Impact of Digital Marketing in India – A Study

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Abstract: Digital marketing is an umbrella term for the marketing of products or services using digital technologies, mainly on the Internet, but also including mobile phones, display advertising, and any other digital medium. Digital marketing is the avenue of electronic communication which is used by the marketers to endorse the goods and the services towards the marketplace. The supreme purpose of the digital marketing is concerned with consumers and allows the customers to intermingle with the product by virtue of digital media. This editorial concentrates on the magnitude of digital promotion for both customers and marketers. We scrutinize the result of digital marketing on the base of firm's sales. 100 respondents opinion are collected to get the clear picture about the present study.

Keywords: Digital marketing, Promotion, Consistent, Interact

1. Introduction

Digital marketing is often referred to as 'online marketing', 'internet marketing' or 'web marketing'. The term digital marketing has grown in popularity over time, particularly in certain countries. In the USA online marketing is still prevalent, in Italy is referred as web marketing but in the UK and worldwide, digital marketing has become the most common term, especially after the year 2013.

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The way in which digital marketing has developed since the 1990s and 2000s has changed the way brands and businesses utilize technology and digital marketing for their marketing.

Digital marketing campaigns are becoming more prevalent as well as efficient, as digital platforms are increasingly incorporated into market plans and everyday life, and as people use digital devices instead of going to physical shops.

2. Objectives

- 1) To study the usefulness of digital marketing in the competitive market.
- 2) To study the impact of digital marketing on consumers purchase.

3. Methodology

Primary Data: The research is done through observation and collection of data through questionnaires.

Secondary Data: Secondary data is collected from journals, books and magazines to develop the theory.

Sample Size: The sample size is determined as 100 respondent's opinion from the customers who presently purchasing products with a help of digital marketing.

4. Traditional Marketing vs digital marketing:

Table 1: The following table lists a few points that differentiate digital marketing from traditional marketing.

Traditional Marketing	Digital marketing	
Communication is unidirectional. A	Communication is bidirectional. The customer	
business communicates about its products	also asks queries or makes suggestions about	
and services with a group of people.	the business product and services.	
Medium of communication is generally	Medium of communication is mostly through	
through phone calls, letters, and Emails.	social media, websites, chat and Email.	
Campaigning takes more time for	There is always a fast way to develop an online	
designing, preparing and launching.	campaign and carry out changes along its	
	development. With digital tools, campaigning	
	is easier.	
It is carried out for a specific audience	The content is available for general public. It	
throughout from generating campaign	is then made to reach the specific audience by	
ideas up to selling a product or a service.	employing search engine techniques.	
It is conventional way of marketing; best	It is best for reaching global audience.	
for reaching local audience.		
It is difficult to measure the effectiveness	It is easier to measure the effectiveness of a	
of a campaign.	campaign through analytics.	

5. Advantages of Digital Marketing to Consumers and Analysis

Digital marketing technologies permit the customers to keep on with the company information rationalized (Gangeshwer, 2013). These days a lot of customers can way in internet at any place whichever time and companies are constantly updating information regarding their goods or services. Customers know how to visit company's website, examine with reference to the products and make online purchase and afford feedback. Consumers get

complete information related to the products or services (Gregory Karp, 2014). They can make comparison with other related products. Digital marketing allows 24 hours of service to make purchase for the consumers. Prices are transparent in the digital marketing (Yulihasri, 2011).

Table 2: Profile of the Online Buyers

	Category	Number of Respondents	Percentage of Respondents
Gender	Male	64	64%
	Female	36	36%
	Total	100	100%
Age	Below 18 Years	27	27%
	19-30 years	25	25%
	31-45 years	35	35%
	Above 45 years	13	13%
	Total	100	100%
Profession	House Wife	11	11%
	Employee	45	45%
	Business	23	23%
	Students	13	13%
	Any other	8	8%
	Total	100	100%
Monthly Family	Below 10000	15	15%
Income (in Rs.)	10001-20000	45	45%
	20001-40000	25	25%
	Above 40,000	15	15%
	Total	100	100%

Table 3: Awareness of Online Shoppers

Particul <mark>ars</mark>	Number of	Percentage of	
	Respondents	Respondents	
Having knowledge about online shopping	100	100%	
Not having knowledge about online shopping	100	100%	

Table 4: Availability of Online Information about Product

Particulars	Number of Respondents	Percentage of Respondents
Excellent	63	63%
Good	28	28%
Average	8	8%
Poor	1	1%
Total	100	100%

Table 5: Reasons for Choosing Online Shopping

Particulars	Number of	Percentage of
	Respondents	Respondents
Wide variety of Products	38	0.38
Easy buying Procedures	23	0.23
Lower Prices	14	0.14
Various Modes of Payments	12	0.12
others	13	0.13
Total	100	1

Table 6: Frequency of Online Purchasing

Particulars	Number of Respondents	Percentage of Respondents
Purchase once annually	12	12%
2 - 5 Purchases annually	46	46%
6-10 Purchases annually	26	26%
11 Purchases and above annually	16	16%
Total	100	100%

6. Findings

- Digital marketing have a greater future in the present market.
- Consumers are satisfied through purchasing digital marketing.
- People find it safe mode of online purchase.
- Ratio of male customers is very high in online shopping that is 70%.
- Awareness about online shopping is 100% among the respondents.
- Income of respondents mainly falls in the range of Rs. 10,001 to Rs. 20,000 that is 49%.
- Employees of various companies are purchasing more than others through online shopping that is 50%.
- Most numbers of respondents that is 38% feels that online shopping have simple buying procedures; others feel that they can have a broad variety of products, products with lower price, a variety mode of payments etc.
- 54% of respondents feel that availability of online information about Product & Services is outstanding.
- 46% of the respondents purchase the products 2 to 5 times annually.

7. Suggestions

- 1) Improve technical advancement in promotion of digital marketing.
- 2) Collect and implement the feedback provided by the consumer in the right way.
- 3) Provide a transparent and good service to the consumer before and after purchase.
- 4) Creating awareness among the people about digital marketing.
- 5) Complete description need to provide about the product to the online shoppers.

8. Conclusion

Digital marketing is an umbrella term for the marketing of products or services using digital technologies, mainly on the Internet, but also including mobile phones, display advertising, and any other digital medium. Digital marketing has turn out to be crucial part of approach of many companies. At the present time, still for tiny business proprietor at hand have an extremely inexpensive and competent method by using digital marketing to market their products or services in the society. It has no restrictions. Company can utilize any devices such as tablets, smart phones, TV, laptops, media, social media, email and lot other to support company and its products and services.

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