JETIR.ORG ISSN: 2349-5162 | ESTD Year : 2014 | Monthly Issue JOURNAL OF EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES AND INNOVATIVE RESEARCH (JETIR)

An International Scholarly Open Access, Peer-reviewed, Refereed Journal

THEFT ALERTING OPERATIONAL SECURITY ROBOT

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Abstract : As technology becomes more advanced, security protocols need to adapt to properly tackle new threats. In order to prevent and detect theft, a smart security robot is implemented in this study, which presents a unique solution. With the help of artificial intelligence and sophisticated robotics, the suggested system produces a proactive and watchful surveillance system. The robot, which is outfitted with a range of sensors such as environmental monitors, motion detectors, and cameras, keeps a close eye on certain regions to flag any unusual activity. The technology instantly notifies security staff or the appropriate authorities through a number of communication channels when it detects possible theft or unlawful entry. Additionally, by utilizing machine learning techniques, the robot continuously improves its surveillance skills by learning and adapting to its environment on its own. Incorporating such an advanced security solution improves theft deterrence and offers insightful information for improving security strategy. By this work, we show how robotics and artificial intelligence (AI) may be used to strengthen security protocols and make communities, enterprises, and organizations safer overall.

Index Terms - Threats, robotics , surveillance, machine learning , artificial intelligence

I. INTRODUCTION

In today's technologically advanced and fast-paced world, security issues remain a top priority for individuals, businesses, and organizations. There is a growing need for creative and preventive security solutions due to the constant threat of theft and unauthorized access. While somewhat effective, traditional security methods frequently fail to provide real-time threat detection and response.

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With an emphasis on its importance, capabilities, and possible influence on security measures, this article attempts to present and investigate the idea of an automation theft alarm system. This system represents a paradigm shift in the way we address security concerns by merging cutting-edge technology like robots, artificial intelligence, and sensor networks.

This study aims to explore the essential elements, features, and advantages of an automation theft alert system, offering perspectives on its setup, functioning, and efficiency. We will also go into the ramifications of implementing such a system in different settings, like public areas, office buildings, and warehouses in addition to retail outlets.

Organizations may increase resource allocation and operational efficiency while also strengthening their security posture by adopting automation and AI-driven theft alerting technologies. The functionality, features, and deployment considerations of an automation theft alarm system will be explained in detail in the upcoming sections, which will also show how valuable these systems are for protecting valuables and providing comfort in an ever-complex security environment.

II. EXISTED SYSTEM

Burglar alarm system operates by detecting unauthorized entry or suspicious activity within a protected area and triggering an alarm to alert occupants or authorities..

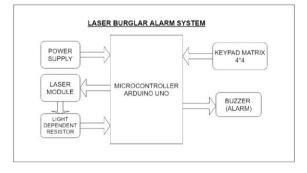


Fig : Block diagram of Laser Burglar Alarm System

III. WORKING OF LASER BURGLAR ALARM SYSTEM

Typically, the system contains of sensors that are connected to a central control panel and positioned at entrance points like windows and doors. A sensor delivers a signal to the control panel, which triggers the alarm, when it detects motion, vibration, or a breach in the entrance point.

A sophisticated security solution that employs a concentrated laser beam to identify unwanted incursions is a laser burglar alarm system. A laser emitter, a photo detector, a control circuit, an alarm system, and a power supply are the system's main parts. A focused laser beam is produced by the laser emitter and aimed at the photo detector; this laser beam is usually produced by a laser diode or laser pointer. The laser beam is received by the photo detector, which can be a photodiode or photo resistor, creating a "laser tripwire."

Certain systems include extra features for improved security in addition to this fundamental functionality. By tailoring the system to their own requirements, users may reduce false alarms thanks to adjustable sensitivity. A thorough detection grid can be created by more intricate setups using several laser beams, enhancing security. Smart home technology is frequently integrated with modern systems, allowing for mobile device-based remote monitoring and control. Additionally, some systems can detect efforts to turn off the laser or photo detector through tamper-detection features.

IV. PROPOSED BLOCK DIAGRAM

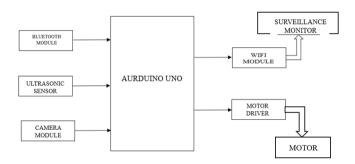


Fig : Proposed block diagram

- The robot comprises two main components: a sensor for navigation and a camera module for detecting movement and identifying objects.
- The sensor facilitates the robot's navigation, and with the help of the motor driver it ensures smooth movement within its environment.
- The camera module plays a crucial role in detecting movement, identifying obstacles upon detection using the customized microcontrollers and the built in library
- When movement is detected by the camera module, the obstacle is identified as a response mechanism and the action can be seen in the alerting device or the surveillance screen.
- The robot's mobility is enabled through motor drivers, allowing it to move autonomously.

V. METHODOLOGY

The methodology for developing a theft detecting robot involves several steps, including design, implementation, testing, and deployment. Here's a general outline of the methodology.

- Requirement Analysis: Understand the specific requirements and constraints of the environment where the theft detecting robot will operate. Identify the key features and functionalities needed for effective theft detection.
- Conceptual Design: Develop a conceptual design of the theft detecting robot, considering factors such as size, mobility, sensor placement, and communication capabilities .Define the overall architecture and components required for the robot.
- Sensor Integration: Select and integrate appropriate sensors for detecting suspicious activities, such as cameras, motion sensors, proximity sensors, and infrared sensors. Ensure compatibility and optimal placement of sensors for maximum coverage.
- Navigation and Mapping: Implement navigation algorithms and mapping techniques to enable the robot to autonomously navigate through the environment. Use techniques such as SLAM (Simultaneous Localization and Mapping) to build a map of the surroundings and localize the robot within it.

- Behavioural Analysis: Develop algorithms for analysing and interpreting sensor data to detect suspicious behaviour, such as unauthorized entry, loitering, or tampering with objects. Implement machine learning or pattern recognition techniques to improve the accuracy of detection.
- Alarm and Alert System: Integrate an alarm and alert system to notify security personnel or trigger deterrent measures in response to detected theft attempts. Design the system to provide timely and actionable alerts, either locally on the robot or remotely via a centralized monitoring system.
- Deterrent Mechanisms: Implement deterrent mechanisms such as flashing lights, audible alarms, or verbal warnings to deter potential thieves and prevent theft incidents. Ensure that these mechanisms are triggered appropriately based on the severity of the detected threat.
- Testing and Validation: Conduct comprehensive testing of the theft detecting robot in simulated and real-world environments to evaluate its performance and reliability. Validate the accuracy of theft detection algorithms and the effectiveness of deterrent measures
- Deployment and Maintenance: Deploy the theft detecting robot in the target environment and provide training to security personnel on its operation and maintenance. Establish procedures for regular maintenance, software updates, and troubleshooting to ensure continuous functionality.
- By following this methodology, developers can create a robust and effective theft detecting robot capable of enhancing security measures and deterring theft in various settings.

VI. RESULTS

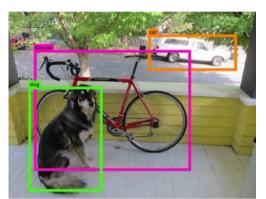


Fig : Detection Of Objects

Operational security robots with anti-theft applications are becoming more and more popular in a variety of environments, such aspublic areas, warehouses, and business buildings. These robots monitor security, identify and stop theft, and notify authorities of possible dangers using cutting-edge technologies

operational security robots are becoming an essential part of modern security systems, offering flexibility, efficiency, and enhanced safety in various applications.

VII. APPLICATIONS

Commercial Establishments: To monitor and secure their premises, shopping malls, retail outlets, and huge commercial complexes deploy anti-theft robots.

Warehouses and Industrial Facilities: These robots are perfect for guarding valuable goods, spotting illegal entry, and patrolling expansive industrial areas.

Public Spaces: To improve safety and discourage criminal activity, operational security robots are stationed in parks, parking lots, and other public locations.

Robots for Data Centers and High-Security Facilities: By keeping an eye out for any unwanted access or tampering, these robots can help secure data centers and facilities housing sensitive data.

Banks and ATMs: To stop tampering and maintain general security, security robots can keep an eye on ATM installations and bank properties.

VIII. CONCLUSION

To sum up, the operational theft alerting robot is a key innovation in contemporary security systems that provides a proactive means of protecting assets and reducing security threats.

The robot reduces the possibility of theft or illegal entry by providing continuous monitoring and prompt response to possible threats through the combination of modern sensors, artificial intelligence, and autonomous capabilities. There are a number of benefits to implementing such a system. By providing 24-hour surveillance and real-time notifications,

it improves security and strengthens the general security posture of communities, enterprises, and organizations. Furthermore, the system's versatility and scalability enable implementation in a range of scenarios, meeting a variety of security requirements. Furthermore, the operational theft alerting robot reduces reliance on human intervention, operating autonomously to detect and respond.

IX. ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The satisfaction and euphoria that accompanies the successful completion of any task would be incomplete without acknowledging those who made it possible.

We express our deepest thanks to our guide, **Prof.Ramya C N**, **Assistant Professor**, **Dept. of E&CE**, **AIT**, **Bengaluru**, and all the faculties of the dept. for their guidance and giving necessary advice to prepare this report.

We would like to thank our family and friends for their valuable suggestions and encouragement in all means during the course of the project.

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