

# The glory and gloom of colonialism

Ramandeep Sandhu

Research Scholar, J.S. University, Shikohabad , U.P.

## Abstract

Colonialism is the foundation, abuse, upkeep, acquisition and development of state in a certain area by a political power from another domain. It is a lot of unequal connections between the provincial power and the state and regularly between the homesteaders and the indigenous population. Pioneer rulers have the ability to settle on the fundamental choices that influence the lives of the colonized individuals, which are executed to quest for advantage characterized in an inaccessible city. Through the capacity of dismissing social trade-offs with the colonized population, the colonizers expand their matchless quality and their appointed order to run the show. Colonialism has far reaching impacts. It has seen its days of glory and gloom.

Colonialism is the setting up of or dominating, keeping up and extending a domain by individuals from another region. It is a routine with regards to oppression which includes subjugation of a people by another. Imperialism includes an outside power coming into a nation, obliterating or over tossing its legislature and compelling its standards and qualities on the general population of the state. Colonialism is alluded to as a political-monetary circumstance whereby European countries investigated, vanquished, settled and financially misused huge pieces of the world. The idea of expansionism is one which has to do with making individuals outsiders in their own territories. Governments are toppled and hierarchical structures of terrains are changed.

Colonialism conveys a totally new way of life to the settlements. Cultures which are strange to each other are united and compelled to communicate and exist together. The triumph of grounds and compelling conjunction of groups of various backgrounds (because of the victory) with various convictions and philosophies has achieved numerous changes, both contrary and constructive, particularly in the settlements. A generally excellent case of where such circumstance has caused numerous progressions is Nigeria. Nigeria was colonized by Britain around the finish of the nineteenth century well into the twentieth century and this has effectively affected the nation.

## COLONIALISM AT IT'S BEST

Religion: colonialism has spread religion particularly the Christian religion. The European evangelists conveyed Christian religion to their provinces and showed the general population of the states the religion great. During the time spent learning the religion the frontier aces additionally influenced the general population to procure new abilities. This achieved an improvement in the general population as they were being freed from the absence of education which had kept them out of the loop for a long time.

The coming of the Christian religion conveyed numerous progressions to the settlements. For instance, in Southern Nigeria, Christianity helped stop the murdering of twins as the religion lectured equity and advanced instruction for all.

Modernization and technological headway: imperialism brought modernization to immature zones. Progressed innovative hardware and offices important for enhancements in medicinal and human services administrations, working of railways and different improvements in transportation, current instruction and so forth have helped in the advancement of the provinces to what they are today. These advancements have improved the status of the provinces universally. The upgrades in instruction have given chances to rivalry in various orders like writing, arithmetic, workmanship and science. This is apparent in Africa with individuals like Wole Soyinka, Chinua Achebe, Ngugi wa Thiongo and numerous others.

Natural resources: the revelation of natural assets was because of the arrangement of new innovation which were made known to the states by their pilgrim aces. The utilization of new innovation made investigation of common assets simpler and increasingly effective. This brought about the improvement and development of the provinces. There were occupations for the general population to do, despite the fact that they were not well paying employments and this additional to the experience of the general population as they obtained information and adapted new abilities which ended up being valuable to them. This implied shoddy work for the pilgrim experts.

Extension of land: colonialism additionally realized the development of land for their settlements. Prior to expansionism, there was no domain known as Nigeria. There were just towns and towns, which were pretty much limited to their territories, getting by without anyone else. The happening to pilgrim aces extended the land for every single ethnic gathering, towns and towns. Individuals from any ethnic gathering would now be able to move to and live in any piece of the nation and call the spot home. The name Nigeria was additionally given to the domain around the Niger River by the pioneer experts.

Language: the reception of the language of the frontier aces by the provinces has encouraged solidarity to a degree in most multilingual and multicultural countries. A reasonable model is found in Nigeria which has well more than five hundred dialects. Since no language is viewed as

better than the other, it would be hard for any of the local dialects to be made the most widely used language. The appropriation of English language has made things simpler for Nigerians as the language is remote and does not have a place with a specific ethnic gathering or individuals in the nation.

### **DARKER SHADES OF COLONIALISM**

New arrangement of government: the frontier experts brought new and outsider frameworks of government which the locals were inexperienced with. These frameworks of government gave less significance to, and had less respect for the frameworks of legislature of the provinces. The techniques for decision which were acquainted with the states were totally not the same as what the locals were utilized to. The new frameworks of government forced charges on the locals and furthermore thought of new, bizarre and unforgiving laws for the locals.

Misfortune and devastation of culture and land: expansionism contributed massively to the misfortune and demolition of social standards and qualities. Above all else the local dialects of the settlements were made second rate compared to the dialects of the pilgrim aces. The method of dressing of the general population changed. Locals of the settlements began to dress and talk like the frontier aces as they were made to trust that their provincial bosses were prevalent people. Locals of the settlements lost a few parts of their way of life and they were made slaves in their own property. The locals additionally began to have diminished regard for their customs because of the progressions which were constrained on their local life. The pioneer experts likewise removed the native lands and utilized them for constructing holy places, schools, houses, penitentiaries and so forth. This left the locals with less land to cultivate on.

Scattering, dejection and passing: colonialism caused the scattering of locals. A portion of the locals who couldn't stand the enduring which they were being exposed to needed to escape their territories to various terrains looking for better lives. Other people who stayed in their property were made down and out. The colonialists had control over every one of the things in the settlements. They took over parcels which had a place with the locals and made them subject to their lords. Because of this, numerous locals were exposed to extraordinary need of a method for subsistence. Imperialism caused the demise of a great deal of locals. The unforgiving living conditions around then drove numerous locals to escape from their homes and in the process sent them to their graves. Others kicked the bucket because of the hardship and dejection which they were exposed to by the provincial bosses. The locals, who were free men, were pushed toward becoming slaves in their property.

Danger of malady: the frontier aces carried with them a few illnesses which were not known by the general population of the provinces. A portion of the infections with which they came were transferable and a portion of the locals contracted them. In examples where the frontier aces approached local ladies either mightily or with the assent of the ladies, they were left with

numerous explicitly transmitted maladies which they thusly, spread. The provincial experts additionally got a few illnesses like intestinal sickness, typhoid, chicken pox and little pox from the locals. The danger of sickness was genuinely high amid the frontier time frame.

Financial reliance: imperialism has made most settlements subject to their provincial experts even after the states have picked up autonomy. This is on the grounds that the frontier aces took advantage of and abused the mineral and HR of the provinces and this has left the previous settlements to some degree immature or creating. Numerous nations fall back to their previous pilgrim aces for assistance on the most proficient method to support their economy, etc. In Nigeria for instance, there are such huge numbers of mineral assets which are simply lying near. The oil which is the real wellspring of salary to Nigeria is sold to different nations to be refined and after that sold back to Nigerians for utilization. Nigeria is still particularly subject to Britain for some things. Indeed, even the garments materials and different things are imported from Britain and different nations. This type of financial reliance is alluded to as a kind of neocolonialism.

Colonialism has had and still has its impacts on the nations which have been colonized and the nations which colonized them. Today in practically all parts of the world societies are blended and individuals can endure and have regard for different people, societies and convictions. It will be one-sided to state that colonialism has been advantageous all through and additionally not. Imperialism has both great impacts and negative impacts relying upon what one's convictions are.

## References

McCarthy, Thomas, 2009. *Race, Empire, and the Idea of Human Development*, New York: Cambridge University Pres.

The Advantages And Disadvantages Of The Colonialism History Essay." UKEssays.com. 11 2018. All Answers Ltd. 05 2019

Tan, Kok-Chor 2007. —Colonialism, Reparations, and Global Justice, in Jon Miller and Rahul Kumar (eds.) *Reparations: Interdisciplinary Inquiries*. Oxford: Oxford University Press

Wikipedia