

ROLE OF WOMEN IN DIFFERENT FIELDS

Mr. Sanjay Bhardwaj
Assistant Professor

Jagannath Institute of Education
JIMS ENGINEERING MANAGEMENT TECHNICAL CAMPUS (JEMTEC)
48/4, Knowledge Park-III, Greater Noida, Pin-201306

Abstract

Despite the increasing participation of women in different areas of India, such as political, society and economic status, their share is very minimal. There is no doubt that the freedom given to women will contribute to gender equality in society. Moving towards women's expenditure business provides financial support to them, which will strengthen their power, and social status. In recent decades, women have moved forward in various areas of their lives and are competing with men despite many obstacles. She has become an educationist, manager, administrator, scientist, mathematician, doctor, and business entrepreneur. Women have rejected the old theories and assumptions about themselves. With the spread of education and new awareness, women entrepreneurs are spreading the levels of 3E's i.e. engineering, electronics and energy to spread their wings. This paper shows the role of women in the different fields of the society.

Keywords: Women, Education, Barriers, Engineer, Entrepreneur

Introduction: Focus on women's studies started at the far end of the seventies. The eighties witnessed a rapid evolution of women's studies as a distinct field of study. The government provides wide ranges of activities. NGOs, women activists, political groups, religious groups, educators and funding agencies have been working to bring about gender equality and justice. The institutional network such as Mahilamandals, Co-operatives, trade unions, federations, and women related organizations, and women activists have also played a vital role. Nowadays large organizations of the country are engaged in studies by women and for women. Women excel in all fields in all fields in management training, but they outshine men in human resources development and personnel management departments. They are good listeners, have better control over them-selves and display more responsibility, and emotional maturity and stability.

Even today in the modern, developed world, surveys show that parents still prefer to have a boy rather than a girl: The reason is that even today our society; only boys are considered to be better carers and resource givers to their old parents. But now all parents should think again that time has changed rapidly, their own girls can also be better than boys. Currently, girls are getting better grades than boys in academic work, and statistics show that in most developed countries, women go to higher levels of education or university than men. It is believed that women will be better suited for new types of jobs in the 21st century. It is seen that women have faced more opposition and discrimination. The contribution of women in government can promote the economic development of the country. Studies show that central and state governments have spent money to better women's education, good health, poverty reduction, and basic needs.

Women in Indian Society

In India, the social reform movement began in the nineteenth century. In which stress was given on the advancement of women in the society, reduce child marriage, improving the widows' conditions and securing

property rights, through education. it was assumed that a woman may preserve and transfer the cultural values and heritage of Indian civilization.

University Grants Commission and Women

The University Grants Commission (UGC) has set up Women's Studies Centers in 2021 in 80 universities. All the "Centers for Women's Studies" in the university system have been functioning for the last four decades. These centres have succeeded in playing an important role by introducing good academic approach in many areas. These centres for the study, advancement and development of all women; do important work for promotion through learning, teaching, research, fieldwork. All the university's research work on gender issues is commendable. These start-up tasks should be supported by the "Department of Women and Child Development".

Many universities have redesigned the curriculum with compulsory papers on "women studies" to enhance gender sensitivity. To enhance gender sensitivity; many universities have introduced compulsory papers on women's studies by re-designed the curriculum. Particularly among women by doing this, these universities have made responsible for positive changes in society. In other words, a kind of social transformation is taking place among women in the country.

Changing roles of Indian Women in Society

Even India during after the sixties, women had played an important role in their own family, with care-taking the family members also. She had served for the family round the clock free of cost. From the beginning, the woman was considered dependent economically on their father/husband or any male member of the family. In the dark, she worked as torch-bearer, tried to swim against the wave/tide, and fought against the odds. Pro-active women were approaching their destination despite all the hurdles.

Nowadays in the 21st century, women are serving in their assignments with more confidence than men in society. She has also entered in higher education for professional degrees to get gainful employment for their future perspective. This is true and has been seen in the lower & middle-class family women. Earlier only, women from the lower classes went out from home for jobs to get money. Most of the time women from middle and upper-class stayed at home. In middle-class women were caring for their husband, children and attending to their domestic chores, and women in an upper-class family had hired the servants to get the work at nominal wages. In India, increasing the women employees and their active participation of women in economic activities is reflected by the growth in all the fields/branches where they were absent.

Position of women in different states of the country

The first All Women Police Station in India was established in Tamil Nadu in 1992, due to the increase in crimes against women, in various states of India. Now all-women police stations are operating across the country. According to the Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961, there is a provision of 5 years of imprisonment and fine for taking, giving or supporting dowry. To help women in the country, women police commandos and exclusive All Women Police Battalions were formed, this concrete step has created a sense of self-confidence among women of all sections of society with their identity. To help in every district and city in India, counselling centres have been set up which will ensure that every woman in our society has an opportunity to grow and show skills and address their needs and grievances. In Indian society, girls have been exploited and marginalized for many decades. In order to provide good education to girls and to make economic progress, the State Governments announced "The Girl Child Protection Scheme". The free cycle scheme for girls belonging to scheduled castes, tribes, backward classes has changed the rural society and has enabled girls to take a giant leap to achieve a strong goal.

In 1986, the Rajiv Gandhi government introduced the "Muslim Women's Bill" in Parliament. The government at that time deliberately supported the bill in an effort to pacify Muslims. Most women in India face many problems at the educational, economic, political, and social levels. There are many such problems, they are not only in India, but also in other countries of the world such as female infanticide, child marriage, compulsory marriage, dowry and dowry murder, sexual harassment, rape, labor shortage, illiteracy, agriculture. And wage inequality in industrial areas, police atrocities, enslavement orphans, neglected women, torture in and out of the home. There are some burning problems of women in India, which are given top priority by governments (Center as well as states) and women's organizations.

Today, at the beginning of the 21st century, Indian women argue that they still have a long way to go to achieve gender justice. A normal awakening has started and cannot be suppressed permanently. There is an imbalance in the sex ratio. The 1991 census report showed that there were only 927 females for every 1000 males. Estimates from the World Bank (1991) showed that 25% of the 12 million girls born annually in India do not live to see their 15th birthday. Deaths of young girls in India are higher every year than young boys.

Women's participation in IT and different fields

Women Currently, women in India play diverse roles. A married working woman has to fulfill the roles of a daughter, wife, mother, daughter-in-law, sister and sister within the family; and is outside the family as a subordinate, co-worker, supervisor and friend in an employee's role. Today women have shown their presence in diverse fields, they have achieved success and popularity with their skills. Educated women have gone to jobs as teachers, nurses, office assistants, doctors, engineers, lawyers, social workers, and armed forces and police forces. Earlier these jobs were considered purely for male members only. Women have elevated themselves to an important place in contemporary, modern society and this world has also seen many women leaders. Indian women have emerged as giants in the IT in India. The teamwork is achieved among Indian women because of their good communication abilities with each other, so they are compatible with the problem of designing a complicated product where the teamwork is essentially required. They don't gossip much in office. They complete their task in time and leave Women to play an important role in multimedia because of their creativeness and intelligence. One of the units of IBM has stated in its annual report that in recent years women are able to adapt themselves to the new technology more easily than men.

Women's participation in politics

Empowerment of women in the political arena is important for their progress. Political empowerment is the foundation of a gender-equal society. The participation of women in the political arena is an important tool of empowerment in the role and decision making of the society, although almost invisible in representing women in the political arena. Women's invincibility in decision-making leads to uneven distribution of resources, their interest is neglected due to potential and priorities, and no policy suggests that enough sports have been made by the women's movement for decades, but such benefits are not adequately reflected in the representation. The world average of women in politics is about 13 to 15% of women in legislative bodies, with only 30% or more women in some countries being in decision-making positions.

Leadership Qualities of Women Entrepreneurs

courageous, ambitious, aware, drive, educated, enthusiastic, determined to excel, hard work, willingness to learn and restraint, patience, experience, hardworking, intelligent, inspiring, and Accepting challenges, these are some qualities required in women to become entrepreneurs. Finance is the biggest difficulty for women entrepreneurs. Because money is the blood and vein of any enterprise, it has to be made available at the right time. It is true that anyone can take a loan from banks and other financial institutions. it is the biggest problem

to obtain credit, she should have collateral security for this. And women usually have no assets in their names. The house or property is mostly in the name of the father, brother or husband.

Women may have many or few ornaments but even they cannot use without the consent of their husbands or male members of the family. The family member does not like to risk the potential of his women. They may risk all the family fortune for their sons for the business. For her own business, she is also agreed to invest the jewellery but the male family member does not agree to invest anything in the project of women. We are living in an era of women entrepreneurs. Women, who start and run their own business, are often considered heroes. Despite male chauvinism, women entrepreneurs have a presence everywhere. In most metropolitan cities, kindergarten schools, beauty parlors, fabrication units are run by women. Today, the media is full of interviews with successful women hosting clothing, leather, jewellery, stock broking, electronics and other new upcoming sectors.

Conclusion: In today's society, women are showing their presence in every field. She is taking important steps in the field of education and educating the children of society. In the field of defense, Indian women are flying aeroplanes, rockets etc. In the banking sector, it is offering managers and additional services to banks. In today's time, women also contribute a lot in metro rail. Women also have a big contribution to the army for the security of the country. Thus, we can say that the steps being taken for women empowerment in today's society are benefiting women for their upliftment and progress.

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