



Effect of the COVID 19 on Financial Asset and Economics

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Abstract – Covid 19 is the unpredicted novel corona viruses for the last one year in the covid 19 is the viral disease so to avoid the spreading of it government lay down the some of the Restriction on the local public for maintaining the social distance we have to follow the restriction and due to the uncertainty in the spread of the covid disease government stop the businesses those spread among the multistate also government stop trading the businesses among the interstate For several month due to this excess pressure on the government to maintain the same growth development point Also restriction will slow down the Indian economic for several month this will increase the extra pressure on the people as well as government in this case study we have to discuss the effect of the Covid 19 on financial asset and economics.

KeyWords: Covid19, RBI, Economics, GDP, Inflation rate

1. INTRODUCTION

This overall case study we have seen the covid 19 is the unpredictable disease is the fatal and unpredictable and fatal outcomes novel corona viruses impact on the human body directly which cases several diseases like fever, cold, etc. This will reduce the working efficiency of the human and covid 19 reduces the workload this will increase the lethargy. In public. Due to this many shopkeeper closes their shops for the 2 to 3 month due to improper supply of the raw material and other groceries. For maintaining the social distancing many of the temples are to be close due to strict norms of covid 19. This will increase the serious issue on the Indian economics. Due to the slowdown the trading in the market this will bring down the GDP of the Indian economics to the lowest value from the last decade in several month so we have to check real aspect behind that corona viruses.

1.1 Impact of the covid 19

The COVID-19 pandemic has had far-reaching economic consequences beyond the spread of the disease itself and efforts to quarantine it. As the SARS-CoV-2 virus has spread around the globe, concerns have shifted from supply-side manufacturing issues to decreased business in

the services sector. [1] The pandemic caused the largest global recession in history, with more than a third of the This pandemic causes the largest global recession in the job market for the job with more than third of the global population at the time being placed in the on the lockdown This covid 19 pandemic will reduces the jobs in market also the recession will be increases day by day in the pandemic situation this will causes the less job security and the increases the severe attack on the economics for the recession. Due to the less jobs in the market will causes the Slow economics growth in the market which affect the GDP ratepoints are also decreases which shows that economics slowdown in the market.

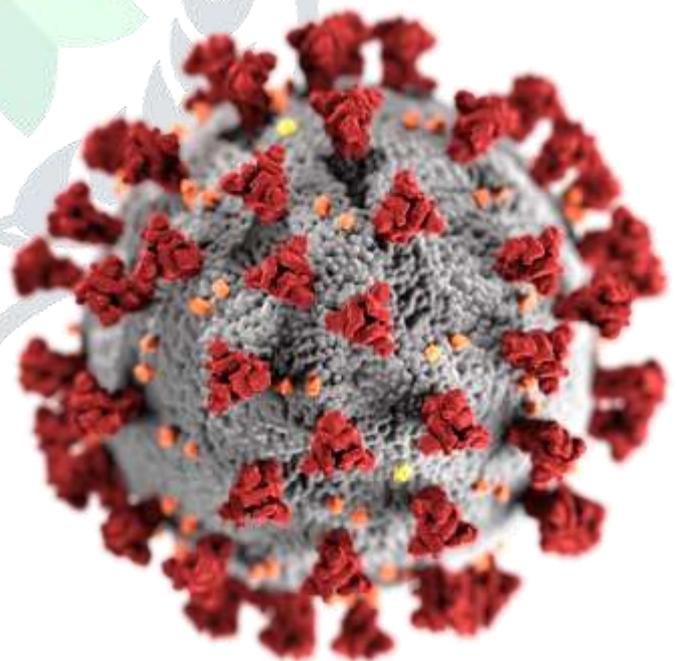


Fig -1: Corona Virus

1.2 Economics Slowdown Due to COVID 19

The impact of the coronaviruses pandemics on India has been largely disruptive in terms of the economics activity as well as loss of the human lives. All most all the sectors have been adversely affected as domestic demands and exports sharply plumbed and with some notable exception where high growth was observed. Economics is

basically depends on the some of the important issue such as the affect the effect on the COVID 19.

1.3 Negative effect of the COVID 19

Covid 19 has the different different negative effect which can be enforce on the economics, education ,academics social and political aspects. Some of the government takes extra precaution for the reduce the covid19 but unfortunately pharmacuticle industry unnecessarily increases and gives extra waitage to increase several covid cases also the amount of the covid19 scenario government helps covid patient as different different amount to be paid which imbalance the health sector annual budgets.

3. CONCLUSIONS

From the above case study we have to conclude that the covid19 pandemics slowdown the economics growth which is to be increases day by day also negative effect on the successive growth of covid 19 cases.

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