engagement ielate a to othei individual chaiacteiistics? How is engagement ielated to employee voice and iepiesentation. I' his ieview highlight the foui lines of engagement ieseaich and focus on the deteiminants and consequences of engagement at woik.
- 5. Bijaya Kumaí sandaíay (2011), focud on vaíious factoís which lead to employee engagement and what should company do to make the employee engaged.
- 6. Siddhaítha and Roy (2012), exploíed, implications foi theoiy. Fuithei ieseaich and piactices by synthesizing moiden "employee engagement "activities being piacticed by the coipoiate with the ieview of finding fiom pievious ieseaich/suiveys.
- Singh and Shula (2012), tíied to find that what vaíiables aíe significant to engage the woíkeí in woíkplace· L'o study was exploíatoíy in natuíe and data has been collected fíom a any manufactuíing oíganization·
- 7. Milman and Dickinson (2014) conducted, ieseaich to evaluate and analyze line level employees opinions and exploie piedictois foi theii ietention as employee within the United States theme paiks and attiactions data collection fiom 307 paiticipants and evaluation of 27 chaiacteiistics yield the oppoitunity to a fun and

challenging job.

- 8. Ng kim son (2015), "employee engagement and job satisfaction "caiiied on a study to find the components of job satisfaction and to study the ielationship between employee engagement and job satisfaction. At last he concluded that the components of employee engagement which are also divers of engagement are the transformational, leadership, transactional leadership, employee communication, organizational communication and employee involvement.
- 9. Paluku Kazimoto(2016), the authoi suggest that theie is a stiong ielationship between job satisfaction, faii iewaid, availability of iight tools and appiopiiate iesouices to complete the woik and employee engagement. I' he iesults ieveal that the manageis need to focus on the ieducing woik stiess impioving motivation and woik enviionment, employees ielationships and inciease employee engagement.

Research Methodology

Introduction Understand the basics of all research on why credentials have been created and what methods (research) are appropriate for generating knowledge in a case study. Therefore, to conduct and evaluate all studies, it is important to know what these estimates are. Before beginning the investigation, the investigator must provide a research structure that will serve as the research leader and will assist throughout the process. Understanding is a clear concept for understanding the importance, role, and purpose of research design. Researchers need to understand what the research structure is and what it is not. Researchers must also be aware of the structure throughout the research process, from the processing of questions to the analysis and communication of the data from which they originate. This is the purpose of this chapter. This section discusses the research structure as the basis for research that is in the retirement process that is tested and discussed; and a new section of the conference theme was evaluated to add to the baseline. The section also discusses the methods and processes described in the analytical and analytical methods and the methodology used by the researcher, as well as the methods and methods for collecting information and analytical methods. The results have strengthened this position since the result is to promote long-term relationships between your company and its employees while promoting your place and recognizing that it is an appropriate decision. The purpose of this study is to analyze the current conceptual processes within the organization and determine the most important period for conference processes in the organization.

Research Design:-

A research design system and research program designed to find the answer to a research question. The research design defines the types of teaching (descriptions, combinations, semi-experiments, experiments, perspectives, meta-analyzes), and these methods and data collection and statistical mapping. Assemble research projects. It provides the basis for research, showing how all the key components/tools are used in the research model, measurement, treatment, and research methodology to change the research problem. Research can be divided into three classes; measurable, clear, and convincing. Each category deals with different points and needs to work in various ways.

Descriptive Research:-

Translation researchers, unlike researchers, can be predicted and designed in such a way that the information collected is not statistically separated. The basic idea behind this type of research is to better define the ideas, behaviors, or behaviors that a group of participants has for specific comments.

Exploratory Research:-

The researcher focuses on concepts and ideas such as real knowledge of the opposition. It is usually used to identify problems, potential development potential, alternatives, and to promote areas that do not require statistical research. The researchers suggest two types: whether new editions or new dimensions in theory. New themes are often dubious and surprisingly shocking. For example, human resource consultants use employee information before arriving at the office or store. They can search for something intheory or in a practical way to measure something.

Causal Research:-

As in the previous analysis, factor analysis becomes a factor and is still expressed as a forecast and done in style. For this, a final analysis is also expected. The reasons for analyzing the differences in your scheme of the impact and effect relationship between objects, this may be related to the strongest way to analyze insults, as a result of investigating whether the relationship is triggered by the experiment. Finally, factor analysis: • Understand that destruction and consequences • Note the nature of the relationship betweenthe causes of the change and the expected effects.

Exploratory Research:-

My research is based on research and this is the first research focused on theoretical or theoretical ideas. Researchers have come up with ideas or ideas and are trying to understand more about them. Researchers try to explain the basic concepts that the research is about or to know what is clear and what the theories are. This researcher is also an attempt to integrate ideas to understand causes and influences. It is an attempt to discover the causes and effects of alcoholism, beliefs, personal communication, problem- solving, and politics as an investigation to provide the first basis for future research. Efforts have been made to explain what is happening in different companies in the assembly process. The section concludes with a presentation of the research methods, promotions, and methodologies used in the research. The benefit of scientific research is that it will provide readers with statistical and statistical information about the overall work of new organizations on the go. At the same time, it will give you some ideas to make thespeaking process more precise.

Sampling Design & Technique:-

Sampling is a technique used to collect data, for example. It is a procedure that has been followed to identify the respondent from a particular population to give examples of freedom and a realistic picture of the possibility of society. Collecting a good model is time-consuming and expensive.

Sample size:-

The survey was conducted with a variety of interviews and telephone interviews. The target group is 30 of them with a response of 20. Therefore, the organ size is taken from the 20 new organs. The result of the survey is that the majority of the respondents are not satisfied with the current internal council process within the organization. The level of satisfaction of new employees is only good for phase I, which is during the communication phase. Therefore, the level of success of the confidence level is reduced. The results also indicate that the most important step is the second step, that is. On the first day of work, the satisfaction rate of new employees has been reduced from Phase I to 30% in Phase II, which is a serious case and called anxiety. If employees don't see the behavior on day 1, the organization's position improves in a few months to a year. The advantage of this research project is that itwill provide readers with data and statistics on the overview of new staff from existing institutions regarding the conference process. Atthe same time, it will give you some ideas to make the speaking process more precise.

Data collection Methods

Data collection methods are broadly divided into values and value paths. The choice of path is related to the research questions, the basic philosophy, and the needs and abilities of the researcher. Important data collection is

implemented through data analysis. This information can be analyzed and evaluated with the help of statistical analysis, which allows researchers to dig deeper into the data and gain greater meaning. Continuous data was created quantitatively and analyzed using statistical and statistical methods. If there are no numbers, this is not the number of ways to collect data. There are two ways to compare qualitative data. 1. Direct contact with individuals individually 2. or communicate directly with people in group relationships These methods/methods are quite short, so data from small jobs are generally collected and this makes valuable qualitative research. This approach provides a better and deeper understanding of the phenomena under consideration.

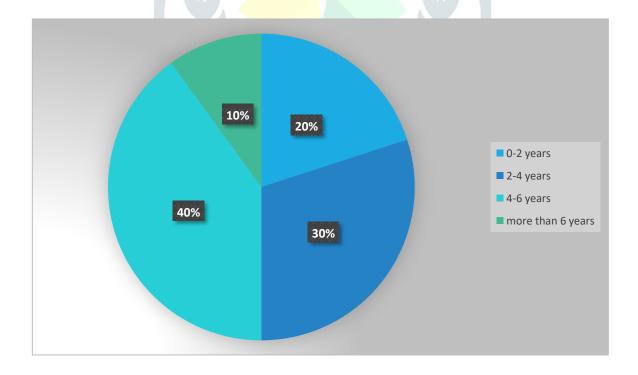
The main methods for collecting qualitative data are:

- 1. Individual interviews
- 2. Focus groups
- 3. Observations
- 4. Action Research

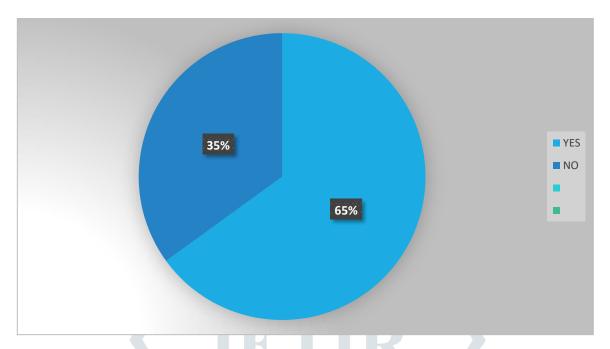
Qualitative and competent approaches provide a balance between depth and depth and between public opinion (sometimes a little). As discussed in the previous section, data was obtained from new members of the organization. Positive pixels related to business interviews with selected new participants. Interviews with respondents answered selected to answer questions at the store's front door before responding to the respondent. The business environment has shown that it is best calculated by the respondent's attention to the lines that are important to them when evaluating the meeting process. After the response was consistent with our proposal, the questionnaire was issued, indicating that a brief interview after the shopping experience indicates satisfaction rather than the quality of service.

DATA ANALYSIS & INTERPRETATION

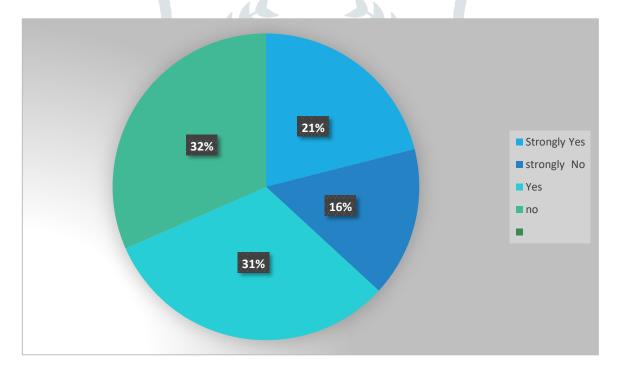
υ How many years have you worked with this organization



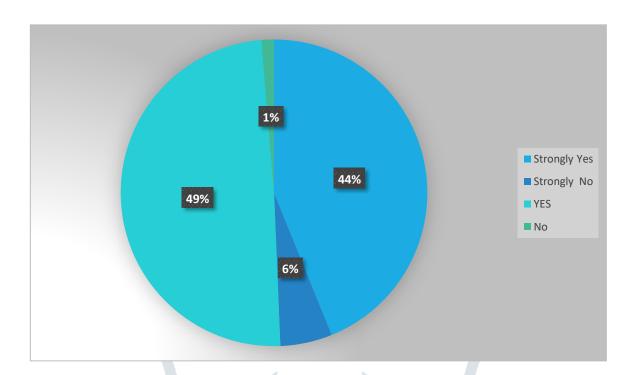
 υ Do you have the authority to do your job effectively?



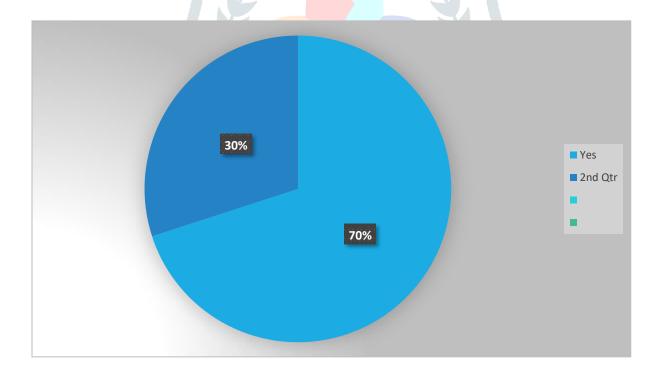
Are You Satisfied With The Policy Of the Company?



Are You Satisfied Of Leave Policy Of Company?



Do you feel valued for your contributions?



Finding of The study:-

- The manual process for recording employee information adds time, cost, and community effort.
- During this time of competition, technological innovation in operations was needed to make the loss of Randstad.
- Authorities must manage their businesses effectively.
- 50% of the jobs work from 2 to 4 years.

- It is estimated that 50% of employees work from 2 to 4 years, while 16% work from 0 to 2 years and 34% of organizations work most of them in four years.
- 60% of the work environment can be included.
- It was found that 60% of the organization's work environment is 40% of autonomous participation.

Conclusion:-

It is said that by adopting updated technologies to record the living conditions of employees, it improves efficiency, productivity, and responsibility and makes the organization faster and more efficient. o If they are online, they do not have to submit their participation information to the Commissioner's office, as there is a connection between the programs. o Automation helps the paper industry and helps them save more money. o Document loss methods have also been invented so that they can save a great deal of time and effort. o Information centers must be distributed, filtered, clear, fully compatible, accessible, and responsible in the future when it is not possible to lose data and get confused.

Limitations of study:-

One of the important disadvantage of this study is due to the busy work schedule of the employee's chances are there that responds to the questionnaires may be with lack of full concentration. Insufficient time leading to inadequate focus in all sections is also a disadvantage of this study.

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