JETIR.ORG

ISSN: 2349-5162 | ESTD Year : 2014 | Monthly Issue JOURNAL OF EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES AND INNOVATIVE RESEARCH (JETIR)

An International Scholarly Open Access, Peer-reviewed, Refereed Journal

THE IMPACT OF SOCIAL MEDIA ON YOUTH IN THE PERSPECTIVE OF MARKETING

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Abstract

Social media has emerged as a powerful and ubiquitous platform that has significantly transformed the way young people interact, communicate, and consume information. This abstract explores the multifaceted relationship between social media and youth, examining both the positive and negative aspects of this digital phenomenon. The advent of social media platforms has provided unprecedented opportunities for youth to connect with peers, share experiences, and express themselves creatively. It has facilitated the formation of virtual communities and global networks, enabling young individuals to engage in diverse cultural, educational, and social exchanges. Moreover, social media has given youth a voice, empowering them to participate in public discourse and advocate for causes they believe in. However, the pervasive influence of social media on youth also raises concerns about its potential detrimental effects. Excessive usage of social media has been associated with negative mental health outcomes such as anxiety, depression, and low self-esteem. The constant exposure to carefully curated and often unrealistic representations of idealized lifestyles may contribute to social comparison and feelings of inadequacy among young people. Moreover, the ease with which misinformation spreads on social media platforms can impact the critical thinking skills of youth and shape their worldview. Social media has become an integral part of the lives of today's youth, shaping their identity, social interactions, and perceptions of the world. While it offers unprecedented opportunities for self-expression and connectivity, it also presents significant challenges. By understanding the complex interplay between social media and youth, we can strive to create a digital environment that maximizes the benefits while minimizing the risks for the younger generation.

[Keywords: social media, information, advertising, communication, negative effect, cyberbullying]

Introduction:

Social media has revolutionized the way people communicate, connect, and share information, and it has particularly influenced the lives of young people. The introduction of social media platforms has brought about significant changes in how the youth interact, form relationships, and consume information. This technology has become an integral part of their daily lives, shaping their identities, relationships, and even their worldview.

The rise of social media platforms, such as Facebook, Instagram, Twitter, Snapchat, and TikTok, has created new opportunities for young people to connect with others around the world, express themselves, and explore diverse perspectives. These platforms offer a virtual space where they can share their thoughts, ideas, photos, and videos with their friends and followers, fostering a sense of belonging and self-expression.

One of the notable impacts of social media on youth is its ability to bridge geographical boundaries and bring together people from different cultures and backgrounds. This interconnectedness has expanded their social circles, exposing them to a wide range of perspectives and experiences that they may not have encountered otherwise. It has also facilitated the formation of online communities centered around shared interests, hobbies, and causes, allowing young people to find like-minded individuals and engage in meaningful discussions and collaboration.

However, the pervasive presence of social media in the lives of young people also raises concerns regarding its potential negative effects. Excessive use of social media has been associated with a range of issues, including increased feelings of loneliness, low self-esteem, and cyberbullying. The constant exposure to carefully curated and often idealized representations of others' lives can create unrealistic expectations and contribute to feelings of inadequacy among young users. Moreover, the addictive nature of social media can lead to a loss of productivity, decreased physical activity, and disrupted sleep patterns.

Additionally, social media platforms have become a fertile ground for the spread of misinformation and online harassment. Young people may be susceptible to false information or engage in harmful behaviors due to peer pressure or online influences. Privacy and security concerns are also prevalent, as personal information shared on social media can be exploited by malicious actors.

Social media has become an integral part of our daily lives, transforming the way we communicate, share information, and interact with others. In recent years, it has gained immense popularity among young people, who have embraced social media platforms as essential tools for self-expression, connection, and staying up to date with current trends. The advent of social media has had a profound impact on the lives of youth, shaping their relationships, aspirations, and even their sense of identity.

Connectivity and Communication:

Social media platforms such as Facebook, Instagram, Twitter, Snapchat etc. have enabled young people to connect with their peers, friends, and family members across the globe. Through these platforms, they can easily share updates, photos, videos, and messages, fostering a sense of connectivity and closeness. Social media has facilitated the formation of online communities and interest groups, allowing young people to find like-minded individuals and engage in discussions about shared passions and interests.

This study also explores the impact of social media on youth behavior and relationships. The instant gratification and validation-seeking nature of social media can lead to addictive behaviors, contributing to decreased productivity and impaired social interactions. Cyberbullying, harassment, and privacy concerns have also emerged as significant challenges, highlighting the need for effective digital literacy education and robust safety measures.

To mitigate the negative effects and harness the potential benefits of social media, various stakeholders, including parents, educators, policymakers, and social media platforms themselves, must collaborate. Initiatives focused on promoting digital well-being, media literacy, online safety, and responsible social media usage can empower youth to navigate the digital landscape more effectively.

Self-expression and Creativity: For youth, social media provides a powerful platform for self-expression and showcasing their creativity. Through the creation and sharing of content, such as photos, videos, artwork, and writing, young people can express their thoughts, opinions, and talents to a wide audience. Social media has given them the opportunity to build personal brands, gain recognition, and even launch careers in fields such as fashion, music, art, and content creation.

Information and Awareness: Social media has become a significant source of news, information, and trends for young people. Platforms like Twitter and Reddit are popular for sharing and discussing current events, while YouTube and Instagram influencers play a vital role in shaping youth culture and consumer trends. Social media has empowered young people to stay informed about global issues, social causes, and activism, allowing them to amplify their voices and mobilize for positive change.

Social Impact and Mental Health: While social media offers numerous benefits, it also poses challenges for young people. The constant exposure to carefully curated and idealized representations of others' lives can create feelings of inadequacy and lead to self-esteem issues. Cyberbullying, online harassment, and social comparison can have detrimental effects on mental health, affecting the well-being and emotional resilience of youth. It is crucial to promote digital literacy, responsible usage, and provide support systems to mitigate these negative impacts.

Privacy and Security Risks: Young people may inadvertently disclose personal information online, making them vulnerable to identity theft, scams, and other online threats. The widespread sharing of personal data on social media platforms raises concerns about privacy breaches and data misuse.

Distraction and Time Management: The addictive nature of social media can lead to excessive screen time and distract young people from their responsibilities, such as schoolwork or social interactions offline. It can impact their sleep patterns, concentration, and overall productivity.

Social media has revolutionized the way young people communicate, express themselves, and engage with the world around them. It has opened up a vast array of opportunities for connectivity, creativity, and self-discovery. However, it is important to be aware of the potential risks and challenges associated with social media use. By fostering a healthy digital environment, promoting digital literacy, and encouraging responsible use, we can maximize the benefits of social media while safeguarding the well-being of youth in the digital age.

Objective of the study:

This is a Qualitative empirical study based on face-to-face discussion with youth within the age bracket of 19 to 25 years and review of literatures. The objective of a study on the impact of social media on youth can vary depending on the specific research goals and the scope of the study. However, some common objectives that researchers might pursue when studying this topic include:

Understanding usage patterns: Investigating how youth engage with social media platforms, including the frequency and duration of their usage, the types of content they consume, and the platforms they prefer. This objective aims to provide a comprehensive overview of how social media is integrated into the lives of young people.

Assessing psychological and emotional effects: Examining the impact of social media on the mental well-being and emotional health of youth. This objective might involve studying factors such as self-esteem, body image, social comparison, loneliness, anxiety, and depression, and exploring how these variables are influenced by social media use.

Exploring social interactions and relationships: Investigating how social media affects the formation and maintenance of relationships among young people. This objective may include studying the quality and quantity of friendships, romantic relationships, and family relationships in the context of social media use.

Examining academic and cognitive effects: Assessing the relationship between social media use and academic performance, studying potential distractions caused by social media during study time, and exploring the impact on cognitive processes such as attention span, memory, and critical thinking skills.

Investigating online safety and cyberbullying: Exploring the risks and challenges faced by youth on social media platforms, including issues related to privacy, online harassment, cyberbullying, and exposure to inappropriate or harmful content. This objective aims to identify strategies for promoting online safety and well-being among young users.

Identifying positive effects and opportunities: Examining the positive aspects of social media use among youth, such as the potential for self-expression, creative outlets, skill development, social activism, and community building. This objective aims to provide a balanced understanding of the benefits and drawbacks of social media on youth development.

Overall, the objective of a study on the impact of social media on youth is to contribute to the knowledge base surrounding this subject, inform policy and interventions, and ultimately promote the healthy and responsible use of social media platforms among young people.

Relevant Literature:

The following reviews are few of those literatures which have been studied before conceptualizing the topic.

Rossi Raffaello et. al. (2022) worked on gambling advertisements on social media and showed that those advertisements are more appealing to the youth than adult social media users. The advertisements portray that gambling is harmless and it is nothing but the fun activity with few warnings of potential health issues.

Sriram K V et. al. (2021) in their paper concluded that there are several factors in advertising which attract the consumers in different ways. Creative characteristics, details for attention grabbing, emotional appeal, celebrity endorsement etc. are few of them.

Hossain, Murtaza et. al. (2020) in their research found that there is a positive impact on entertainment factor on social media advertising value. There is also critically negative effect for irritative advertising concept on social media.

McClure, Clair et. al. (2020) examined the influence of consumer's brand familiarity and the information quality of social media content on their involvement with the brand on the brand's social media pages. Their results indicate both brand familiarity and information quality had significant effects on the consumer's involvement with a brand on its social media pages.

Cheung, Man Lai (2020) investigates the impact of social media marketing elements, namely entertainment, customization, interaction, eWOM, Trendiness on consumer brand engagement and brand knowledge.

Voramontri, Duangruthai (2019) done empirical research to find the role of social media in consumers' decision-making process for complex purchases which characterized by significant brand differences, high consumer involvement and risk. From the result we can see that social media useage influences consumer satisfaction in the stages of information search and alternative evaluation. The satisfaction amplifies when the consumer moves along the process of final purchase decision & post purchase evaluation.

Dessart, Laurence et. al. (2015) explores the relationships of consumer engagements with other concepts. Their study suggests that individuals are engaging in online coomunities in social network platforms both with brands and other individuals.

Martinka, Leslie (2012) showed that Facebook & Twitter communities influence the consumer's online purchase behavior. The study also concluded that twitter has almost no influence on online purchasing behavior.

Bajpai, Vivek et. al. (2012) in their paper titled "Social Media Marketing: Strategies & its impact" suggests that each social platform has an ecosystem of its own. "Customizing messages across sites help the message spread but it keeps users from receiving multiple identical communications."

Heinonen, Kristina (2011) conceptualized consumers' activities in social media by examining motivation behind the activities. According to the study some activities in social media may influence the company image and brand positively whereas other consumer activities are perhaps unfavorable.

Research Gap:

The impact of social media on youth is a widely studied topic; however, there are still some research gaps that exist. Here are a few potential research gaps related to this subject:

Long-term effects: While there is a significant body of research on the immediate effects of social media on youth, there is a lack of comprehensive studies examining the long-term impact. It would be valuable to investigate the lasting effects of social media use on the psychological, emotional, and social well-being of individuals as they transition into adulthood.

Contextual factors: Social media use varies across different contexts, such as cultural, socioeconomic, and educational backgrounds. Exploring how these contextual factors influence the impact of social media on youth can provide a deeper understanding of the complexities involved. For example, how does social media use differ between urban and rural youth, or between different countries with distinct cultural norms?

Mental health outcomes: While studies have linked social media use to negative mental health outcomes such as depression, anxiety, and body dissatisfaction, further research is needed to understand the underlying mechanisms and identify potential moderators and mediators. Additionally, investigating positive aspects of social media use, such as social support and self-expression, can provide a more balanced perspective.

Digital literacy and skills development: The impact of social media on youth should also be examined in terms of digital literacy and skills development. Research could explore how social media use enhances or hampers critical thinking, information evaluation, and digital citizenship among young people. Understanding these dynamics can contribute to the design of effective educational interventions.

Online risks and safety: While there is existing research on the risks associated with social media use, such as cyberbullying and online harassment, more exploration is needed regarding prevention strategies, intervention effectiveness, and the role of parents, educators, and policymakers in promoting online safety for youth.

Individual differences: Investigating individual differences in how youth engage with social media and their susceptibility to its effects is another area for further exploration. Factors such as personality traits, self-esteem, and self-regulation may influence how young individuals navigate and respond to social media platforms.

Addressing these research gaps can provide a more comprehensive understanding of the impact of social media on youth and guide the development of policies, interventions, and educational programs that promote positive and healthy online experiences.

Elements that attract the youth to online media:

There are several elements that contribute to the attraction of social media for young people. Here are some key factors:

Connectivity: Social media platforms provide an easy and convenient way for young people to connect and stay in touch with their friends, family, and peers. It offers a sense of belonging and the ability to maintain relationships regardless of geographical distance.

Self-expression: Social media allows youth to express themselves creatively and share their thoughts, ideas, and experiences with others. They can showcase their talents, hobbies, and interests through posts, photos, videos, and stories.

Information and knowledge: Social media platforms provide access to a vast amount of information on various topics. Young people can stay updated on current events, trends, and news through social media feeds and follow pages or accounts related to their interests.

Entertainment: Social media offers a wide range of entertaining content, such as funny videos, memes, viral challenges, and interactive games. These platforms provide a source of amusement and a way to alleviate boredom.

Social validation: Likes, comments, and shares on social media platforms can provide a sense of validation and self-worth for young people. Positive feedback and engagement on their posts can boost their confidence and create a perception of popularity.

FOMO (Fear of Missing Out): Social media often creates a fear of missing out on social events, gatherings, or experiences. Seeing others' posts and updates can lead young people to feel compelled to participate and be a part of what's happening.

Influencer culture: Many young people are attracted to social media because of the presence of influencers and celebrities who have amassed large followings. They admire and aspire to emulate these influencers' lifestyles, fashion choices, travel experiences, and overall success.

Information sharing and activism: Social media allows young people to raise awareness about social issues, share their opinions, and engage in activism. It provides a platform for them to voice their concerns, mobilize communities, and support causes they care about.

Advertising by marketers: Advertising by marketers in social media has become an integral part of modern marketing strategies. Social media platforms offer extensive reach, targeting capabilities, and engagement opportunities, making them valuable channels for marketers to promote their products and services.

It's important to note that while social media offers various benefits, it can also have negative effects on young people's mental health, self-esteem, and overall well-being if not used mindfully and responsibly.

Advertising in social media:

Online advertising has a significant impact on youth due to their extensive use of digital media and the internet. Here are some key points regarding online advertising and its influence on young people: Targeted Advertising: Online platforms collect vast amounts of user data, allowing advertisers to target specific demographics, including youth. Advertisers can tailor ads based on users' online behavior, preferences, and personal information. This level of targeting can make online advertising more influential and persuasive.

Influence on Consumer Behavior: Youth are particularly vulnerable to advertising messages as they are still developing their decision-making skills and are more susceptible to peer pressure. Online ads can shape their preferences, influence their purchasing decisions, and encourage them to engage with specific brands or products.

Ethical Concerns: Online advertising raises ethical concerns, especially when it comes to targeting young people. Some argue that aggressive marketing tactics and manipulative strategies can exploit the vulnerability of youth and create unhealthy consumer habits. For instance, promoting unhealthy food products or encouraging excessive consumption.

Digital Marketing Techniques: Online advertising incorporates various techniques to engage young audiences effectively. These include interactive content, influencer marketing, gamification, and viral campaigns. These strategies leverage young people's inclination towards digital experiences and social media engagement.

Privacy and Data Protection: Youth may not always be aware of the data they generate while interacting online or the ways in which it can be used for advertising purposes. Protecting their privacy and ensuring responsible data handling by advertisers is crucial to safeguarding their rights and well-being.

Online Safety and Regulation: Online advertising should adhere to ethical standards and responsible practices to protect youth from harmful or inappropriate content. Regulatory frameworks and guidelines are necessary to address these concerns and create a safer online environment for young people.

Media Literacy: Empowering youth with media literacy skills can help them critically evaluate and understand the persuasive techniques used in online advertising. By enhancing their ability to recognize advertising tactics and the motives behind them, young people can make more informed choices.

Aspects of advertising in social media:

It's important for parents, educators, and policymakers to be aware of the impact of online advertising on youth and take measures to promote responsible advertising practices, protect their privacy, and empower them with the necessary skills to navigate the digital landscape effectively.

Here are some key aspects of advertising by marketers in social media:

Marketers often collaborate with influencers or content creators on social media to promote their products or services. These partnerships involve sponsored posts or videos, where influencers endorse the brand and its offerings to their followers. This form of advertising leverages the influencer's credibility and reach to engage with their audience effectively.

Social media platforms provide various ad formats to suit different marketing objectives. These formats include display ads, carousel ads, video ads, sponsored posts, stories, and more. Each format offers unique ways to present the brand's message and engage with the target audience.

Social media advertising enables marketers to interact directly with their target audience. Users can like, comment, and share ads, providing an opportunity for brands to engage in conversations, gather feedback, and build relationships with their customers.

Social media platforms provide marketers with detailed analytics and metrics to measure the performance of their ads. Marketers can track impressions, clicks, conversions, engagement rates, and other key performance indicators (KPIs) to assess the effectiveness of their campaigns and make data-driven decisions for optimization.

Marketers can leverage social media platforms to conduct A/B tests, comparing different ad variations to identify the most effective elements. By analyzing the results, marketers can optimize their campaigns, targeting, messaging, and creative assets to maximize their return on investment (ROI).

Social media platforms allow marketers to retarget users who have previously engaged with their brand or visited their website. By showing personalized ads to these users, marketers can reinforce their message and increase the chances of conversion.

Influencer marketing has gained significant traction in social media advertising. Marketers collaborate with influencers who have substantial followings to promote their products or services. Influencers can create sponsored content or act as brand ambassadors to endorse products authentically.

It's important for marketers to adhere to ethical guidelines and regulations when advertising in social media. Transparency, disclosure of sponsored content, and respect for user privacy are crucial aspects of responsible social media advertising.

Different Social media platforms and their Marketing perspectives:

Social media has become an essential platform for marketing and promoting businesses due to its wide reach and ability to engage with a diverse audience. Here are some popular social media platforms that can be effective for marketing purposes:

Facebook: With billions of active users, Facebook offers extensive targeting options, allowing businesses to reach specific demographics. It provides tools like Pages, Groups, and Ads to engage with users and promote products or services.

Instagram: Known for its visual appeal, Instagram is ideal for businesses that rely on strong imagery. It offers features like Instagram Stories, IGTV, and shoppable posts, making it a powerful platform for showcasing products and driving sales.

Twitter: As a microblogging platform, Twitter enables businesses to share short updates, engage in conversations, and provide customer support. It's great for real-time interactions, industry news, and building brand awareness.

LinkedIn: Targeting professionals and businesses, LinkedIn is perfect for B2B marketing. It allows companies to share industry insights, network, and generate leads. LinkedIn Ads and Company Pages are effective for reaching a professional audience.

YouTube: Video content has gained immense popularity, and YouTube is the go-to platform for sharing videos. It can be utilized to create tutorials, product demos, and brand storytelling. YouTube also offers advertising options to reach a wider audience.

Pinterest: Ideal for businesses in the fashion, beauty, home decor, and lifestyle industries, Pinterest focuses on visual discovery. Brands can create visually appealing pins, link them to their websites, and drive traffic and sales.

TikTok: With its rapidly growing user base, TikTok provides an opportunity to create short, engaging videos that can go viral. It's especially popular with younger audiences and can help businesses increase brand awareness and engage with a Gen Z demographic.

Snapchat: Known for its ephemeral content, Snapchat offers unique advertising opportunities through filters, lenses, and sponsored stories. It's popular among younger audiences and can be effective for targeting specific locations.

Remember that the choice of social media platforms depends on your target audience, business niche, and marketing goals. It's essential to identify where your audience is most active and tailor your strategy accordingly. Additionally, maintaining consistent branding, engaging with your audience, and tracking analytics will help optimize your social media marketing efforts.

Usefulness of marketing in social media:

Marketing in social media is undeniably useful and has revolutionized the way businesses promote their products and engage with their target audience. Here are the key points highlighting its usefulness:

Social media platforms have billions of active users worldwide, offering businesses an unprecedented opportunity to reach a vast audience. By strategically leveraging social media marketing techniques, businesses can extend their brand visibility and connect with potential customers globally.

Social media platforms provide robust targeting capabilities, allowing businesses to reach specific demographics, interests, and behaviors. This targeted approach enhances marketing efficiency, ensuring that messages are delivered to the right people at the right time, resulting in higher conversion rates and return on investment.

Social media facilitates two-way communication between businesses and their audience, enabling realtime engagement and interaction. This direct interaction builds customer relationships, fosters brand loyalty, and creates a sense of community around the brand. Businesses can respond to customer inquiries, gather feedback, and provide personalized assistance, leading to improved customer satisfaction.

Compared to traditional advertising methods, social media marketing offers a cost-effective solution for businesses of all sizes. Many social media platforms provide free access to create business profiles, while paid advertising options offer flexible budgets to target specific objectives. This affordability empowers small businesses and startups to compete with larger enterprises on a more level playing field.

Social media platforms offer robust analytics tools that provide valuable insights into campaign performance, audience behavior, and engagement metrics. Businesses can measure the effectiveness of their marketing efforts, identify trends, and refine their strategies accordingly. These data-driven insights enable businesses to optimize their marketing campaigns and make informed decisions to maximize their impact.

Social media platforms allow businesses to create and cultivate their brand image effectively. Through consistent branding, storytelling, and engaging content, businesses can shape their brand identity, establish credibility, and build a positive reputation among their target audience. Additionally, social media facilitates swift crisis management by addressing issues promptly and transparently, helping to maintain brand trust and loyalty.

Social media has given rise to influencer marketing, where businesses collaborate with popular social media personalities to promote their products or services. Influencers often have dedicated and engaged followings, which can significantly amplify brand exposure, generate buzz, and increase conversions. Leveraging influencer partnerships has become an effective strategy to tap into niche markets and drive consumer trust and interest.

Overall, the usefulness of marketing in social media lies in its ability to provide a global reach, targeted advertising, enhanced engagement, cost-effectiveness, data-driven insights, brand building, reputation management, and influencer marketing opportunities. When used strategically, social media marketing has the potential to drive business growth, increase brand awareness, and foster meaningful connections with the target audience.

Conclusion:

The impact of advertising in social media on youth has been a subject of extensive research, and various outcomes and effects have been identified. Here are some key findings from the research:

Influence on purchasing decisions: Advertising on social media platforms has a significant impact on the purchasing decisions of young people. Studies have shown that youth are more likely to be influenced by social media ads compared to traditional forms of advertising. Social media platforms offer targeted and personalized advertisements that resonate with the interests and preferences of individuals, leading to increased engagement and purchase intent.

Body image and self-esteem: Advertising on social media, particularly in the realm of fashion, beauty, and fitness, can have a negative impact on the body image and self-esteem of young people. The constant exposure to idealized and unrealistic representations of beauty and body standards can contribute to feelings of inadequacy, leading to body dissatisfaction and even mental health issues such as depression and eating disorders.

Materialism and consumerism: The prevalence of advertising in social media can foster materialistic attitudes among youth. It creates a culture of constant consumption, where young people are driven to acquire the latest products and follow trends. This focus on material possessions can lead to a diminished sense of well-being, as happiness becomes linked to the accumulation of possessions rather than personal experiences or relationships.

Privacy concerns and data collection: Social media platforms rely on collecting user data to personalize advertisements effectively. This raises concerns about privacy and data security among young people. Research has shown that youth may not fully understand the extent to which their personal information is being collected and used for targeted advertising purposes. This lack of awareness can have long-term implications for their privacy and digital well-being.

Influence on social behavior and values: Advertising on social media can shape the social behavior and values of young people. Research suggests that exposure to advertising messages can influence attitudes, beliefs, and perceptions about various social issues, including body image, gender roles, and stereotypes. It is important to critically evaluate the content of advertisements and promote media literacy to help young people navigate the messages they encounter.

Engagement and empowerment: On a positive note, social media advertising can also be a platform for youth engagement and empowerment. Advertisements promoting social causes, activism, and positive role models can inspire young people to take action and make a difference. Social media can be a powerful tool for raising awareness, promoting social change, and fostering a sense of community among youth.

It's important to note that the impact of advertising in social media on youth can vary depending on individual factors such as age, gender, socio-economic background, and cultural context. Ongoing research continues to explore the complex dynamics between advertising, social media, and youth to better understand and address the effects.

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