



Dielectric Cover Effect on Rectangular Microstrip Patch Antenna Parameters

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Abstract: In this paper the effect of dielectric cover (also called superstrate) which influence on the main characteristics of rectangular microstrip antenna is presented. The antenna main characteristics are including the resonant frequency, gain, bandwidth, beam width, radiation patterns, VSWR and return loss is investigated with and without dielectric superstrate. The antenna is designed at the center frequency of 2.4GHz and simulated using Ansoft electromagnetic simulator named as High Frequency Structure Simulator. When the dielectric superstrate is touching the patch antenna, the resonant frequency is reduced and also which effects on other parameters slightly change their performance. The comparative analysis of the rectangular microstrip patch antenna (RMPA) characteristics with and without it is carried out.

IndexTerms - Dielectric superstrate, Patch antenna, Substrate,

I. INTRODUCTION

The microstrip antennas (MSA) have been used in wireless communication, mobile communication, satellite communication and radar systems in recent years and also used in airborne and spacecraft systems because of low profile and conformal nature [1-5]. The advantages of this antenna are light weight, low cost, and easy to apply Microwave Integrated Circuits (MICs). However, MSA suffers some disadvantages including narrow bandwidth and low gain [6-9]. Many of these applications the dielectric superstrate or it is also called as dielectric cover is required to provide the protection to the antenna from the environmental conditions [10-22]. In this paper the effect of dielectric superstrate influence on the main characteristics of rectangular microstrip antenna is presented. The antenna main characteristics are including the resonant frequency, gain, bandwidth, beam width, radiation patterns, VSWR and return loss is investigated with and without dielectric superstrate. When the dielectric superstrate is touching the patch antenna, the resonant frequency is reduced and also which effects on other parameters. The comparative analysis of the rectangular microstrip antenna (MSA) characteristics with and without it is carried out. The geometry of rectangular microstrip patch antenna is shown in Fig1. The designed frequency 2.40 GHz is widely employed in Bluetooth, WI-Fi applications.

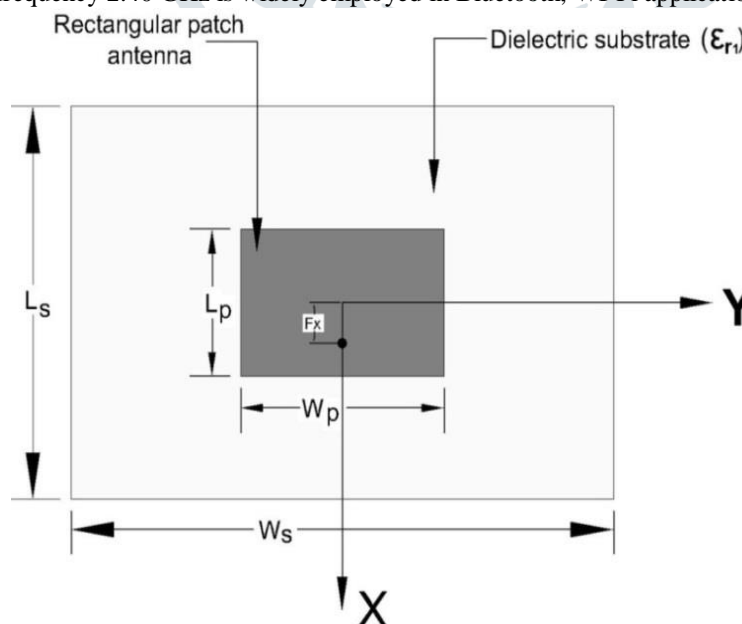


Fig1. Rectangular microstrip antenna

II. SPECIFICATIONS

In this work, the antenna is designed at 2.4GHz frequency using Arlon diclad 880 substrate. The dielectric constant of the substrate is $\epsilon_{r1} = 2.2$, the thickness $h_1 = 1.6\text{mm}$ and the loss tangent of the substrate is very low ($\text{Tan}\delta = 0.00009$). The dielectric materials such as Arlon 880, Arlon AD 320, FR4 and Arlon AD1000 has chosen as superstrate. The dielectric constant of the

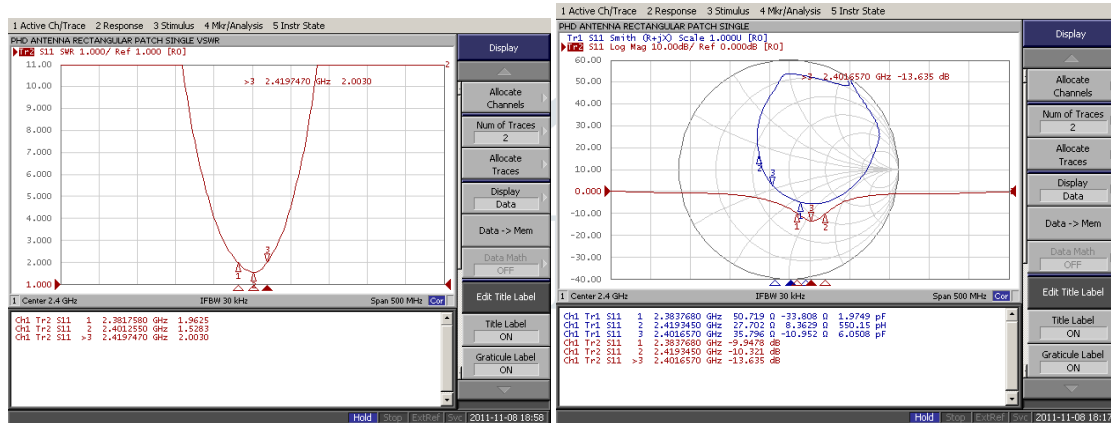
superstrate $\epsilon_{r2} = 2.2, 3.2, 4.4, 10.2$ and the thickness of superstrate $h_2 = 1.6\text{mm}, 3.2\text{mm}, 1.6\text{mm}, 0.8\text{mm}$ respectively. All these superstrate materials at zero loss tangent.

III. PATCH ANTENNA DESIGN

The patch antenna is designed at the resonant frequency of 2.4GHz. The low loss tangent substrate materials are used in the patch antenna design. The name of the substrate material is Arlon AD880, which is having dielectric constant $\epsilon_{r1} = 2.2, h_1 = 1.6\text{mm}$. The transmission line model is used for calculating the patch width W_p , patch length L_p and antenna feed point location F_Y . The patch antennas are fed with coaxial probe feed at a point where the input impedance of the patch is 50Ω . The location co-ordinates (F_X, F_Y) are found by simulation. By using transmission line model, the geometrical dimension have been calculated. $W_s = 100\text{mm}, L_s = 100\text{mm}, W_p = 49.40\text{mm}, L_p = 40.30\text{mm}, (F_x, F_y) = (0, 10.5)\text{mm}$.

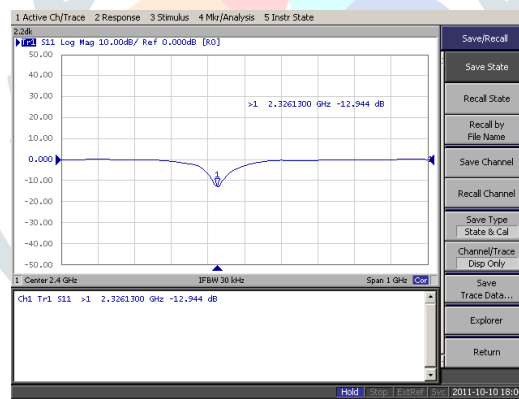
V. EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

The experimental measured VSWR, return loss and radiation pattern plots are shown in Figs 2 to 7 and also the experimental results as shown in Tables 1 to Table5. The Network Analyzer is used to measure the return loss, VSWR and center frequency and bandwidth. Anechoic chamber is used measure the radiation characteristics.



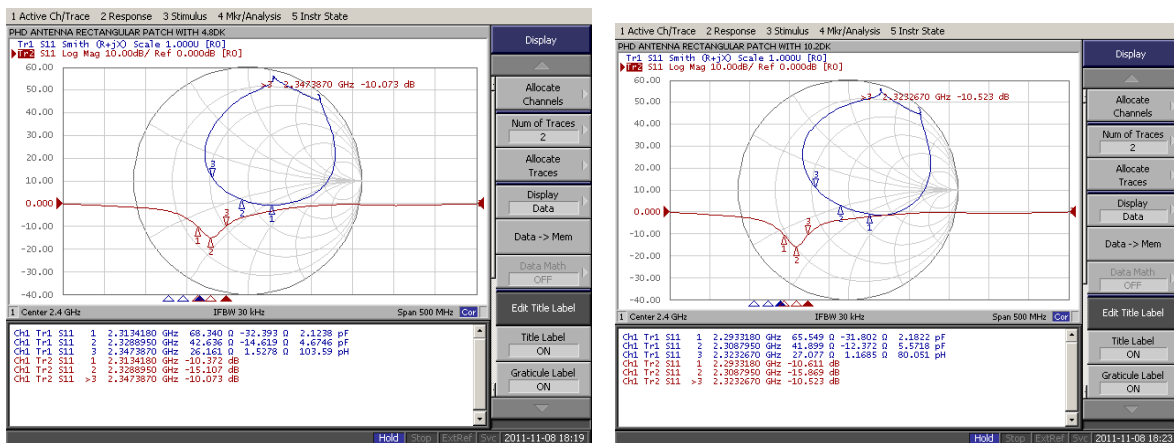
(a) VSWR $\epsilon_{r1} = 2.2$

(b) Input impedance $\epsilon_{r1} = 2.2$



(c) Return loss $\epsilon_{r1} = 2.2$

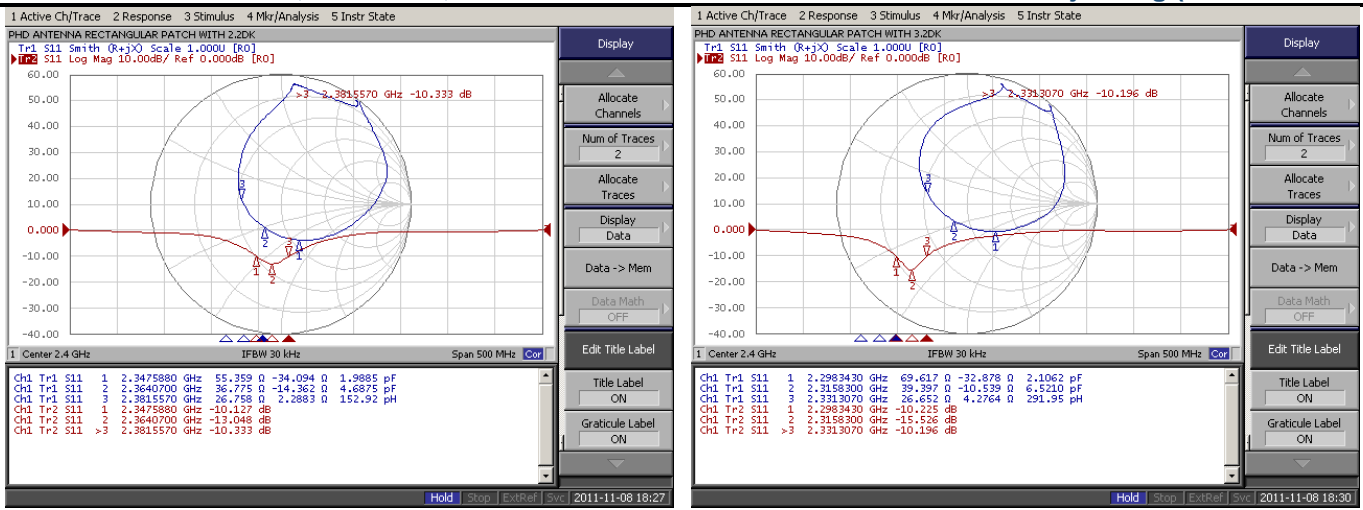
Fig.2 VSWR, Input impedance and RL of RMPA (without superstrate)



(a) Input impedance $\epsilon_{r2} = 4.8$

(b) Input impedance $\epsilon_{r2} = 10.2$

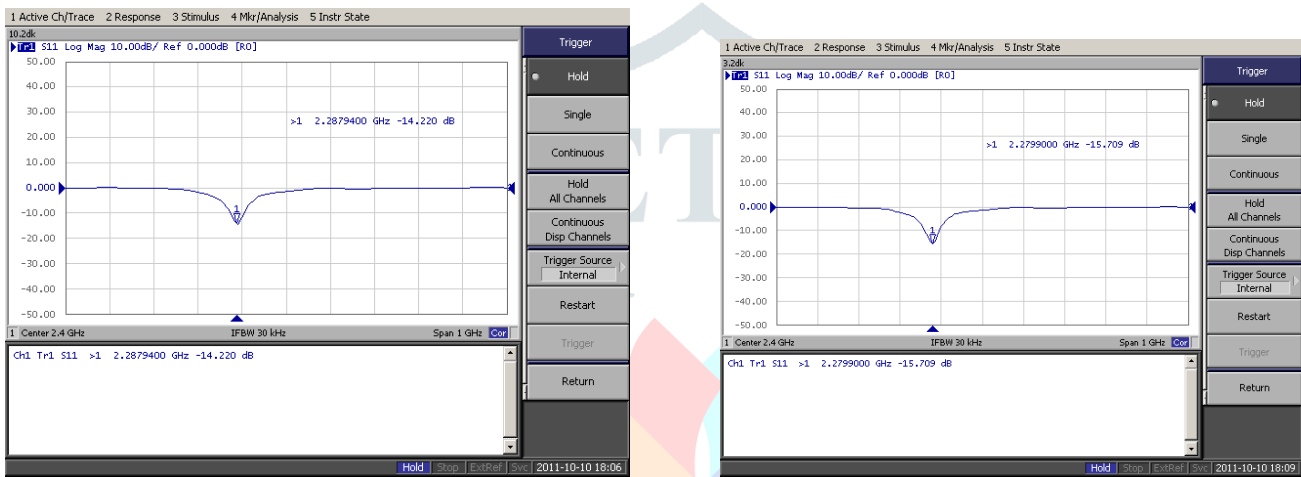
Fig 3. Input Impedance for RMPA with dielectric constant of the superstrates $\epsilon_{r2} = 4.8, 10.2$



(a) Input impedance $\epsilon_{r2} = 2.2$

(b) Input impedance $\epsilon_{r2} = 3.2$

Fig4. Input Impedance for RMPA with dielectric superstrates $\epsilon_{r2} = 2.2, 3.2$



(a) Return loss $\epsilon_{r2} = 2.2$

(b) Input impedance $\epsilon_{r2} = 3.2$

Fig5. Return loss for RMPA $\epsilon_{r2} = 2.2, 3.2$ (With dielectric superstrate)

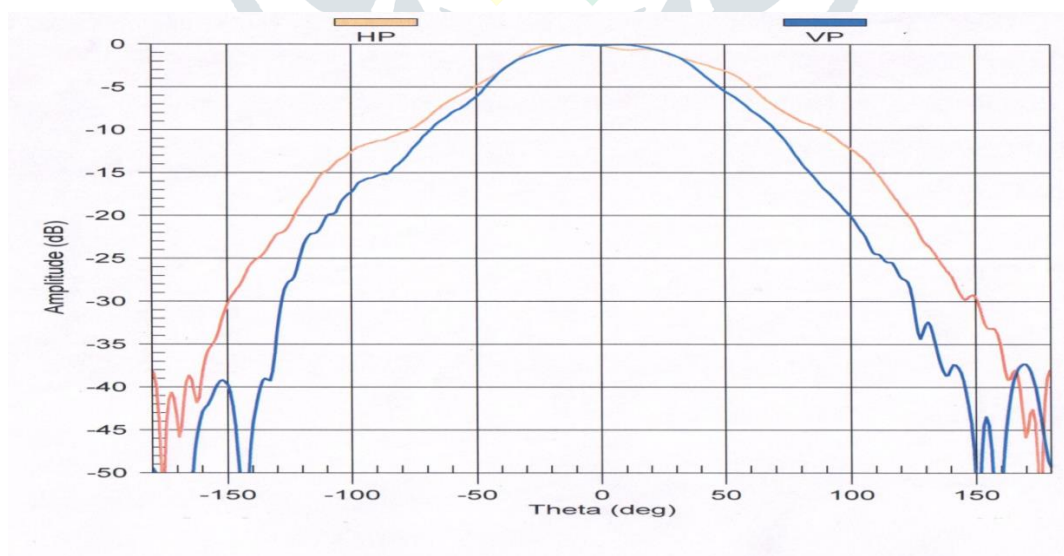


Fig. 6 Experimental measured results of far field radiation patterns for VP and HP at 2.4 GHz.

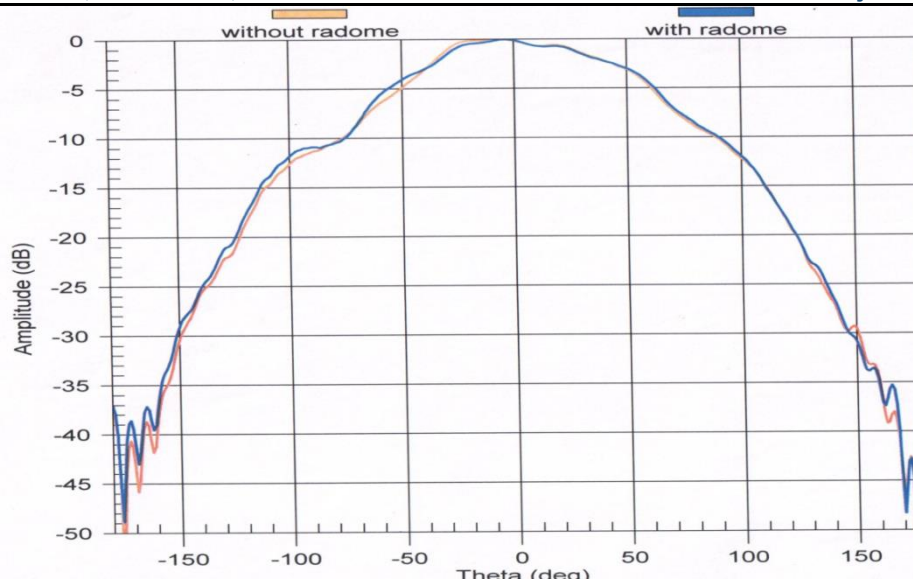


Fig. 7 Experimental measured results of far field radiation patterns for $\epsilon_{r2} = 2.2$ at 2.4 GHz in HP.

Table 1: Results of the rectangular microstrip antenna without superstrate

Dielectric Constant (ϵ_{r1})	Center Frequency (f_0)	Band-Width (BW)	Gain (G)	HPBW (HP)	HPBW (VP)
Arlondiclad 880	2.410501	0.203785	7.3	88.36	90.20

Table 2: Results of the rectangular microstrip antenna with superstrate

Dielectric Constant (ϵ_{r1})	Center Frequency (f_0)	Band-Width (BW)	Gain (G)	HPBW (HP)	HPBW (VP)
2.2	2.390425	0.0094	5.9	88.36	78.73
3.2	2.3106775	0.041965	2.8	88.36	78.73
4.8	2.3307775	0.043975	4.0	88.36	78.73
10.2	2.3217325	0.041965	4.2	88.36	78.73

VI. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

It is found from the above plots and Table 1 and Table 2, there is degradation in the performance of the antenna when the superstrate is touching the patch antenna. The experimental results show that the rectangular patch antenna the measured resonant frequency is decreased to 2.38 GHz, the bandwidth is decreased to 0.0094 GHz and gain is decreased to 4.8dB. The remaining all the parameters with and without dielectric cover has shown in above Tables.

VII. CONCLUSION

The obtained results indicate that return loss and VSWR increases, BW decreases with the different dielectric constant of the superstrates. The value of impedance, return loss and VSWR are minimum, whereas BW is maximum for superstrate having dielectric constant (ϵ_{r2}) is 2.2 and vice versa (ϵ_{r2}). This type of characteristics of antenna has been used in Wireless, Bluetooth and Wi-Fi applications most widely used. The frequency 2.4GHz has been employed in this applications.

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