JETIR.ORG

ISSN: 2349-5162 | ESTD Year: 2014 | Monthly Issue



JOURNAL OF EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES AND INNOVATIVE RESEARCH (JETIR)

An International Scholarly Open Access, Peer-reviewed, Refereed Journal

Concept Of Anukta Vyadhies In Ayurveda- A Review

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ABSTRACT-

Ayurveda is science of life and always deals with wellbeing of humanbeings.

स्वस्थास्य स्वास्थारक्षणं अतुरस्य विकार प्राशामणम् is basic concept of ayurveda. Diseases occurred due to extremely changed lifestyles and faulty dieting habits not found in exact form in Ayurveda. Anukta vyadhi means the diseases which are not directly or specifically explained in Ayurvedic samhitas. In sutrasthana Acharya charaka have stated that each and every vyadhi can not be labeled or explained, but vadiya have to understand according to symptoms of vyadhi, and thus concept of anukta vyadhies is developed. To understand anukta sankalpana Tantrayukties, Vedanga, kalpana, tacchaliya are given in Ayurvrda and with help of that anukta vyadhies can be diagnosed and can be treated easily. Atidesh tantrayukti is useful to understand the concept of Anukta. this article is a attempt to understand concept of anukta in ayurveda.

Key words- Ayurveda, Anukta, Atidesh tantrayukti.

INTRODUCTION-

Ayuveda is dealing with maintenance of health and natural treatment of diseases if any.

Here Anukta means any Disease or Drug which is unsaid or unexplained or not mentioned clearly in Ayurvedic Samhitas. Anukta is separate and slandered parameter. Anukta helps us to understand classical concepts as well as new diseases. In Sutrasthna Acharya Charka have stated that is and every disease can not or need not to be labeled separately but, unsaid vyadhies can be taken in consideration according to hetu, involved doshas and sthana sanshrya. Concept of Anukta helps us to understand Samprapti of new or unsaid diseases as well as its treatment. In his comment Acharya Chakrapani have stated that Atidesh Tantraukti is helpful in understanding

hidden things and concepts. This paper is a small attempt to understand the concept of *Anukta vyadhies* in *Samhitas*.

LITRATURE REVIEW-

Concept of Anukta-

Dictionary meaning of *Anukta* is unsaid or unexplained. *Anukta vyadhi* means the diseases which are not directly or specifically explained in *ayurvedic samhitas*.

Hetu for Anukta vyadhes are regularly changing diet, fast food, irregular and faulty dieting habits, environmental changes, faulty life style and any activity against rules of nature including pradnyaparadh. Parinam i.e. kala is also an important factor as ahetu of Anukta vyadhies. Kala is most responsible factor for newly formed diseases like chikun guniya or corona. Tantrayukti is a way to understand Anukta vyadhies. Atidesh Tantrayukti is specially given to understand Anukta vyadhes in Ayurvedic Samhitas. In Charak samhita Acharya says that, there are three ways to Diagnose Anukta vyadhes.⁵

These are 1) *Prakruti-vikruti*

- 2) Adhishthana
- 3) Sammutthana

During study of Anukta vyadhies we have to think finely about,

Hetu, Dosha, Dushya, Doshaprakop, Doshpradhanya, Sansarga, sannipat, Swatantra-Partantra doshprakopa, Anshansh Kalpana, Avastha etc. we have to find out particular hetu and particular Dosha, afterward we have to find out is there any similar vyadhi described in samhita and according to that disease we have to find out and treat the Anukta vyadhi.

Acharya Sharangdhara have also stated the concept of Anukta as

If kala is Anukta then Pratha kala (Morning) is to be considered.

If part of plant is *Anukta* Root is to be taken.

If metal or specificity of pot is *Anukta* Eathern Pot is to be taken.⁶

Samprapti of Anukta vyadhi is to be considered as

- 1, Find out the Hetu Causative (factors) of newly formed disease.
- 2. Find out the Doshas involved according to *Hetu* and *Lakshnas* (symptoms).
- 3. Find out *Tartamatva* (*Anshansha Kalpana*) i.e. increased or decreased symptoms of

Dosha.

4. Prepare Samprapti of Anukta vyadhi and plan treatment according to Hetu prakupita Dosha and Adhishthana.

Recently India have undergone two pandemics and these were

- 1. Corona- Corona virus disease (Sars-cov-2)
- 2. Chikun guniya

Both of these were viral diseases according to modern medical science.

According to concept of *Anukta vyadhi* we can diagnose and Treat these diseases.

As a treatment of *Ukta* and *Anukta* diseases "prevention is better than cure" is best *therapy*. and it is based on *Sushrutacharyas* quotation

संक्षेपताः क्रियायोगो निदान परिवर्जनम् ।

सु. उ. १/२५

It means avoidance of causative factors is treatment of each and every disease.⁷

DIAGNOSTIC APROACH OF ANUKTA VYADHIES-

ACORDING TO Ayurveda process of diagnosis is divided in to two parts-

- 1. Rog Dnyanopaya. (Examination of Disease)
- 2. Rogi Dnyanopaya. (Examination of Patient)

Acharya Vagbhata has stated that Vaidya have to Examine patients according to

Dusya, Desha, Bala, Kala, Prakruti, Anal (Diagestive Power), Vaya, Satva, Satmya and Ahara of the patient.8

Trividha, Chaturvidha, Ashtavidha as well as Dashvidha parikshas are in Diagnosis of Anukta Vyadhies.

CONCLUSION-

- 1. Now a days much more newer *vyadhies* are seen which does not match to any other diseases these are *Anukta Vyadhies*.
- 2. Concept of *Anukta vyadhies* is useful to understand to diagnose and understand new diseases.
- 3. Concept of Anukta Vyadhies is also useful in planning of treatment of new vyadhies.
- 4. Tantrayukties specially Atidesh Tantrayukti is useful to understand concept of Anukta.
- 5. Anukta is not mentioned but is one of most important and useful part of Ayurvedic Samhitas.
- 6. In changing world due to faulty lifestyle more and more newer *vyadhies* will occur where Concept of *Anukta* will have better scope for Diagnosis and Treatment.

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