



Design and Fabrication of Emergency Braking System in Four-Wheeler

¹Nolen Chettiar, ² Satish Sadaphule , ³Rushabh Pol, ⁴ Mansee Salvi, ⁵ Samarth Jadhav,

⁶Mrs Geetanjali Thakur

¹Student, ²Student, ³Student, ⁴Student, ⁵Student, ⁶Lecturer

¹Department of Mechanical Engineering,

¹V.E.S Polytechnic, Chembur, India

Abstract: For the most part, individuals favor utilizing cars and four-wheelers for productive transportation. Vehicle Innovation is expanding to a wide degree, particularly in braking frameworks and detecting frameworks. Vehicles prepared with present-day braking innovation are planned with a basic collision evasion framework, which can offer assistance to identify a collision that is likely to happen and applying crisis brake to dodge it. Such advances will decrease the number of mishances which cause most exceedingly bad harms, genuine harm, and even death. In this programmed braking framework, there's a four-wheel cart in which uncommon wheels are being motorized for drive wheel. FRONT wheels have been rotated for gazing components. Unused contact brakes are planned for crisis braking. The brakes are worked by motorized components, which is spring-loaded. The drive of the car is inaccessible worked. Two sensors are utilized for front and uncommon for dodging harm to the car at the time of stopping. The sensors utilized are a capacitive sort which can sense both Metal and non-metal impediments. Too, two transfers are utilized after the sensors which enact the braking engine when deterrents are detected either in forward or invert heading.

Index Terms – Intelligent braking system, Braking, Sensors, Drivers

I. INTRODUCTION

Driving may be an obligatory movement for most individuals. Individuals utilize their cars to move from one put to another put. The number of vehicles is expanding day by day, these days, mishances are expanding and are questionable. Mishap will happen each time and all over and cause most exceedingly bad harm, genuine damage and indeed passing. These mishaps are generally caused by the delay of the driver to hit the brake. This extension is planned to create a modern framework that can unravel this issue where drivers may not brake physically but the vehicles can halt naturally by recognizing impediments, this extend is almost a framework that can control braking framework for security.

Utilizing ultrasonic as a extending sensor, its work is based on ultrasonic wave. After transmitting by a transmitter, the wave can reflect when impediment is recognized and after that gotten by a collector. The braking circuit's work is to moderate down or halt the car naturally after accepting a flag from the sensor. Coordinates security frameworks based on these standards can be broadly isolated into categories:

- Collision evasion – Sensors identify a potential collision and take action to dodge it totally, taking control absent from the driver. Within the setting of braking this is likely to incorporate applying crisis braking adequately early that the vehicle can be brought to a halt some time recently a collision happens. In the future, this seem moreover incorporate directing activities autonomous of the driver. This category is likely to have the most elevated potential benefits but is the most elevated chance approach since a wrong enactment of the framework has the potential to extend the chance to other street clients
- Collision mitigation braking systems (CMBS) – Sensors distinguish a potential collision but take no prompt activity to maintain a strategic distance from it. Once the detecting framework has recognized that the collision has ended up unavoidable not with standing of braking or directing activities at that point crisis braking is consequently connected (free of driver activity) to decrease the collision speed, and consequently harm seriousness, of the collision. This sort of framework has lower potential benefits but is lower hazard since it'll not take control absent from the driver until a point exceptionally near to a collision where the detecting framework is likely to be more solid. Such a framework may too trigger activities related to auxiliary security such as the pre-arming or optimization of restraints.

II. LITERATURE SURVEY

1. Mrs. Manju Kumari ,Mr. Shambhu Kumar, in 2020 have presented.[1]

On an average, 1214 accidents take place every day in our country. Most of the accidents occur due to the poor infrastructure, lack of road protocols, almost nonexistence of measures to enforce laws of the road and the delay of the driver to hit the brake The control on the speed of vehicles can play a vital role in the reduction of number of accidents which can be achieved by the Intelligent Braking System (IBS).

2. Mr. Milind S. Deotale, et al in 2016 have presented.[2]

Road accidents are a commonplace in today's scenario. Accident prevention has been one of the leading areas of research. In Indian scenario normally

vehicles are equipped with ABS (Anti-Lock Braking System), traction control, brake assist etc. for driver's safety. This paper focuses on a system known as 'Intelligent braking system' (IBS) which employ several sensors to respond when emergency conditions occur.

3. Mrs. Dhivya P, et al.in 2015 have presented.[3]

This paper provides an efficient way to design an automatic car braking system using Fuzzy Logic. The system could avoid accidents caused by the delays in driver reaction times at critical situations. The proposed Fuzzy Logic Controller is able to brake a car when the car approaches for an obstacle in the very near range. Collision avoidance is achieved by steering the car if the obstacle is in the tolerable range and hence there is no necessity to apply the brakes.

4. Mr K.P. Singh.et al, in 2021 have presented.[4]

Road accidents have become common these days. Accidents mostly occurs because of failure of braking system. Therefore, the vehicles are equipped with many safety devices. Currently most popular of them include anti-lock braking system(ABS) traction control and stability control. The most common causes of accidents are- unconsciousness of driver, failure of braking system, road condition, uncontrollable speed of vehicle. Thus, there is need to automatically control the vehicle using electronic devices.

5. Mr. Tushar Kavatkar et al., in 2020 have presented.[5]

The braking system was designed and applied on a car to make the driving process safety using embedded system design. Most of the accident occurs due to the delay of the driver to hit the brake, so in this project work braking system is developed such that when it is active it can apply brake depending upon the object sensed by the ultrasonic sensor and speed of vehicle.

6. Mr. Goutam Prasad Sahay,in [2014] have presented. [6]

The ever increasing accidents and injuries today call for those systems which will give safety and protection to the passengers in a running car and will ensure that high performance can be achieved and maintained under adverse conditions. To provide all these facilities, Intelligent Braking System is introduced in commercial vehicles providing rapid brake response and release for every single wheel of commercial vehicles according to the driver's demands.

7. S. N. Sidek and M. J. E. Salami ,et al, in [2001] have presented. [7]

Intelligent braking system has a lot of potential applications especially in developed countries where research on smart vehicle and intelligent highway are receiving ample attention. The system when integrated with other subsystems like automatic traction control system, intelligent throttle system, and auto cruise system, etc will result in smart vehicle maneuver. The driver at the end of the day will become the passenger, safety accorded the highest priority and the journey will be optimized in term of time duration, cost, efficiency and comfortability.

8. Shyam Sunder Suthar and Sanyam Tyagi, in [2019] have presented. [8]

Road accidents are the most unwanted thing that happens to its users. There has been a dramatic increase in road accidents across the globe. In India according to a report by NDTV 1214 road crashes occurs every day in India in which 377 people die every day in our country. In light of this critical situation Ministry of Road Transport and Highways (MORTH) has released a notification which makes Antilock Braking System (ABS) mandatory for all cars to be sold from April 2019. But still there is a need of a smart braking system which can anticipate collisions and able to avoid them by applying brakes automatically.

9. H. Ingle, Rajesh Kumar, et al, in [2018] have presented. [9]

In most urban areas of the world especially in India accidents related to transportation and automobiles cause a huge number of fatalities. This can be contributed to the poor infrastructure, lack of road etiquettes and almost nonexistence of measures to enforce laws of the road. On average, 1214 accidents take place every day in the country. The Intelligent braking system could play an important role in reduction in the number of accidents by a simple solution of governing the speed of the vehicles.

III. PROBLEM DEFINITION

Upgrading vehicle safety through intelligent braking systems may be a top need within the car industry. These advanced systems utilize cutting-edge technology, information analytics, and modern algorithms to move forward vehicle responsiveness, proficiency, and most importantly, security. Be that as it may, there are a few key challenges that have to be tended to within the plan, development, and usage of these intelligent braking systems.

1. Adaptive Braking:

One of the essential challenges in making intelligent braking systems is creating versatile braking capabilities. This includes designing a system that can alter braking drive and timing in real-time based on variables such as street conditions, vehicle speed, driver behavior, and natural components. By adjusting to changing conditions, these systems can optimize security and execution.

2. Collision Avoidance:

Another basic aspect is the development of algorithms and sensors for collision evasion. These frameworks are designed to identify potential collision scenarios and trigger crisis braking to anticipate or decrease the affect of mischances. By joining collision evasion innovation, intelligent braking systems can essentially upgrade vehicle security.

3. Pedestrian and Cyclist Detection:

Integrating pedestrian and cyclist detection capabilities into cleverly braking frameworks is basic for anticipating collisions with defenseless street clients. By implementing systems that can recognize pedestrians and cyclists within the vehicle's way, these frameworks can apply brakes expeditiously

to dodge mishaps and secure individuals outside the vehicle.

4. Integration with Autonomous Vehicles:

Guaranteeing compatibility and integration with autonomous driving systems is vital for the success of intelligent braking systems. By seamlessly communicating and planning braking activities with independent vehicles, these frameworks can optimize security and effectiveness on the street.

5. Data Processing and Fusion:

Robust data processing and sensor combination techniques are crucial for gathering, deciphering, and prioritizing information from different sensors, such as radar, lidar, and cameras. By processing data effectively, shrewdly braking frameworks can make ideal braking choices, thus progressing vehicle security.

6. Human-Machine Interface (HMI):

Creating intuitive client interfacing and input instruments is basic for keeping drivers educated and locked in whereas the intelligent braking system operates. By designing user-friendly interfaces, these frameworks can improve the generally driving involvement and ensure that drivers get it how the system works

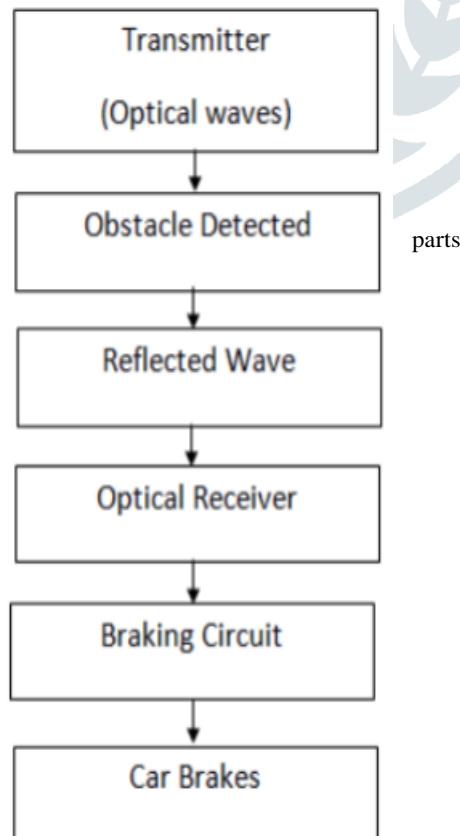
IV. OBJECTIVES OF THE RESEARCH

Within the innovative intelligent braking system, a four-wheel cart is utilized with raise wheels fueled for drive, whereas the front wheels are prepared for directing instruments. Crisis braking is encouraged by unused contact brakes, worked through a motorized mechanism that's spring-loaded. The vehicle's drive is remotely controlled for upgraded security measures. To address the challenges of stopping, two sensors are deliberately put at the front and raise of the vehicle. These intelligent sensors, of a capacitive sort, have the capability to distinguish both metal and non-metal impediments, guaranteeing comprehensive security. Taking after the sensors, two transfers are coordinates to enact the braking engine upon detecting impediments in either the forward or reverse direction. This modern braking framework not as it were improves the safety of the vehicle but too ensures smooth and effective operation, overcoming different challenges with its brilliantly plan. With a center on safety and efficiency, the intelligent braking system may be a breakthrough in vehicle technology

V. METHODOLOGY

An intelligent electronic system incorporates an ultrasonic wave emitter given on the front parcel of a car creating and radiating ultrasonic waves frontward in a foreordained partitioned ultrasonic recipient in addition set on the front divide of the vehicle operatively accepting a reflective ultrasonic wave flag the reflected wave identified beat gives the isolated between the hindrance and the vehicle the microcontroller is utilized to control the speed of the vehicle based on the revelation beat data to pushed the brake pedal and apply the brake to the car astoundingly for security reason the enormously quick response time given by the electronic control can be utilized for altogether shortening the braking isolated by showing advanced control of braking system operation the control of a commercial vehicles braking framework operation is related not because it were to vehicle speed but too to flat expanding speed close to the yaw diminutive control and inside and out reducing the conceivable results of the vehicle rolling over such a complex task impeded to the control of the braking framework cannot be based on the driver capacities and needs to be done worked freely of the driver.

- Development of an idea
- Detail study of literature
- System survey
- Drawbacks in existing approach
- Cost estimation and specification for standard
- Load distribution analysis
- Braking force and pressure analysis
- Experimentation
- Results and discussion



parts

VI. WORKING

In present day times avoiding mishaps on the road has gotten to be a best need with the introduction of a groundbreaking braking system these sorts of incidents can be maintained a strategic distance from this innovative system utilizes a hall sensor to detect the speed of the vehicle working in conjunction with a microcontroller it can precisely calculate braking distance required to bring the vehicle to a total halt based on the current speed moreover the framework is prepared with an optical sensor that ceaselessly looks the range before the vehicle for any moving or stationary impediments by always checking the separate to these deterrents the system can give real-time feedback to the driver when a driver takes note an obstacle and steadily diminishes speed the system isnt actuated be that as it may on the off chance that the driver falls flat to apply the brakes and keeps up the same speed there will come a basic point where the remove to the impediment rises to the braking separate usually where the system mediates to guarantee the security of the driver and travelers in such a situation the microcontroller also will consequently actuate the brakes to bring a vehicle to an end hence avoiding a potential crash

VII. EQUIPMENT TO BE USED

Sr. No	Components
1	M.S Frame Material – Mild Steel Materials Used: L angle – 25x25x3mm Process Done : Cutting, Drilling, Welding
2	Clamp for Motor Material – Mild Steel Dimensions –25x25 (LxB) Thickness – 3mm Process Done : Laser Cutting, Bending
3	Brake Plate Material – Mild Steel Dimensions – 430x55mm Thickness – 3mm Process Done – Laser Cutting
4	Brake Shoes Material – Rubber
5	Motors 12V DC Motor 30 RPM
6	Ultrasonic Sensor HC-SR 04 Sensor Type: Ultrasonic Output: Digital Sensor Voltage: 5VDC Detection distance: 2cm-400cm (0.02M - 4.0M) Static current: < 2mA Level output: high-5V High precision: up to 0.3cm

VIII. DESIGN OF EMERGENCY BRAKING SYSTEM

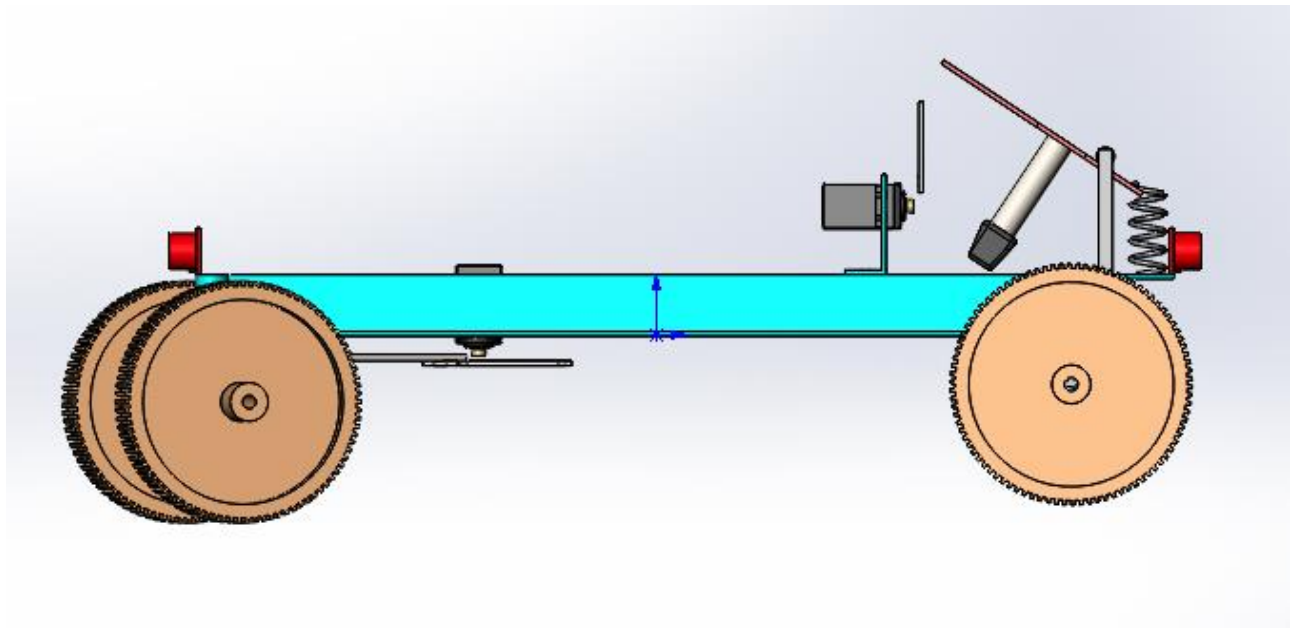


Fig. 1 Final assembly

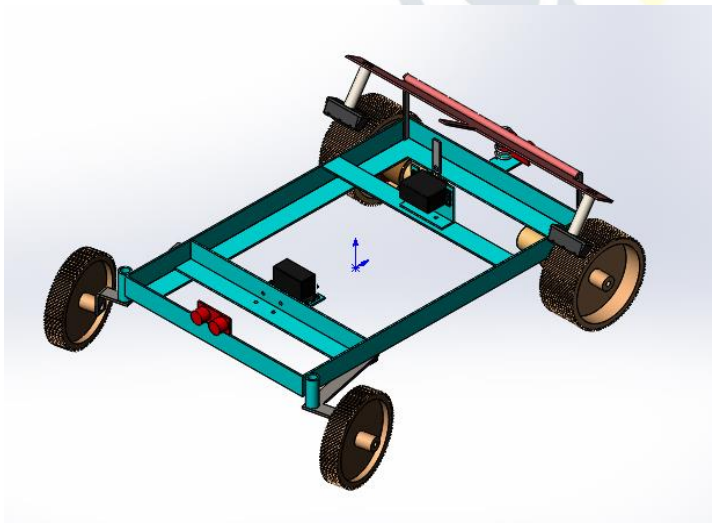


Fig. 2 Final assembly

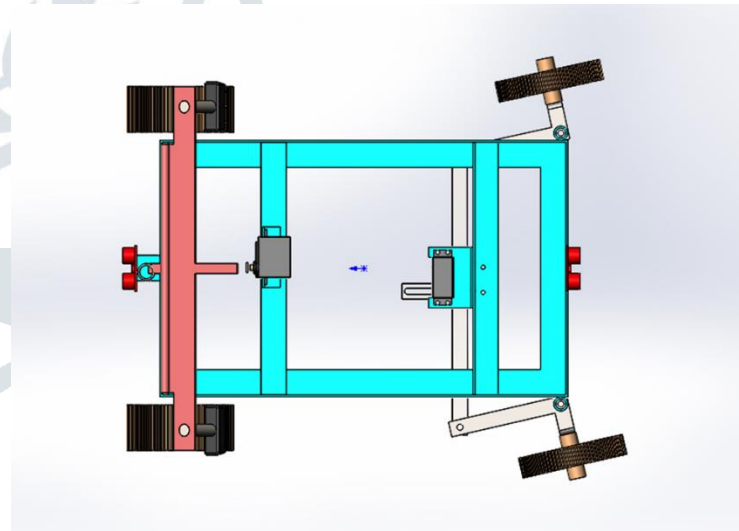


Fig. 3 Final assembly

IX. Advantage Intelligent braking system

Advantages

- This system can anticipate collision of the vehicle with people on foot
- Diminish the injuries happening
- An ultrasonic sensor, is cheaper and less demanding of equipment than other sorts of sensors directly utilized

X. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

inside the appear work a model of an ultrasonic distance estimation for stationary obstruction is gotten and controlling the speed of the vehicle in like way to foreordained separate is appeared an ultrasonic sensor cheaper and less asking of hardware than other sorts of sensors directly utilized such as the sensors based on computer vision or radar is utilized to degree the evacuate between vehicle and the obstacle the relative speed of the vehicle with respect to the deterrent is evaluated utilizing successive tests of the remove calculated these two amounts are utilized by the control framework to calculate the activities on both the accelerator and also the brake thus to alter the speed in arrange to keep a secure distance to prevent collision.



Fig 4 Actual Model

XI. CONCLUSION

Proposed course of activity utilized for vehicle braking system contains a part of potential applications especially in made nations where investigate on savvy vehicle and intelligent thruway are accepting adequate thought. We are going utilize this framework inside the four wheeler vehicle and can diminish the number of mishaps taking put on road. The system when integrated with other subsystems like modified balance control framework, shrewdly throttle framework, and auto cruise system etc., will result in shrewd vehicle move. In progressed businesses besides for texture taking care of trolley and device it requires and it is businesses require.

XII. FUTURE SCOPE

1. Within the occasion that prepared to diminished the Driving Obstacles of braking and provide the obligation to Intelligence Sensor which is able take choice and start the response to supply caution alert to start with and in case separate of influence is closing it'll apply brake subsequently and stop the vehicle in progressed.
2. Such that diversion driving may be a Major supporter to mischance passing, in this way by executing this system we are ready decrease the close influence potential mischance.
3. By dragging the front seat at inverse direction to influence and increase the isolated and time of arrange influence the passing can be minimized and security of vehicle in addition can made strides, furthermore it can incorporate the unused incorporate to the car which can drag within the client who favor security though traveling.
4. The comes almost of the simulations showed up that by utilizing an energy-retaining seating system, crash deceleration can be viably choked and passanger wounds significantly diminished in comparison to ordinary seating framework

XIII. REFERENCE

1. Manju Kumari¹ , Shambhu Kumar² , Anand Kumar³ , Nikita Kumari⁴ investigates Intelligent Braking System Using Ultrasonic Sensor[2020] ISSN: 2319-7064
2. Milind S.Deotale, Hrishikesh Shivankar, Rohit More Review on Intelligent Braking System[2021]
3. Dhivya P, Murugesan investigates A Intelligent Car Braking System with Collision Avoidance and ABS, Foundation of Computer Science USA, National Conference on Information and Communication Technologies [2015]
4. K.P. Singh, Nagendra Yadav, Santosh Kr. Gupta, Shubham Kumar, Subodh Kumar Singh, Vivek Yadav investigates INTELLIGENT BRAKING SYSTEM,[2020]
5. Tushar Kavatkar. Harshal Salvi , Minal Rahate investigates Design and Analysis of Intelligent Braking System IJEDR | Volume 5, Issue 1 | ISSN: 2321-9939 [2017]
6. Goutam Prasad Sahay, Neeta Sahay, Suchismita Samanta investigates Intelligent Vehicle Braking System Using Image Processing International Journal of Engineering and Technical Research (IJETR) ISSN: 2321-0869 [2014]
7. HARDWARE IMPLEMENTATION OF INTELLIGENT BRAKING SYSTEM S. N. Sidek and M. J. E. Salami
8. Smart Braking Systems: A Review Shyam Sunder Suthar, Sanyam Tyagi, Suresh Purohit JETIR Volume 6, Issue 6 www.jetir.org (ISSN-2349-5162) [2019]
9. A. H. Ingle, Rajesh Kumar Bambal, SanchayShobhane, “Intelligent Braking System”, International Journal of Research In Science & Engineering e Volume 3 Issue [2017]