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EVALUATION OF ANTIOXIDANT ACTIVITY OF DIFFERENT SOLVENT EXTRACTS OF MENTHA PIPERITA

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Abstract

Peppermint (*Mentha piperita*) has been reported to possess variety of physiological activities. The present study includes extraction of phytochemicals in two different solvents namely water and ethanol. Qualitative antioxidant activity was done by DPPH solution and quantitative estimation of antioxidant activity was carried out Colorimetrically. Both the solvent extracts showed moderate to good antioxidant activity. IC₅₀ values have also been recorded.

Keywords: Mentha Piperita, Antioxidant Activity, IC50

Introduction

Peppermint (Mentha piperita, also known as Mentha balasamea wild) is hybrid mint, a cross between water mint and spearmint. Indigenous to Europe and the Middle East, the plant is now widely spread and cultivated in many regions of the world. It is occasionally found in the wild with its parent species. Peppermint (*Mentha piperita*) isan aromatic perennial plant that grows to a height perennial plant that grows to a height of about 3ft (1m.) It has light purple flowers and green leaves with serrated edges.¹

Peppermint belongs to the lamiaceae family and grows throughout Noth America, Asia, and Europe, and there are more than 25 species of true mint grown throughout the world.²

Peppermint is a cooling, relaxing herb that contains properties that help ease inflamed tissues, calm muscle spasms or cramps, and inhibit bacteria and microorganisms. It also has pain relieving and infection-preventing qualities. Peppermint is one of the most popular flavoring agents.³⁻⁶The present study includes the evaluation of antioxidant activity of extracts of leaves of Peppermint.

Material and method

The leaves of peppermint (*Mentha piperita L*.) Were purchased from a local market in Akola, Maharashtra.

Solvent extraction

A] Preparation of aqueous extract of peppermint

50 g of peppermint leaves were poured in 70 ml of water and contents were allowed to stand for 18 hours. The extract was decanted into another beaker and used for study of antioxidant activity.

B] Preparation of ethanolic extract of peppermint

50 g of peppermint leaves were poured into 70 ml of ethanol and contents were allowed to stand for 2-3 hours. The extract was decanted into another beaker used for study of antioxidant activity.

Study of qualitative antioxidant activity of Mentha piperita:

0.02% of DPPH solution in ethanol was prepared. Single spot of each extract of Mentha piperita were taken on TLC plates and after drying the spot, TLC plates were dipped in DPPH solution and tested for antioxidant activity.

Ten different solutions of each extract of *Mentha piperita* were prepared as 0.01 mg/ml, 0.02 mg/ml, 0.03 mg/ml, 0.04 mg/ml, 0.05 mg/ml, 0.06 mg/ml, 0.07 mg/ml, 0.08 mg/ml, 0.09 mg/ml and 0.1 mg/ml respectively.

0.02% of DPPH was prepared in ethanol. 2 ml of this solution was mixed with 2 ml of 0.01 mg/ml solution of peppermint extract, and optical density was measured at 54 nm using colorimeter. Analogously optical density for all solutions of different concentrations of peppermint extract were recorded. A blank reading of DPPH was also recorded. The optical density was recorded and % antioxidant activity was calculated using formula giving below.

Percent inhibition of DPPH (%AA) = $\underline{A-B}_{\overline{A}} \times 100$

Where, A= Blank O.D. of DPPH

B = O.D. of sample solution

From this we can calculate IC₅₀ value of each sample.

 $IC_{50} = Max (\% AA) - 50\% (Max-Min\% AA)$

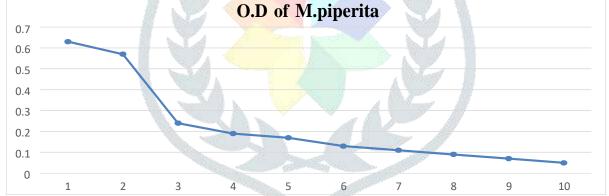
RESULT AND DISCUSSION

Optical density of each of the solution of the sample was recorded by Cholorimeter and the results obtained are reported in following tables. IC_{50} values have been determined for each extract.

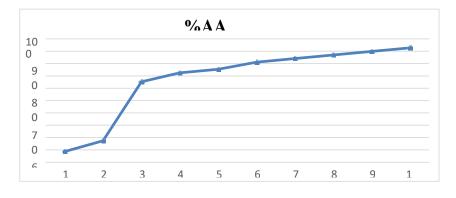
Table 1.1

Optical density and percent antioxidant activity of aqueous extract of Menthapiperita

		Ser								
CONC.mg/ml	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.09	0.1
O.D of <i>M</i> . <i>piperita</i>	0.63	0.57	0.24	0.19	0.17	0.13	0.11	0.09	0.07	0.05
%AA	8.69	17.39	65.21	72.46	75.36	81.15	84.05	86.95	89.85	92.75
OD of Minimurita										



Concentration of M. Piperita vs Optical Density



Concentration of M. Piperita vs %AA

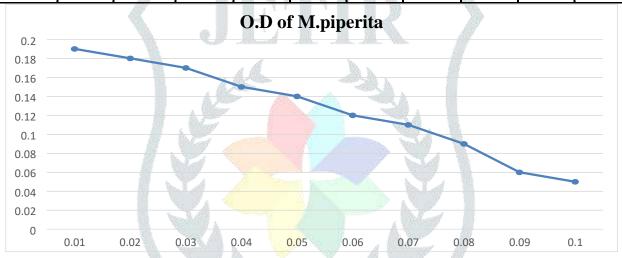
 $IC_{50} = Max (\%AA)-50\% (Max-Min\%AA)$

 $= 92.75 - \frac{1}{2} (92.75 - 8.69)$ = 50.75IC₅₀= 50.75mg/ml

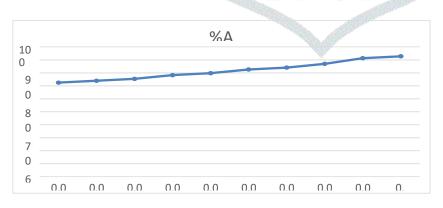
Table 1.2

Optical density and percent antioxidant activity of ethanolic extract of Mentha piperita

CONC.mg/ml	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.09	0.1
O.D of M. piperita	0.19	0.18	0.17	0.15	0.14	0.12	0.11	0.09	0.06	0.05
%AA	72.46	73.91	75.36	78.26	79.71	82.60	84.05	86.95	91.30	92.75



Concentration of M. Piperita vs Optical Density



Concentration of M. Piperita vs %AA

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IC<sub>50</sub> =Max(%AA)-50(Max-Min%AA)
= 92.75-1/2 (92.75-72.46)
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 $IC_{50} = 82.61$

Remarkable decrease in O.D and increase in %A.A was observed in water as well

as ethanol extracts of Mentha piperita

IC50 Values of *M. Piperita* extracts.

Sr. No.	Extracts	IC ₅₀		
1	Aqueous extract of M. Piperita	50.75 mg/ml		
2	Ethanolic extract of M. Piperita	82.61 mg/ml		

CONCLUSION

From above study it is concluded that aqueous & ethoanolic extracts of *M*. *Piperita* has good antioxidant activity. The IC₅₀ values for water and ethanol extracts have beenfrom to be 50.75 mg/ml and 82.61 mg/ml respectively.

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