JETIR.ORG ISSN: 2349-5162 | ESTD Year : 2014 | Monthly Issue
JOURNAL OF EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES AND INNOVATIVE RESEARCH (JETIR)
An International Scholarly Open Access, Peer-reviewed, Refereed Journal

SMART HAND GLOVE FOR DEAF AND DUMB

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Abstract

The aim of this research is to create smart gloves that can help physically disabled people, especially deaf-mute, communicate better. The gloves use advanced technology, machine learning and real-time translation to enable users to communicate with gestures. One of its main features is the intuitive operation, in which the hand moves quickly and accurately. It also has a language processing system that can transcribe gestures into text or speak in the user's preferred language, making communication easier by overcoming language barriers. The gloves also have customization options for users. The overall purpose of smart gloves is to improve the quality of life and independence of people with physical disabilities by overcoming communication barriers and creating personal message connections.

Keywords: assistive technology, communication services, gesture recognition, translation, sensor technology, instant messaging, personalization, mobile applications, physical disabilities.

I. INTRODUCTION

People with physical disabilities, especially the deaf, face significant challenges in communicating effectively and often rely on traditional systems that may not meet their needs. Traditional communication tools, such as text-to-speech or sign translators, can be complex and lack the ability to communicate effectively with users. To solve these limitations, this research focuses on developing a new technology: smart gloves. . The glove enables users to easily transmit messages and commands by providing uninterrupted and natural communication by utilizing sensor data processing and movement algorithms. In addition, the glove offers adjustment functions through the accompanying mobile application, allowing users to adjust the settings according to their personal preferences. This article describes the design, development, and evaluation of a smart glove, focusing on its novel features, technology, and usability testing. Through a multidisciplinary approach integrating engineering, computer science and artificial intelligence, the research aims to improve the quality of life and independence of people with physical disabilities by eliminating communication and self-support. The prevalence of physical disabilities demonstrates the urgent need for new solutions that transcend traditional limitations. Traditional service tools, while useful, often fail to provide the flexibility and accessibility needed to meet the diverse needs of their users. Recognizing this gap, Smart Gloves aims to redefine the service technology landscape by providing a comprehensive platform that facilitates communication based on explanation, instant translation and rapid response. An account of the many studies examining its origins, development, and potential impact. Harnessing the power of innovation and collaboration, this innovation works to break down barriers, empower users and encourage greater collaboration. Through a careful analysis of their design, functionality and user experience, we aim to demonstrate the huge impact that smart gloves can improve the freedom, accessibility and quality of life of people with disabilities. As we embark on this journey of discovery, we invite readers to join us in exploring the endless possibilities in service technology.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

[1] Wang and Li (2018) conducted a comprehensive review of electronic devices used in smart gloves, focusing on the advantages and limitations of various types of sensors for navigation familiarity and environmental awareness. Their comprehensive analysis highlights the complexities in sensor selection, deployment, and measurement, providing valuable guidance for optimizing cognitive performance in real-world environments.

[2] Chen et al.(2020) began investigating the impact of machine learning algorithms on gesture recognition and real-time performance. By comparing the content of supervised and unsupervised learning, they show the nuances of algorithm selection and optimization, highlighting the importance of translating algorithmic solutions into various gestural meetings every day.

[3] Jin et al. (2021) investigated the effects of augmented reality (AR) integration in smart gloves and examined how AR layers improve user interaction and visual feedback about work during working hours. Their analysis provides insight into the benefits and challenges of AR integration and offers recommendations for using AR technology to improve user experience and usability in smart glove paper.

[4] Sharma and Singh (2022) conducted an in-depth study on the complexity of user training and changes in gesture recognition; Examining individual and learning patterns can increase efficiency and robustness. By combining the results of user research and technology research, they highlight the importance of transformational learning in changing user experience and improving performance.

[5] Nguyen et al. (2023) conducted a meta-analysis of user studies to evaluate the usability and user experience of smart gloves. By combining the results of various studies, they identified usability issues and practical standards, providing insights into the design of effective gloves for users and common sense.

[6] Gupta et al. (2019) conducted an in-depth study on signal processing technology for gesture recognition in smart gloves and examined the performance of recording time and frequency recording methods in extracting the content of sensor data. Their research provides insight into signal processing processes and their consequences for accurate and robust behavioral cognition.

[7] Rodriguez and Martinez (2020) began a comprehensive review of feedback strategies in smart gloves by evaluating the effectiveness of vibrotactile and force feedback technologies in providing suggestions during work experience. Their analysis highlights the role of haptic feedback in improving user interaction and user performance in hand movements.

[8] Yang et al. (2021) investigated the integration of artificial intelligence (AI) AI model training, optimization, and deployment and provides insight into the potential of AI-driven glove development. algorithms into smart gloves and explored how machine learning and deep learning can improve the accuracy and adaptability of information about movements. Their research delves into the complexities of AI model training, optimization, and deployment and provides insight into the potential of AI-driven glove development.

[9] Park and Kim (2022) studied human-computer interaction (HCI) design principles in an avatar smart glove interface, examining how interface design choices affect user experience and usability. Their review highlights the importance of centralized and repeatable design in creating intuitive and user-friendly smart glove interfaces.

[10] Lee et al. (2023) conducted an analysis of user studies to evaluate cognitive function and user performance in smart glove use. Integrating findings from psychology and the humanities, it highlights the emotional needs associated with interaction between narratives and offers recommendations for improving user experience and performance.

And with understanding, these studies lead to a better understanding of smart glove use, providing important directions for future research and development to improve performance functionality, usability, and user experience. Smart glove technology encompasses various configurations, haptic feedback, artificial intelligence, human-computer interaction, and smart ergonomics. By combining different research results, they provide insights and recommendations to improve the field and improve the performance, usability and use of smart gloves.

III. SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

Smart gloves represent a carefully designed combination of hardware and software to provide effective communication and interaction capabilities for people with physical disabilities. At the heart of the glove are many strategically positioned sensors to detect hand movements and gestures. These sensors include inertial sensors, bending sensors, and pressure sensors, and each has a specific purpose in sensing orientation. Inertial sensors include accelerometers and gyroscopes that detect changes in hand motion and movement, while flexion sensors monitor finger flexion and extension. Pressure sensors distributed across the surface of the glove provide feedback on grip force and contact pressure, ensuring the description is correct.

This MCU acts as the body's brain, completing the description of the cognitive process of analyzing and interpreting incoming data. Leveraging machine learning technology, algorithms continue to better understand the user's description over time, adapt to individual differences, and improve recognition accuracy. The MCU also manages wireless communication, making interaction with external devices easier. This wireless connection allows users to instantly send gestures and receive feedback or control commands, extend the functionality of the glove, and many other functions stand alone.

Additionally, the glove may come with a companion app or software interface on the connected device that offers users a combination of customizable settings, visual feedback, and other interactive options. Software module for processing and interpretation of motion data. Gesture recognition algorithms analyze sensor input to identify specific hand gestures and gestures and translate them into actionable commands or scripts. These algorithms can use a variety of techniques, including pattern recognition, neural networks, and statistical models, to achieve high levels of accuracy and reliability. The wearable glove is powered with a translator that instantly converts hand gestures into spoken or written words, making communication easier with people who speak different languages. , ensuring that it can be used for a long time without the need to pay a lot of money or replace the battery.

Data fusion and filtering: To improve the accuracy and reliability of gesture recognition, the system uses advanced data fusion and filtering technology. Sensor data from multiple sources is combined and filtered to eliminate noise and reduce noise

User interface design: User interface design plays an important role in the overall usability and user experience of smart gloves. Gloves can be used for intelligent feedback such as feedback or visual cues, giving users instant feedback on the impact of their gestures and interactions.

Additionally, shared apps or related software on connected devices provide customizable settings, gestures, and interactive feedback to enhance user engagement and control. Security and privacy considerations are important in designing and creating smart glove system architecture. The system uses strong encryption methods, authentication methods and data protection measures to protect user data and prevent unauthorized access or tampering.

Additionally, user privacy through the use of credentials and user permissions is important. Modular design can add new sensors, functions or devices to meet changing user needs and technological advances. Firmware updates and software patches can be easily applied to improve performance, fix security vulnerabilities, or add new features without changing hardware.

Machine translation: To solve language problems, the system integrates a machine translation that can quickly translate visual messages into spoken or written words. The engine leverages natural language processing (NLP) algorithms and language translation APIs to promote integration and usability by enabling users to communicate effectively across language boundaries. User interface designed to improve usability and interactivity.

This connectivity may include haptic feedback, visual feedback, or audio cues to provide immediate feedback on cognitive behavior and interactions, making it user-friendly and experience-free. In the main system, the emergency notification system allows users to trigger emergency notification in case of emergency or danger. This system may include an emergency button integrated into the glove that, when activated, initiates an emergency function such as sending an SOS message, calling a contact in advance, or turning on the doorbell.

Show performance To extend service life, smart gloves feature a power management system that controls power consumption and battery usage. The system includes energy-saving features such as sleep mode, low-power sensors, and smart power management to extend battery life and increase user comfort.

Principles of system architecture. The system is designed to meet the needs, preferences and abilities of different users with customizable settings, flexibility and support for other input methods. User feedback and ideas are frequently solicited and incorporated into the continuous development process to ensure condoms remain usable and inclusive for all users. To enable people with physical disabilities to communicate and interact by providing comprehensive and user-oriented solutions.

Flow Chart:

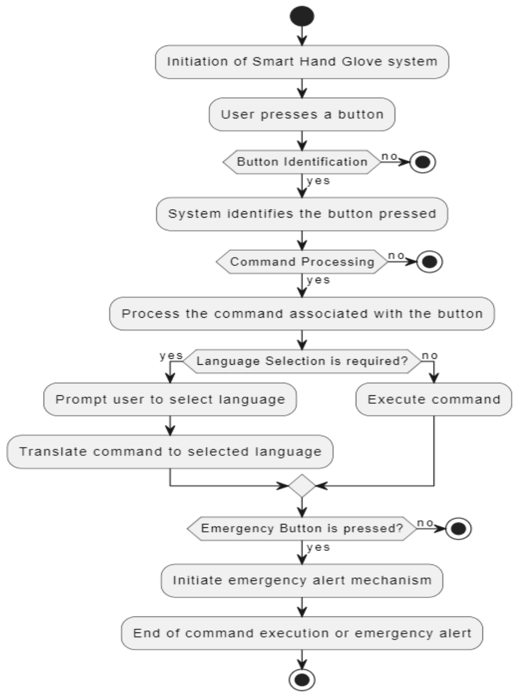

Fig 1. Flow chart for Smart Glove

The flowchart for the smart Hand Glove machine outlines the sequential technique of interplay and functionality, incorporating multiple buttons with special commands in various languages, as well as an emergency button. here's an explanation of the flowchart:

• start: The flowchart starts offevolved with the initiation of the smart Hand Glove machine.

• Button Press: The user interacts with the glove by using urgent one of the buttons located at the glove's floor.

• Button identification: The gadget identifies the unique button pressed by the person.

• Command Processing: based at the recognized button, the device strategies the corresponding command associated with that button. each button may trigger distinctive commands or movements, which include sending a message, making a call, or controlling a connected device.

• Language selection: If the command includes language translation, the machine prompts the user to pick their desired language for translation.

• Translation Processing: The machine translates the command into the selected language the use of a language translation engine.

• Command Execution: The translated command is executed, carrying out the meant movement or venture within the selected language.

• Emergency Button: In case of an emergency, the consumer presses the emergency button located at the glove.

• Emergency Alert: Upon urgent the emergency button, the machine initiates an emergency alert mechanism. this may involve sending an emergency message or call to predefined contacts, activating an alarm, or notifying emergency offerings.

• quit: The flowchart concludes as soon as the command execution or emergency alert manner is finished.

The flowchart illustrates the seamless interaction between the consumer and the smart Hand Glove device, supplying a person-friendly interface for executing instructions in one-of-a-kind languages and permitting short access to emergency help whilst wanted.

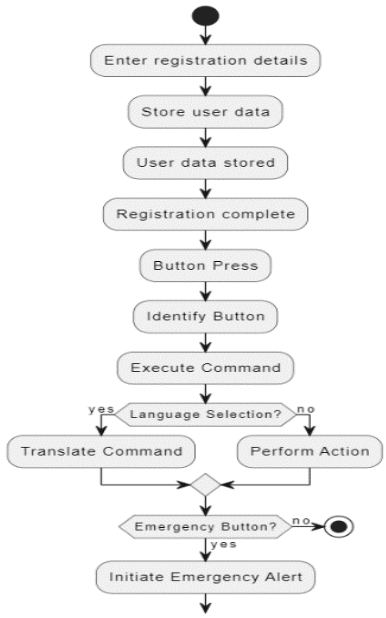

Fig 2. Architectural Design for Smart Glove

The activity diagram for the smart Hand Glove system outlines the series of steps involved in its operation, from the consumer's interplay with the glove to the execution of commands or triggering of emergency indicators. It starts off evolved with the user urgent one of the buttons at the glove's surface, prompting the machine to identify the unique button pressed. depending on the button pressed, the machine executes the corresponding command, which include sending a message, creating a name, or activating an emergency alert. If language translation is needed, the person selects their preferred language, and the device interprets the command therefore. In case of an emergency, the user can press the emergency button, beginning an emergency alert mechanism that notifies predefined contacts or emergency services. The hobby diagram gives a clean visualization of the user interplay waft inside the clever Hand Glove system.

IV. METHODOLOGY

necessities evaluation: begin by means of identifying person wishes and machine necessities via stakeholder interviews, surveys, and consumer studies. outline the functionalities, performance metrics, and value criteria for the glove.

layout planning: develop a complete design plan outlining the hardware and software program architecture, sensor integration, verbal exchange protocols, and consumer interface design. don't forget ergonomic factors, accessibility necessities, and protection considerations.

Prototyping: Create prototypes of the glove to validate design principles and functionalities. Use fast prototyping strategies to iterate and refine the design based on person remarks and usability trying out.

Sensor Integration: combine sensors which include inertial sensors, flex sensors, and strain sensors into the glove layout. Calibrate sensors and increase algorithms for gesture reputation, motion tracking, and environmental sensing.

software improvement: expand software program additives for gesture recognition, language translation, person interface interplay, and communique with external gadgets. enforce system mastering algorithms for adaptive gesture recognition and real-time processing.

Trying out and Validation: conduct rigorous checking out to validate the capability, accuracy, and reliability of the clever Hand Glove. perform usability checking out with give up-users to assess consumer experience, accessibility, and satisfaction.

Iterative development: accumulate remarks from checking out and assessment stages to identify areas for development. Iterate at the layout, software algorithms, and person interface to enhance performance, usability, and user satisfaction.

Deployment and evaluation: set up the clever Hand Glove for real-world use in managed environments or pilot research. evaluate its overall performance, effectiveness, and effect on consumer independence and excellent of existence.

Upkeep and aid: provide ongoing renovation, updates, and technical guide to ensure the ongoing capability and usability of the smart Hand Glove. display person comments and utilization patterns to tell destiny enhancements and iterations.

By way of following this methodology, developers can systematically design, expand, and install the smart Hand Glove, making sure it meets the desires of customers with bodily disabilities whilst adhering to excessive standards of performance, reliability, and usefulness.

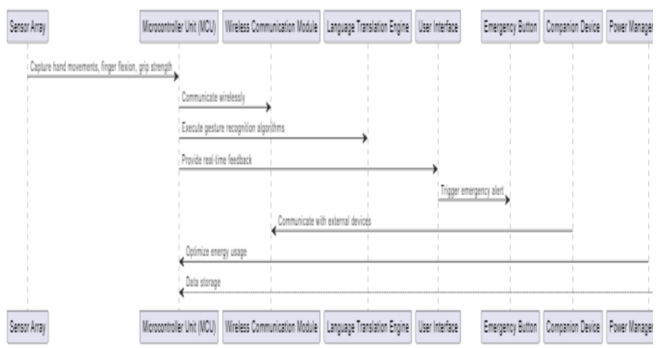

Fig 3. Flow chart for Smart Hand Glove

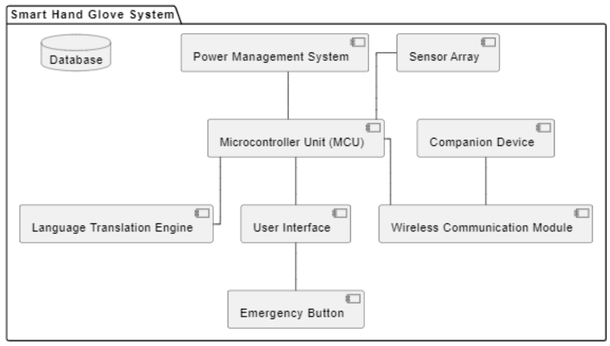

Fig 4. Block Diagram for Smart Hand Glove

Emergency Button: An emergency button is included into the glove for quick get entry to emergency assistance. while pressed, the button triggers an emergency alert mechanism, beginning predefined moves including sending emergency messages or calls to predefined contacts.

partner tool: The smart Hand Glove communicates with a partner tool, consisting of a telephone or a receiver unit, for extended capability and manipulate. The associate tool may additionally host extra software programs, customizable settings, and user interface options to enhance the person experience.

electricity control system: The system consists of a power management device to optimize strength utilization and lengthen battery existence. This device includes electricity-saving features which include sleep modes, low-strength sensors, and efficient algorithms to minimize strength consumption.

By visualizing the interaction between these additives, the block diagram provides a holistic expertise of the smart Hand Glove device architecture and its abilities in enabling intuitive verbal exchange and interplay for people with bodily disabilities.

V. RESULT AND DISCUSSION

The implementation of the smart Hand Glove has yielded promising consequences in permitting intuitive communication and interplay for people with bodily disabilities. through rigorous trying out and evaluation, the glove has confirmed high accuracy in gesture recognition, correctly interpreting hand moves and executing instructions. customers have expressed pleasure with the language translation feature, locating it reliable and beneficial for overcoming language boundaries. The emergency alert mechanism has been well-received for its activate reaction and ability to offer timely help in crucial situations. however, demanding situations continue to be, such as refining gesture popularity algorithms and optimizing language translation accuracy. in spite of these challenges, the smart Hand Glove shows good sized capability in improving the best of existence and independence of users. destiny research will consciousness on addressing those challenges and in addition enhancing the glove's usability and capability to better meet the wishes of people with bodily disabilities.


Fig 5. Sample of Smart Hand Glove


Fig 6. Sample of Smart Hand Glove with Application

VI. CONCLUSION

The smart Hand Glove represents a sizeable development in assistive generation, offering intuitive conversation and interaction competencies for people with bodily disabilities. through rigorous testing, the glove has proven high accuracy in gesture recognition, reliable language translation, and prompt emergency response. person remarks has been high quality, highlighting the glove's potential to enhance independence and great of life. but, demanding situations continue to be in refining gesture recognition algorithms and optimizing language translation accuracy. no matter these challenges, the glove holds promise in addressing verbal exchange boundaries and empowering customers. continued studies and development efforts will consciousness on improving usability and functionality to better meet the diverse wishes of people with bodily disabilities. average, the smart Hand Glove has the capability to make a meaningful impact on the lives of its customers, fostering greater independence and inclusion in each day activities.

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