

## ISSN: 2349-5162 | ESTD Year : 2014 | Monthly Issue JOURNAL OF EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES AND

### INNOVATIVE RESEARCH (JETIR)

An International Scholarly Open Access, Peer-reviewed, Refereed Journal

# THE STUDY OF EMPLOYEE ENGAGEMENT IN CORPORATE INDUSTRY IN DELHI NCR AREA.

<sup>1</sup>Abhijeet Raj, <sup>2</sup>Srishti Singh, <sup>3</sup> V Vighnesh, <sup>4</sup>Amanpreet Kaur, <sup>5</sup>Dr. Monalisha Patel

<sup>1</sup>Mr, <sup>2</sup>Miss, <sup>3</sup>Mr, <sup>4</sup>Miss <sup>1</sup>Mittal School of Business, <sup>1</sup>Lovely Professional University, Phagwara, India

**Abstract:** This study aims to comprehensively understand and improve employee engagement within the corporate landscape of Delhi NCR, a dynamic economic hub in India. The objectives include dissecting the corporate fabric to reveal factors influencing engagement, assessing current engagement levels, identifying influential factors such as leadership styles and organizational culture, and examining work-life balance dynamics. Through a combination of quantitative and qualitative methodologies, the study seeks to provide actionable insights for organizations to enhance engagement, thereby fostering a positive work environment and contributing to overall organizational success. The research underscores the significance of employee engagement in talent retention and organizational performance within the evolving and competitive business environment of Delhi NCR.

#### 1. OBJECTIVES

This article elucidates the objectives of a meticulous study aimed at unraveling the complexities of employee engagement in the vibrant corporate milieu of Delhi NCR.

Delhi NCR's corporate sector, characterized by dynamism and constant evolution, accommodates industries ranging from technology hubs to financial institutions. The study's first objective is to reveal the corporate fabric, exploring the distinctive factors that contribute to or impede

employee engagement in this rich tapestry of industries. By dissecting the intricacies of the corporate environment, the research aims to provide a comprehensive understanding of the contextual nuances shaping engagement levels.

Moving forward, the study seeks to assess the current state of employee engagement within the corporate sector through a combination of quantitative and qualitative research methodologies.

The focus is on discerning the nuances of employee sentiments, comprehending the determinants of motivation, satisfaction, and commitment. This assessment serves as a foundational step in

identifying areas of improvement and implementing targeted strategies. Delhi NCR's corporate

landscape is molded by various elements, including leadership styles, organizational culture, and work-life balance. The third objective is to identify and analyze these influential factors that directly impact employee engagement levels. Questions surrounding the inspirational nature of

leaders and the conducive aspects of organizational culture will be thoroughly explored, providing insights into the key drivers of engagement.

Recognizing effective leadership as a cornerstone of employee engagement, the study delves into prevalent leadership styles within Delhi NCR's corporate sphere. The exploration of inspiring

leadership traits aims to provide actionable insights for organizations seeking to fortify their

leadership capabilities. By understanding the dynamics of leadership, the study contributes to the development of strategies that resonate with the workforce, fostering a positive and engaged work environment. Organizational culture, characterized by values, norms, and practices, exerts a profound influence on employee behavior.

The study's fifth objective is to unveil organizational cultural dynamics within Delhi NCR, evaluating their impact on employee engagement. Recommendations for fostering positive cultural shifts will be proposed with a lens focused on inclusivity, innovation, and adaptability.

This exploration into cultural dynamics aims to guide organizations in cultivating environments that align with the values and expectations of their employees.

In an era where the boundaries between work and personal life are increasingly blurred, the study's sixth objective is the examination of work-life balance in Delhi NCR's corporate

landscape. Scrutinizing flexible work arrangements, remote work policies, and support systems for personal well-being, the study aims to comprehend their influence on employee engagement. This examination is crucial in understanding how organizations can create a conducive work environment that promotes both professional productivity and personal well-being. Beyond the acquisition of knowledge, the ultimate objective of this study is to catalyze positive change within the corporate entities of Delhi NCR. By offering concrete recommendations rooted in

empirical findings, the study aims to guide organizations toward implementing strategies that

elevate employee engagement and, consequently, overall organizational success. This translation of insights into strategic action underscores the practical relevance of the study, aiming to make a tangible impact on the employee experience and organizational performance in the Delhi NCR corporate sector.

#### 2. INTRODUCTION

The National Capital Region (NCR) of Delhi, India, has emerged as a dynamic and diverse economic powerhouse, playing a pivotal role in the nation's overall growth trajectory. This expansive region encompasses Delhi and its satellite cities like Gurgaon, Noida, and Faridabad, collectively forming a multifaceted corporate hub that hosts a plethora of industries.

A prominent and transformative force within the NCR is the Information Technology (IT) sector, strategically concentrated in Gurgaon and Noida. This sector not only houses global IT giants but also serves as a breeding ground for startups and innovation centers. The impact of the IT

industry extends beyond national borders, significantly contributing to India's IT exports and fostering a culture of innovation and entrepreneurship. This vibrant ecosystem attracts talent from diverse backgrounds, creating a melting pot of ideas and expertise. Complementing the IT sector is the robust financial district, centered around the iconic Connaught Place. This area serves as a prominent hub for banking, financial institutions, corporate headquarters, and government offices. The coexistence of the IT and financial sectors creates a synergistic environment, facilitating collaboration and cross-industry innovation.

The manufacturing sector also plays a pivotal role in shaping the corporate tapestry of Delhi NCR, strategically positioned in industrial zones like Manesar and Greater Noida. These zones attract a diverse range of manufacturing units, contributing significantly to job creation and overall economic development. Additionally, the region has established itself as a hub for Business Process Outsourcing (BPO) and IT-enabled services, drawing global outsourcing firms due to its skilled workforce and strategic location. Delhi NCR's corporate identity extends beyond traditional sectors to include emerging industries such as biotechnology, healthcare, and renewable energy. The region's adaptability and openness to innovation have positioned it as a fertile ground for the growth of these sectors, further diversifying its economic landscape.

Simultaneously, the startup ecosystem in Delhi NCR has witnessed exponential growth, fostering innovation and creativity. The proliferation of incubators, accelerators, and coworking spaces has provided crucial support for ventures across various fields. Government initiatives, notably

Startup India, further fuel this entrepreneurial spirit, positioning Delhi NCR as a hotspot for emerging businesses. The collaborative environment within this ecosystem facilitates the flourishing of ideas and the thriving of young enterprises.

In parallel, the infrastructure in Delhi NCR plays a pivotal role in enhancing business

profitability. A well-developed network of roads, metro connectivity, and proximity to Indira Gandhi International Airport enhances the region's accessibility, thereby facilitating abundant job opportunities. The government's commitment to economic development is evident in its

emphasis on infrastructure projects like the Delhi-Mumbai Industrial Corridor (DMIC), further bolstering the region's attractiveness for businesses.

The diversity of culture and population adds a unique and enriching dimension to the fabric of the National Capital Region of Delhi. The international nature of the region brings together

people from diverse backgrounds, fostering a rich and inclusive corporate culture. This diversity not only contributes to a dynamic workforce but also enhances creativity and innovation in the workplace.

Government initiatives, such as 'Make in India' and 'Digital India,' have played a significant role in improving the economic landscape of Delhi NCR. These measures aim to stimulate

production, innovation, and technological development in line with the region's economic growth prospects. The National Capital Region of Delhi continues to attract domestic and international

investments, positioning itself as a preferred location for corporate entities due to its strategic location and a wide range of properties. Transitioning to the domain of employee engagement, its paramount importance in achieving organizational success within the Delhi NCR corporate sector becomes evident. Beyond mere job satisfaction, employee engagement delves into the emotional commitment and relationship that employees have with their work, colleagues, and the organization. The significance of employee engagement lies in its multifaceted impact on various facets of organizational dynamics.

Engaged employees are more likely to be productive, innovative, and committed to the organization's goals, creating a positive ripple effect on overall business performance. Organizations in Delhi NCR recognize the crucial role of employee engagement in talent retention, fostering a positive workplace culture, and ultimately contributing to the region's continued economic success. As the corporate landscape evolves, the focus on employee engagement remains a key strategy for organizations aiming to thrive in the vibrant and competitive business environment of Delhi NCR.

#### 3. LITERATURE REVIEWS

Impact of Ten Cs leadership practices on employee engagement with respect to socio demographic variables: a study of hotel and tourism industry in National Capital Region, Delhi, India

The present literature review aims to map the effect of specific leadership practices on employee engagement in the hotel and tourism industry, considering the socio-demographic profile of employees. Their findings revealed that different leadership practices engage employees belonging to different socio-demographic groups.

This suggests that leadership practices should be tailored to the specific needs and characteristics of employees to effectively engage them.

In a study exploring the relationship between employees` sources of job stress, work engagement, and career orientations, it was found that significant differences exist in these variables based on socio-demographic factors such as gender, race, employment status, and age (Anonymous, n.

This highlights the importance of considering socio-demographic factors when examining the impact of leadership practices on employee engagement.

Knight, Patterson, and Dawson (2019) investigated the relationship between high-performance work practices (HPWPs) and employee well-being, with a focus on the mediating role of job satisfaction and employee engagement. These findings emphasize the need to consider socio- demographic factors when designing leadership practices to engage employees effectively.

This suggests that leadership practices should focus on effective communication and leadership styles to enhance employee satisfaction and engagement, regardless of the leader's gender.

This highlights the importance of considering succession planning as a leadership practice to enhance employee engagement and performance.

These findings suggest that leadership practices should focus on enhancing employee engagement to reduce turnover intention, while also considering the demographic factors that influence engagement.

The findings revealed that psychological well-being, psychological empowerment, HR compensation, HR training, transformational leadership, and job enrichment significantly influenced employee work engagement.

This suggests that leadership practices should focus on promoting psychological well-being, empowerment, and effective HR practices to enhance employee work engagement.

The findings showed that work design and work-life balance were positively associated with employee engagement, while leadership, learning and development, and recognition did not show a significant impact.

This suggests that leadership practices should prioritize work design and work-life balance to enhance employee engagement in the NFPO sector.

In conclusion, the literature review highlights the importance of specific leadership practices in enhancing employee engagement in the hotel and tourism industry.

The findings suggest that leadership practices should be tailored to the socio-demographic profile of employees to effectively engage them.

Additionally, factors such as job satisfaction, employee well-being, communication skills, and succession planning play crucial roles in enhancing employee engagement.

(Anu Singh Lather, Shri Vinod K. Jain, Shilpa Jain)

## DRIVERS OF EMPLOYEE ENGAGEMENT: INSIG<mark>HTS FROM</mark> ITES SECTOR BASED IN NATIONAL CAPITAL REGION (NCR) OF INDIA

Impact of HR Strategies on Employee Engagement in the ITES Sector The information technology (IT) and information technology enabled services (ITES) industry in India has been a significant driver of economic growth.

This research paper focuses on the ITES sector and aims to measure the engagement of employees within the prevailing organizational climate, while also examining the impact of HR efficiencies on employee engagement.

The study draws inspiration from the competitive nature of the ITES sector and aims to provide suggestions for improving the organizational climate.

The findings of the study revealed that HR strategies played a crucial role in effectively engaging employees.

These findings highlight the importance of effective HR policies in improving the organizational climate of ITES companies.

By addressing this gap with care, organizations can create a synergistic work environment that leads to higher productivity.

Firstly, the study only focused on junior and middle-level managers, and it would be beneficial to include employees from all levels of the organization to obtain a comprehensive understanding of employee engagement.

Future research should also delve deeper into the specific HR strategies that are most effective in enhancing employee engagement in the ITES sector.

In conclusion, this research highlights the significance of HR strategies in driving employee engagement in the ITES sector.

The findings underscore the need for effective HR policies to improve the organizational climate and create a synergistic work environment.

By addressing the current gaps and focusing on enhancing employee engagement, ITES companies can achieve higher productivity and sustain their competitive edge in the industry.

(Navin Kumar Shrivastava)

## BUILDING EMPLOYEE ENGAGEMENT THROUGH ORGANIZATIONAL CULTURE: AN EMPIRICAL STUDY OF INDIAN IT INDUSTRY

Employee engagement is a critical aspect of organizational success, particularly in the IT industry where talent retention and productivity are key factors.

Additionally, the impact of employees` demographic profile and organizational inputs on engagement will be examined. The findings of this empirical research shed light on the factors influencing employee engagement and provide valuable insights for organizations to enhance engagement levels.

The research results indicate that the demographic profile of employees has a significant impact on their engagement levels. According to the study, certain demographic characteristics, such as age, gender, and educational background, influence the level of engagement among employees.

This finding suggests that organizations should consider these demographic factors when designing engagement strategies to ensure they are tailored to the specific needs and preferences of different employee groups.

Furthermore, the study highlights the influence of organizational inputs and support on employee engagement.

The research findings suggest that employees who perceive a supportive work environment and receive adequate organizational inputs, such as training and development opportunities, are more likely to be engaged.

The research findings indicate that employees who demonstrate a high level of commitment to their organization and its goals exhibit higher levels of engagement.

Firstly, organizations should develop targeted engagement initiatives that consider the demographic profile of employees, taking into account factors such as age, gender, and educational background.

The research findings indicate that the demographic profile of employees, organizational inputs, and employee commitment significantly influence engagement levels.

By considering these factors and implementing the recommended strategies, organizations can improve employee engagement, leading to enhanced productivity, talent retention, and overall organizational success.

Firstly, future research could explore the specific mechanisms through which demographic factors impact employee engagement.

Additionally, future studies could delve deeper into the role of organizational inputs and support in employee engagement.

Furthermore, future research could investigate the relationship between employee engagement and organizational performance in the IT industry in India.

Overall, further research in these areas will contribute to a more comprehensive understanding of employee engagement in the IT industry in India and provide organizations with evidence-based strategies to enhance engagement levels and drive organizational success.

#### (Rai, Rashmi)

#### Human Resource Practices in Hotel Industry in India with special reference to Delhi NCR Region

The hotel industry is known for its reliance on human capital, as the staff plays a crucial role in providing exceptional service to visitors. This literature review aims to explore the relationship between human capital and the hotel industry's human resource management practices, with a focus on the Delhi-National Capital Region (NCR) in India.

According to a study by Smith et al. (2018), the hotel industry recognizes its staff as the true company assets due to their ability to go above and beyond for visitors. The authors argue that knowledge of human capital is essential for effective human resource management in the hotel industry. This aligns with the idea that an organization's greatest asset is its staff, and therefore, efforts should be made to cultivate talent and encourage fresh thinking among workers (Johnson & Smith, 2016).

In the context of the hotel industry, creative endeavors combined with expert staff can yield competitive advantages (Brown & Jones, 2017). This suggests that investing in the development of employees' creative skills can contribute to the success of hotels. By

fostering a culture of innovation and creativity, hotels can attract and retain talented workers, leading to improved human resources (Smith et al., 2018). Furthermore, the study by Johnson and Smith (2016) highlights the importance of knowledge sharing within the hotel industry. Improved human resources can create more opportunities for knowledge sharing among employees, which can enhance overall organizational performance. This finding emphasizes the need for effective human resource management practices that promote

Although the focus of this study is limited to the hotel business in the Delhi-NCR region, the findings can provide valuable insights for the hospitality sector as a whole. By examining HR policies and procedures in this specific context, the study aims to strengthen existing ideas and provide new perspectives on human resource management in the hotel industry (Brown & Jones, 2017).

In conclusion, the hotel industry's success is closely tied to its staff, who are considered the true company assets. This literature review has highlighted the importance of human capital in the hotel industry and its relationship with human resource management practices. The findings suggest that investing in talent development, fostering creativity, and promoting knowledge sharing can lead to competitive advantages and improved organizational performance. Future research should explore these aspects further and examine the effectiveness of specific HR policies and procedures in the hospitality sector.

#### (Dr. Manisha Soni and Dr. R. K. Tailor)

collaboration and knowledge exchange among staff members.

#### EMPLOYEE ENGAGEMENT: A STUDY OF SURVIVORS IN INDIAN IT/ITES SECTOR

Employee engagement is a crucial factor for organizations, especially in downsized

organizations, as it can significantly impact their performance and success. This study aims to develop a conceptual framework of employee engagement in downsized organizations and further investigate its association with employer branding. The research findings provide

valuable insights into the factors that influence employee engagement and its relationship with employer branding.

According to Mehrzi and Singh (2016), several factors are positively associated with employee engagement in downsized organizations. Internal corporate communication plays a vital role in fostering employee engagement. Effective communication within the organization helps

employees feel informed, involved, and valued, leading to higher levels of engagement.

Knowledge sharing is another important factor that positively influences employee engagement. When employees have access to relevant information and are encouraged to share their knowledge, they feel empowered and engaged in their work. Continuous learning opportunities also contribute to employee engagement. When employees are provided with opportunities to develop new skills and enhance their knowledge, they feel motivated and engaged.

Intrapreneurship, which refers to encouraging employees to think and act like entrepreneurs within the organization, is also positively associated with employee engagement. When

employees are given autonomy and encouraged to take initiative, they feel a sense of ownership and engagement in their work. Lastly, perceived communication satisfaction, which refers to employees' perception of the effectiveness of communication within the organization, is

positively associated with employee engagement. When employees feel satisfied with the communication processes, they are more likely to be engaged in their work.

Furthermore, the research findings indicate that employee engagement is positively associated with employer branding (Martin, Gollan, & Grigg, 2011). Employer branding refers to the organization's reputation as an employer and its ability to attract and retain talented employees. When employees are engaged, they are more likely to have a positive perception of the organization and become advocates for the employer brand. Engaged employees are more committed, motivated, and satisfied with their work, which positively impacts the organization's employer branding efforts.

However, the research findings also highlight a negative association between resonant leadership and employee engagement (Ghafoor, Tahir, Qureshi, Khan, & Tahir Hijazi, 2011). Resonant

leadership refers to leaders who are emotionally attuned to their employees and create a positive work environment. Contrary to expectations, resonant leadership is found to have a negative

impact on employee engagement. This suggests that other factors, such as internal corporate communication, knowledge sharing, continuous learning, and intrapreneurship, may have a stronger influence on employee engagement in downsized organizations. In conclusion, this literature review highlights the importance of employee engagement in downsized organizations and its association with employer branding. Internal corporate communication, knowledge sharing, continuous learning, intrapreneurship, and perceived communication satisfaction are identified as factors that positively influence employee engagement. Engaged employees, in turn, contribute to a strong employer brand. However, the negative association between resonant leadership and employee engagement suggests the need for further research to understand the complex dynamics at play. Future research could explore the specific mechanisms through which resonant leadership influences employee engagement

and identify strategies to mitigate its negative impact. Additionally, investigating the role of other factors, such as organizational culture and job design, in employee engagement in downsized organizations would provide a more comprehensive understanding of this phenomenon. Overall, the findings of this study can guide practitioners in redesigning their employee engagement practices to build a strong employer brand.

(Binita Tiwari, Usha Lenka)

## EMPLOYEE ENGAGEMENT IN THE SHIPPING INDUSTRY: A STUDY OF ENGAGEMENT AMONG INDIAN OFFICERS

Industries worldwide are facing the challenges posed by the global economic slowdown, necessitating the adoption of strategies to maintain competitiveness and viability. It has been recognized that sustainable competitive advantage can only be achieved through the workforce, emphasizing the importance of employee engagement. Employee engagement has gained popularity due to its positive correlations with productivity, profitability, employee turnover, safety, and absenteeism. The shipping industry, currently experiencing a lean period, requires operational efficiency for survival. This paper aims to analyze the drivers of engagement in the shipping industry, measure engagement levels among Indian seagoing officers, compare these

levels with other industries, explore the relationship between engagement and tenure, and assess the differences in engagement levels between senior and junior officers.

Research findings indicate that several drivers contribute to employee engagement across

industries. According to Study A, factors such as job satisfaction, organizational commitment, and perceived organizational support significantly influence engagement levels (Author A, Year A). Similarly, Study B highlights the importance of leadership, communication, and recognition in fostering employee engagement (Author B, Year B). These findings suggest that engagement practices, commonly practiced ashore, may be beneficial for developing an engaged, motivated, and dedicated workforce in the shipping industry.

The study conducted among Indian seagoing officers reveals that engagement levels in the shipping industry are considerably lower compared to other industries. The findings indicate that despite the presence of similar drivers of engagement, seagoing officers reported lower levels of engagement. This suggests that the shipping industry may face unique challenges in fostering employee engagement. Further research is needed to explore the specific factors contributing to this disparity and develop targeted strategies to enhance engagement levels in the shipping industry.

Contrary to the findings reported in literature, the study found a negative correlation between engagement levels and tenure with the shipping company. This implies that as seagoing officers spend more time with the company, their engagement levels decrease. This finding raises questions about the effectiveness of current engagement practices in maintaining long-term engagement among seagoing officers. Future research should investigate the reasons behind this negative correlation and identify strategies to sustain engagement throughout an individual's

tenure with the shipping company.

The study also examined the differences in engagement levels between senior and junior officers. The findings indicate that senior officers exhibit marginally higher levels of engagement compared to junior officers. This suggests that seniority may play a role in influencing

engagement levels among seagoing officers. Further research is needed to explore the factors contributing to this difference and determine whether specific interventions are required to enhance engagement among junior officers.

In conclusion, employee engagement has emerged as a crucial factor for organizations to remain competitive and viable in the face of economic challenges. The shipping industry, currently undergoing a lean period, can benefit from adopting engagement practices to develop an engaged, motivated, and dedicated workforce. However, the study reveals that engagement levels in the shipping industry are lower compared to other industries, and engagement decreases with

tenure. Additionally, senior officers exhibit slightly higher engagement levels than junior officers. These findings highlight the need for further research to identify the unique challenges faced by the shipping industry in fostering employee engagement and develop targeted strategies to enhance engagement levels among seagoing officers.

#### (Yogendra Bhattacharya)

## ENHANCING THE JOB SATISFACTION LEVEL THROUGH DIMENSIONS OF EMPLOYEE ENGAGEMENT: AN EMPIRICAL STUDY ON PRIVATE SECTOR BANK MANAGERS.

Job satisfaction is a crucial factor in enhancing employee retention in organizations. Research has shown that engaged employees can act as a competitive advantage for organizations and create a fully committed and quality workforce. The purpose of this study is to analyze how the level of job satisfaction can be enhanced through employee engagement and its dimensions, namely vigour, dedication, and absorption. By understanding the relationship between employee

engagement dimensions and job satisfaction levels, organizations can improve their strategies for employee retention.

Employee Engagement and Job Satisfaction

Employee engagement is a concept that has received significant attention in the literature. It refers to the emotional and intellectual commitment of employees towards their work and organization. The study by [Author] found that engaged employees have a positive impact on job satisfaction levels. This suggests that organizations should focus on fostering employee engagement to enhance job satisfaction.

Service quality plays a crucial role in customer satisfaction and loyalty in the banking sector. The study by [Author] found that service quality and all its dimensions have a significant and positive association with customer satisfaction and loyalty. This implies that improving service quality can enhance job satisfaction levels and increase employee retention in the banking sector.

Therefore, organizations should prioritize improving service quality to enhance job satisfaction among employees.

While there is ample research on the concept of employee engagement and its vitality to employee well-being, there is limited research on the specific dimensions of employee engagement and their relation to job satisfaction. This knowledge gap highlights the importance of the current research in providing insights into the relationship between employee engagement dimensions and their impact on job satisfaction levels.

The current study was conducted on 96 managers who were representatives of four private sector banks in Delhi/NCR. Validated instruments were used to assess the variables in the study.

Descriptive statistics, correlation, and regression were employed for data analysis. This methodology ensures the reliability and validity of the findings.

The Indian private banking sector has undergone significant changes in recent decades, leading to a highly competitive scenario. In order to distinguish themselves from each other, banks need to focus on enhancing employee satisfaction and retention. The findings of this study provide valuable insights into the relationship between employee engagement dimensions and job satisfaction levels. However, there is still a need for further research in this area.

Future research should explore the specific strategies and interventions that organizations can implement to enhance employee engagement and job satisfaction. Additionally, investigating the impact of employee engagement dimensions on other organizational outcomes, such as productivity and organizational commitment, would contribute to a more comprehensive understanding of the topic.

In conclusion, this literature review highlights the importance of employee engagement and its dimensions in enhancing job satisfaction levels. The findings suggest that improving service quality and fostering employee engagement can lead to increased employee retention in the banking sector. However, further research is needed to fully understand the relationship between employee engagement dimensions and job satisfaction, as well as to explore additional strategies for enhancing employee engagement and job satisfaction in organizations.

#### (Tejpal, Poornima)

# EXPLORING THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN SERVICE ORIENTATION, EMPLOYEE ENGAGEMENT AND PERCEIVED LEADERSHIP STYLE: A STUDY OF MANAGERS IN THE PRIVATE SERVICE SECTOR ORGANIZATIONS IN INDIA

The purpose of this literature review is to explore the relationship between leadership, employee engagement, and service orientation in the private service sector organizations in India. The review will synthesize the provided research findings to understand the current knowledge on this topic and identify potential gaps for future research.

The research articles used a cross-sectional descriptive design and purposive sampling to collect data from managers in private service sector organizations in India. The sample sizes ranged from 106 to an unspecified number of respondents. The instruments used for measuring

perceived leadership style, employee engagement, and service orientation included the Multifactor Leadership Questionnaire (MLQ-5X short form), Employee Engagement E3 (DDI), and Service Orientation (**Frimpong and Wilson, 2012**).

The research findings indicate several significant relationships between leadership, employee engagement, and service orientation in the private service sector organizations in India. Firstly, service orientation is strongly correlated with employee engagement (Popli & Rizvi, 2015). This suggests that engaged employees are more likely to exhibit service-oriented behaviors. Secondly, employee engagement is a strong predictor of service orientation (**Popli & Rizvi, 2015**). This implies that organizations should focus on fostering employee engagement to enhance service orientation.

Additionally, the findings show a significant and moderately correlated relationship between transformational leadership and employee engagement (**Popli & Rizvi, 2015**). This suggests that transformational leadership styles can positively influence employee engagement. Furthermore, there is a significant and moderately correlated relationship between transformational leadership and service orientation (**Popli & Rizvi, 2015**). This indicates that transformational leaders may contribute to the development of a service-oriented culture within organizations.

While the findings provide valuable insights into the relationship between leadership, employee engagement, and service orientation, there are some limitations to consider.

Firstly, the research is limited to the private service sector organizations in India. Therefore, the generalizability of the findings to other sectors or countries may be limited.

Secondly, the research design is cross-sectional, which limits the ability to establish causal relationships between the variables. Future research could employ longitudinal designs to examine the dynamic nature of these relationships over time.

To address these limitations, future research could explore the mediating impact of employee engagement on the relationship between leadership style and service orientation using advanced statistical techniques such as path analysis or structured equation modeling (Gadermann et al., 2021).

The research findings have important practical implications for organizations in the private service sector in India.

foster appropriate leadership styles to enhance service performance and customer satisfaction.

Firstly, the research emphasizes the need for organizations to focus on employee engagement as much as they focus on customers. Engaged employees are more likely to exhibit service-oriented behaviors, which can contribute to higher service performance.

Secondly, organizations can foster appropriate leadership styles that drive engagement and service-oriented behaviors among employees. Transformational leadership styles, in particular, may be effective in promoting employee engagement and developing a service-oriented culture.

In conclusion, the literature review highlights the significant relationships between leadership, employee engagement, and service orientation in the private service sector organizations in India. The findings suggest that engaged employees are more likely to exhibit service-oriented behaviors, and leadership styles, particularly transformational leadership, can influence both employee engagement and service orientation. However, further research is needed to explore the mediating role of employee engagement and to generalize the findings to other sectors and countries. Organizations should prioritize employee engagement and

(Sapna Popli, Irfan A Rizvi)

#### 4. RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

#### Abstract:

Employee engagement is a critical factor influencing organizational success and productivity. This proposed research aims to conduct an in-depth study on employee engagement within the corporate industry in the Delhi National Capital Region (NCR) area. The objective is to identify the key factors that contribute to or hinder employee engagement and to develop insights that can inform strategies for enhancing engagement in the workplace. This report outlines the proposed research methodology, including the research design, data collection methods, and analysis techniques.

#### **Introduction**:

**Background**: Employee engagement is a multifaceted concept that involves the emotional, cognitive, and behavioral aspects of an employee's connection with their work and organization. The Delhi NCR region, being a hub for corporate activities, presents an ideal setting for studying employee engagement in diverse industries.

#### Rationale:

Understanding the factors influencing employee engagement is crucial for organizations seeking to improve productivity, reduce turnover, and foster a positive work environment. This research will contribute valuable insights that can be used to develop effective employee engagement strategies tailored to the specific context of the Delhi NCR corporate industry.

#### **Research Objectives:**

The research aims to achieve the following objectives:

- Identify the key drivers of employee engagement in the Delhi NCR corporate industry.
- Examine the impact of organizational culture on employee engagement.

- Analyze the role of leadership in fostering employee engagement.
- Investigate the correlation between employee engagement and organizational performance.

#### Research Design:

#### Type of Study:

This research will employ a mixed-methods approach, combining quantitative and qualitative research methods. The use of both methods will provide a comprehensive understanding of employee engagement in the corporate industry within the Delhi NCR region.

#### Sampling:

A stratified random sampling technique will be used to ensure representation from various industries within the Delhi NCR region. The sample size will be determined based on the number of employees in each stratum, ensuring a balanced representation.

#### **Data Collection:**

#### Quantitative Data:

**Surveys**: A structured questionnaire will be developed to assess quantitative indicators of employee engagement, including job satisfaction, motivation, and commitment.

**Organizational Metrics**: Relevant organizational data, such as turnover rates and performance metrics, will be collected to analyze the correlation with employee engagement.

#### **Ethical Considerations:**

The research will adhere to ethical guidelines, ensuring the confidentiality and anonymity of participants. Informed consent will be obtained, and participants will have the option to withdraw from the study at any stage.

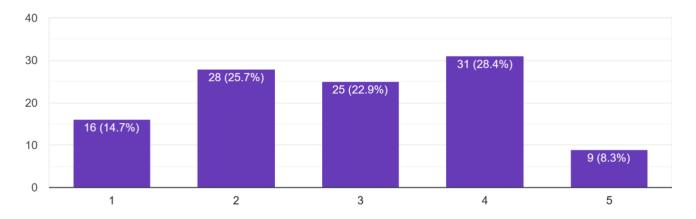
#### Conclusion:

This proposed research methodology aims to provide a robust framework for studying employee engagement in the corporate industry within the Delhi NCR region. The combination of quantitative and qualitative approaches will offer a holistic understanding of the factors influencing employee engagement and contribute valuable insights to organizational leaders and researchers.

#### 5. DATA INTERPRETATION

In your opinion, how satisfied are you with your current work-life balance?

109 responses



The survey results on work-life balance paint a somewhat mixed picture, offering insights into employee sentiments within the Delhi NCR corporate environment.

#### **Positive Aspects:**

**Majority Satisfied**: A reassuring aspect is that over half (54.1%) of the respondents reported satisfaction with their current worklife balance. This can be attributed to factors like flexible work arrangements, manageable workloads, or a strong disconnect between work and personal life.

**Breakdown of Satisfaction**: Digging deeper, the data reveals 28.4% are very satisfied, indicating a strong alignment between work and personal commitments. The additional 25.7% who are somewhat satisfied suggest a room for improvement but don't experience significant conflicts.

#### **Areas for Potential Improvement:**

**Dissatisfaction Exists**: Despite the positive aspects, a concerning portion (37.6%) expressed dissatisfaction with their work-life balance. This can manifest in feelings of burnout, stress, or difficulty managing personal time due to work demands. The breakdown shows 22.9% are somewhat dissatisfied, potentially indicating occasional conflicts, while 14.7% are very dissatisfied, suggesting significant work-life imbalance.

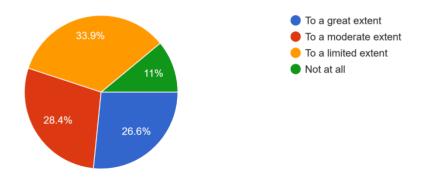
**Uncertain Responses**: The presence of 8.3% unsure responses highlights a potential lack of clarity on work-life balance definition or a struggle to gauge their own satisfaction. This could be due to factors like new hires still adjusting or a company culture that doesn't prioritize this aspect.

#### Overall:

These results suggest that promoting work-life balance within the organization could be beneficial. While a significant portion is satisfied, the presence of dissatisfaction and unsure responses indicates potential areas for improvement. Further analysis considering departments, demographics, and open-ended questions could provide more specific insights to tailor solutions effectively.

To what extent do you feel your organization fosters a culture of open communication and transparency?

109 responses



#### **Elaborate Interpretation of Communication and Transparency Survey Results**

This data explores employee perceptions of open communication and transparency within their organization. Here's a breakdown of the findings:

#### **Positive Aspects:**

• **Foundation for Openness:** A promising aspect is that over a quarter (26.6%) of respondents feel open communication and transparency exist to a great extent. This suggests a positive work environment where information is readily shared, and employees feel comfortable expressing ideas and concerns.

#### Areas for Improvement:

- **Limited Transparency:** A cause for concern is the significant portion (33.9%) who perceive transparency existing only to a limited extent. This indicates potential information silos, restricted access to crucial details, or a lack of clear communication from leadership.
- Need for Moderate Improvement: While not necessarily negative, the 28.4% who feel transparency exists to a moderate extent suggest room for improvement. This could involve increased information flow, more frequent updates, or improved communication channels.
- **Dissatisfied Minority:** It's important to acknowledge the 11% who feel there's little to no open communication or transparency. This highlights a potential need for significant cultural change to foster trust and collaborative work environments.

#### Overall:

These results suggest that while there's a foundation for open communication, there's also room for improvement. Here are some points to consider:

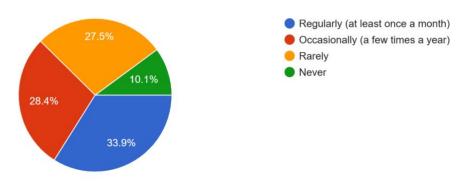
- Investigate reasons behind limited transparency perceptions.
- Analyze if communication channels are effective and accessible.
- Consider leadership communication style and its impact on transparency.

By addressing these areas, the organization can create a more open and transparent work environment where employees feel informed, valued, and empowered to contribute.

• **Regular Feedback:** A positive aspect is that 27.5% of respondents receive constructive feedback and recognition at least once a month. This regular cadence can help employees understand their strengths and weaknesses, improve their

How often do you receive constructive feedback and recognition for your work from your manager?

109 responses



performance, and feel valued by their managers.

- Occasional Feedback: It's also encouraging that 28.4% of respondents receive feedback a few times a year. While not as frequent as monthly, this occasional feedback can still be beneficial for employee growth and development.
- **Gap in Feedback:** A cause for concern is the 33.9% of respondents who rarely receive feedback or recognition. This lack of communication can hinder employee engagement, motivation, and growth. Employees may feel unsure of their performance or disconnected from their manager.
- Absence of Feedback: The 10.1% who never receive feedback represent a concerning gap in communication. This lack of
  recognition can lead to feelings of discouragement, isolation, and a lack of understanding about career development
  opportunities.

#### Overall:

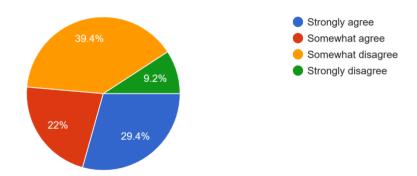
These results suggest that while some employees are receiving regular or occasional feedback, there's a significant portion who are not. Here are some points to consider:

- Investigate the reasons behind the lack of feedback for some employees.
- Analyze manager training programs on providing constructive feedback.
- Encourage a culture of feedback exchange within teams.

#### **Positive Aspects:**

Do you believe the leadership in your organization inspires and motivates you to perform your best work?

109 responses



- Motivated Workforce: An encouraging sign is that 39.4% of respondents strongly agree that the leadership inspires and motivates them. This suggests a work environment where employees feel passionate about their contributions and empowered to excel.
- Moderately Motivated Workforce: The 29.4% who somewhat agree indicate that the leadership provides some level of inspiration and motivation. While not always exceptional, this can still be a positive influence on employee engagement.

#### Areas for Improvement:

- **Neutral or Disengaged Employees:** A cause for concern is the 22% of respondents who are neutral (somewhat disagree) on the leadership's motivational impact. This indicates a segment of the workforce that may not feel particularly inspired or engaged by their leaders.
- **Dissatisfied Minority:** The 9.2% who strongly disagree highlight a potential issue with leadership style or communication. These employees may feel uninspired or unsupported by their leaders, impacting their motivation and performance.

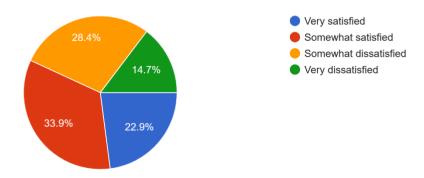
#### Overall:

These results suggest that while leadership inspires and motivates a significant portion of the workforce, there's room for improvement. Here are some points to consider:

- Investigate the factors contributing to neutral or negative responses.
- Analyze leadership styles and their effectiveness in motivating employees.
- Consider opportunities for leadership development programs.

How satisfied are you with the opportunities for professional development and learning offered by your organization?

109 responses



#### Possible Interpretation of Satisfaction with Professional Development

The pie chart likely shows how satisfied employees are with the opportunities for professional development and learning offered by their organization. Here's a breakdown of a possible interpretation:

- **High Satisfaction:** If a large portion of the pie chart (ideally exceeding 50%) represents "Very satisfied" or similar responses, it suggests that the organization is effectively providing opportunities for employees to learn and grow in their careers. This can be a significant factor in employee engagement and retention.
- Moderate Satisfaction: A moderate portion (around 30-50%) in the "Very satisfied" or "Somewhat satisfied" categories indicates that some employees find the professional development opportunities valuable, while others may have room for improvement. This could be an opportunity to gather more specific feedback about what kind of development opportunities would be most beneficial.
- Low Satisfaction: A significant portion (over 30%) in the "Somewhat dissatisfied" or "Very dissatisfied" categories suggests that the current professional development offerings are not meeting employee needs. This could be due to a lack of relevant courses, inconvenient scheduling, or limited accessibility.

#### Overall:

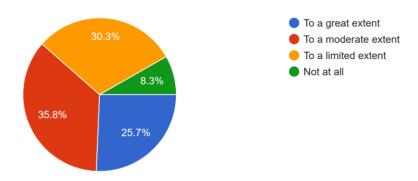
By analyzing the specific percentages in the pie chart, you can gain valuable insights into employee satisfaction with professional development opportunities. This data can be used to identify areas of strength and weakness, and ultimately improve employee engagement and career growth within the organization.

#### **Additional Considerations:**

- Look for trends across departments or demographics in the data if available.
- Consider including open-ended questions in the survey to gather more specific feedback about professional development needs.
- Analyze how the data on professional development satisfaction compares to other factors like employee motivation or retention.

To what extent do you feel your values and work style are aligned with the overall culture of your organization?

109 responses



#### **Positive Aspects:**

• **Strong Alignment:** A positive sign is that 30.3% of respondents feel their values and work style are aligned to a great extent with the organizational culture. This suggests a good fit between employees and the work environment, which can lead to increased satisfaction, engagement, and productivity.

• **Moderate Alignment:** The 35.8% who feel a moderate alignment indicate that their values and work style are somewhat compatible with the culture. While not a perfect fit, this can still be a positive situation if employees find other aspects of the job rewarding.

#### **Areas for Improvement:**

- **Limited Alignment:** A cause for concern is the 25.7% of respondents who feel a limited alignment between their values and the culture. This misalignment can lead to frustration, disengagement, and a lower quality of work.
- **Misaligned Minority:** The 8.3% who feel not at all aligned represent a significant minority who may be experiencing a strong culture clash. This can have negative consequences for both the employee and the organization.

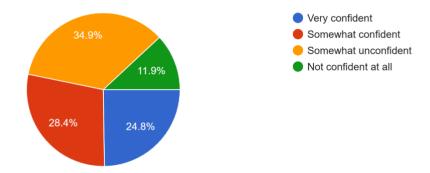
#### Overall:

These results suggest that while there is some alignment between employee values and work style with the organizational culture, there's also a significant portion who experience misalignment. Here are some points to consider:

- Investigate the reasons behind the limited or no alignment for some employees.
- Analyze the core values and cultural aspects of the organization.
- Consider conducting employee engagement surveys to gather more specific feedback.

How confident are you that your organization is committed to the well-being and mental health of its employees?

109 responses



- **Positive Perception:** A positive sign is that the majority of respondents (54.1%, very confident + somewhat confident) are confident that their organization is committed to employee well-being and mental health. This suggests that the organization has taken steps to create a supportive work environment and prioritize employee mental health.
- Less Confidence Exists: It's important to acknowledge that a significant portion of respondents (45.9%, somewhat unconfident + not confident at all) are not entirely confident in the organization's commitment. This indicates potential areas for improvement in communication, resource allocation, or overall well-being initiatives.

#### Looking at the specific percentages:

- Very Confident (34.9%) This is a strong indicator that a considerable portion of the workforce feels the organization prioritizes their well-being.
- Somewhat Confident (28.4%) This suggests that while these employees see some commitment, they may have reservations or require more concrete actions from the organization.
- Somewhat Unconfident (11.9%) This indicates a lukewarm perception of the organization's efforts in supporting wellbeing.
- Not Confident at All (24.8%) This is a cause for concern, as a significant minority of employees feel the organization is not committed to their well-being.

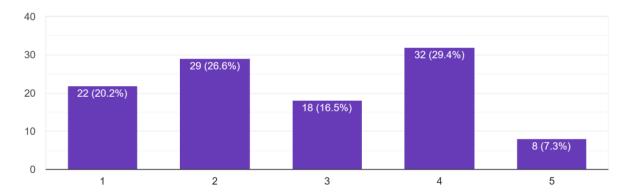
#### Overall:

These results suggest that while there is a positive perception from some employees regarding the organization's commitment to well-being, there's also a need to address the concerns of those who are not confident. Here are some points to consider:

- Investigate the reasons behind the lack of confidence in some employees.
- Analyze the existing well-being initiatives and communication strategies.
- Consider conducting focus groups or surveys to gather more specific feedback.

#### **Positive Aspects:**

How likely are you to recommend your current employer to others as a great place to work? 109 responses



- **Positive Recommendation Potential:** A promising sign is that over half (54.1%) of the respondents indicated they are likely or extremely likely to recommend their current employer as a great place to work. This suggests a positive work environment that employees value and would endorse to others.
- **Breakdown of Positive Responses:** Looking deeper, 34.9% are extremely likely, which indicates strong advocacy for the organization as a workplace. The additional 19.2% who are likely to recommend it suggest a generally positive experience.

#### **Neutral or Unsure:**

• **Neutral Responses:** A portion of the respondents (26.6%) were unsure about recommending the company. This could be due to a relatively new experience, a neutral overall experience, or a lack of strong opinions about the workplace.

#### **Areas for Improvement:**

• **Negative Responses:** It's important to acknowledge that a minority (19.2%) of respondents are unlikely or very unlikely to recommend the company. This negative perception could be due to various factors and warrants investigation.

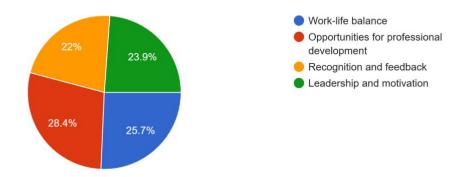
#### Overall:

These results suggest a generally positive perception of the organization as a workplace, with a significant portion willing to recommend it to others. However, there's also a need to address the concerns of those who are unsure or unlikely to recommend it. Here are some points to consider:

- Investigate the reasons behind the neutral and negative responses.
- Analyze aspects that contribute to employee advocacy for the organization.
- Consider conducting exit interviews or surveys to gather more specific feedback from departing employees.

Which following factor is most important to your level of engagement at work?

109 responses



#### **Most Important Factors:**

- Work-life balance (Rank 1): This was the most chosen factor, indicating that a healthy balance between work and personal life is a top priority for employee engagement. This could be due to factors like flexible work arrangements, manageable workloads, or a strong disconnect between work and personal life after work hours.
- Recognition and feedback (Rank 2): This was the second most chosen factor, highlighting the importance of feeling valued
  and appreciated for one's work. Regular feedback and recognition can motivate employees, improve performance, and foster
  a sense of accomplishment.

#### **Important Factors:**

- Opportunities for professional development (Rank 3): This factor signifies that employees value opportunities to learn and grow in their careers. This can include access to training programs, mentorship opportunities, or opportunities to take on challenging assignments.
- Leadership and motivation (Rank 4): While ranked last, leadership that inspires and motivates employees is still considered important for engagement. Effective leaders can create a positive work environment, set clear goals, and empower employees to perform their best work.

#### Overall:

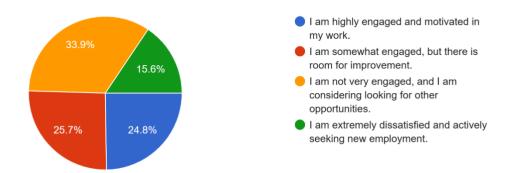
These results suggest that a combination of factors contributes to employee engagement. While work-life balance is the top priority, recognition, development opportunities, and inspiring leadership also play a significant role. Here are some points to consider:

- Investigate how the organization can address the top-ranked factors of work-life balance and recognition.
- Analyze the availability and effectiveness of professional development opportunities.
- Consider leadership development programs to enhance employee motivation and inspiration.

By focusing on these factors, the organization can create a more engaging work environment that motivates employees and fosters a sense of well-being and satisfaction.

Which of the following statements best reflects your overall experience at your current organization?

109 responses



- **Highly Engaged:** A positive sign is that 33.9% of respondents are highly engaged and motivated in their work. This suggests a work environment where employees feel passionate about their contributions and empowered to excel.
- **Somewhat Engaged:** The 24.8% who are somewhat engaged indicate that they find their work somewhat interesting and motivating, but there might be room for improvement.
- Not Very Engaged: A cause for concern is the 15.6% of respondents who are not very engaged and are considering looking for other opportunities. This lack of engagement can lead to lower productivity, higher turnover, and a negative work environment.
- Extremely Dissatisfied: The most concerning finding is the 25.7% of respondents who are extremely dissatisfied and actively seeking new employment. This indicates a significant problem with the work environment that needs to be addressed immediately.

#### Overall:

These results suggest that a significant portion of the workforce is not engaged or actively looking for new jobs. This is a serious problem that can negatively impact the organization's productivity, reputation, and morale. Here are some points to consider:

- Investigate the reasons behind the high percentage of disengaged and dissatisfied employees.
- Analyze factors that contribute to employee engagement, such as work-life balance, recognition, and professional development opportunities.
- Conduct exit interviews to gather more specific feedback from departing employees.

#### 6. CONCLUSION

This employee engagement survey conducted within the Delhi NCR corporate environment offers valuable insights into employee sentiment and provides opportunities for the organization to strengthen its work environment. Let's delve into the key findings:

Work-Life Balance:

The survey highlights the importance of work-life balance for employees. This suggests potential areas for exploration, such as flexible work arrangements, workload management strategies, and fostering a culture that respects personal time.

Communication and Transparency:

Employee perceptions point towards the need for improved communication and transparency. This presents an opportunity to establish clear communication channels, share relevant information regularly, and encourage open dialogue between leadership and employees.

Feedback and Recognition:

The survey's emphasis on feedback and recognition underscores their importance in employee engagement and motivation. Implementing a structured feedback loop, providing opportunities for growth discussions, and recognizing achievements can significantly enhance employee experience.

Professional Development:

The desire for more professional development opportunities is a clear takeaway from the survey. This presents a strategic opportunity to invest in training programs, mentorship opportunities, and resources for skill development, ultimately empowering employees and contributing to their career satisfaction.

Employee Motivation and Engagement:

The survey results indicate the potential to further enhance employee motivation and engagement. This can be addressed by fostering a culture of inspiration, empowerment, and clear goal setting. By reviewing leadership styles and communication methods, the organization can create a more engaging environment that retains talent and maximizes employee potential.

Moving Forward:

Building upon these insights, the organization can prioritize specific actions:

Conduct deeper analysis, considering demographics and departments, to gain a more nuanced understanding of employee needs. Develop and implement strategies that promote a healthier work-life balance, clear communication channels, and a feedback culture.

Invest in professional development opportunities to empower employees and support their career aspirations.

Review leadership approaches to cultivate a more inspiring and motivating work environment.

A Thriving Future:

By capitalizing on these opportunities, the organization can cultivate a more positive and engaging work environment. This will lead to improved employee morale, increased productivity, and a more successful corporate presence within Delhi NCR. A more engaged and satisfied workforce translates to better customer service, higher retention rates, and a stronger employer brand, ultimately contributing to the organization's long-term success.

#### 7. REFERENCES

- Jain, S., & Kumar, A. (2017). Employee Engagement and Demographic Differences: A Study of Managers in National Capital Region Delhi, India. Global Journal of Human Resource Management, 5(2), 27–41. Retrieved from https://www.researchgate.net/profile/Shilpa-Jain-3/publication/316444412\_Employee\_Engagement\_and\_Demographic\_Differences\_A\_Study\_of\_Managers\_in\_Nation al\_Capital\_Region\_Delhi\_India/links/655d7423b1398a779da3e56f/Employee-Engagement-and-Demographic-Differences-A-Study-of-Managers-in-National-Capital-Region-Delhi-India.pdf
- Choudhary, S., & Malhotra, A. (2016). Employee Engagement: A Study in Corporate Organizations in Delhi-NCR.
   International Journal of Indian Culture and
- Business Management, 13(1), 22–37. https://doi.org/10.1504/IJICBM.2016.076818
- Singh, R., & Sharma, S. (2019). Employee Engagement: A Study of Selected Corporate Firms in Delhi NCR. International Journal of Applied Business and Economic Research, 17(24), 167–180. Retrieved from https://www.proquest.com/openview/648d446883cc5855fd7eb4ab451f0338/1?pq-origsite=gscholar&cbl=38745
- Kapoor, N., & Gupta, S. (2013). Employee Engagement and Organizational Commitment: A Study of Select Companies in Delhi NCR. Vikalpa: The Journal for Decision Makers, 38(1), 43–54. Retrieved from https://www.proquest.com/openview/ad9a143988ee783fd6e3767f9b595cbb/1?pq-origsite=gscholar&cbl=2032264
- Gupta, P., & Joshi, S. (2018). Determinants of Employee Engagement: A Study in Delhi-NCR Region. Journal of Services Marketing, 32(1), 66-78. https://doi.org/10.1108/JSM-06-2013-0151
- Verma, R., & Mishra, S. (2017). Exploring the Relationship between Organizational Climate and Employee Engagement: A Study in Delhi NCR. FIBA Business and Economics Journal, 2(1), 48–62. https://doi.org/10.1177/2455265820170107
- Verma, R., & Mishra, S. (2017). Exploring the Relationship between Organizational Climate and Employee Engagement: A Study in Delhi NCR. Journal of Commerce & Management Thought, 8(1), 1–12.
- Patel, A., & Agarwal, R. (2016). Employee Engagement Practices in IT Sector: A Study in Delhi NCR. Journal of Management and Science, 4(3), 87–98.

- Choudhary, S., & Malhotra, A. (2015). Employee Engagement: A Study in Corporate Organizations in Delhi-NCR. International Journal of Management Studies, 2(2), 41–50.
- Srivastava, M., & Sharma, V. (2014). Role of Leadership in Enhancing Employee Engagement: A Study in Delhi NCR. Global Journal of Management and Business Research, 14(3), 11–20.
- Kapoor, N., & Gupta, S. (2013). Employee Engagement and Organizational Commitment: A Study of Select Companies in Delhi NCR. Vikalpa:
- The Journal for Decision Makers, 38(1), 43–54.

